

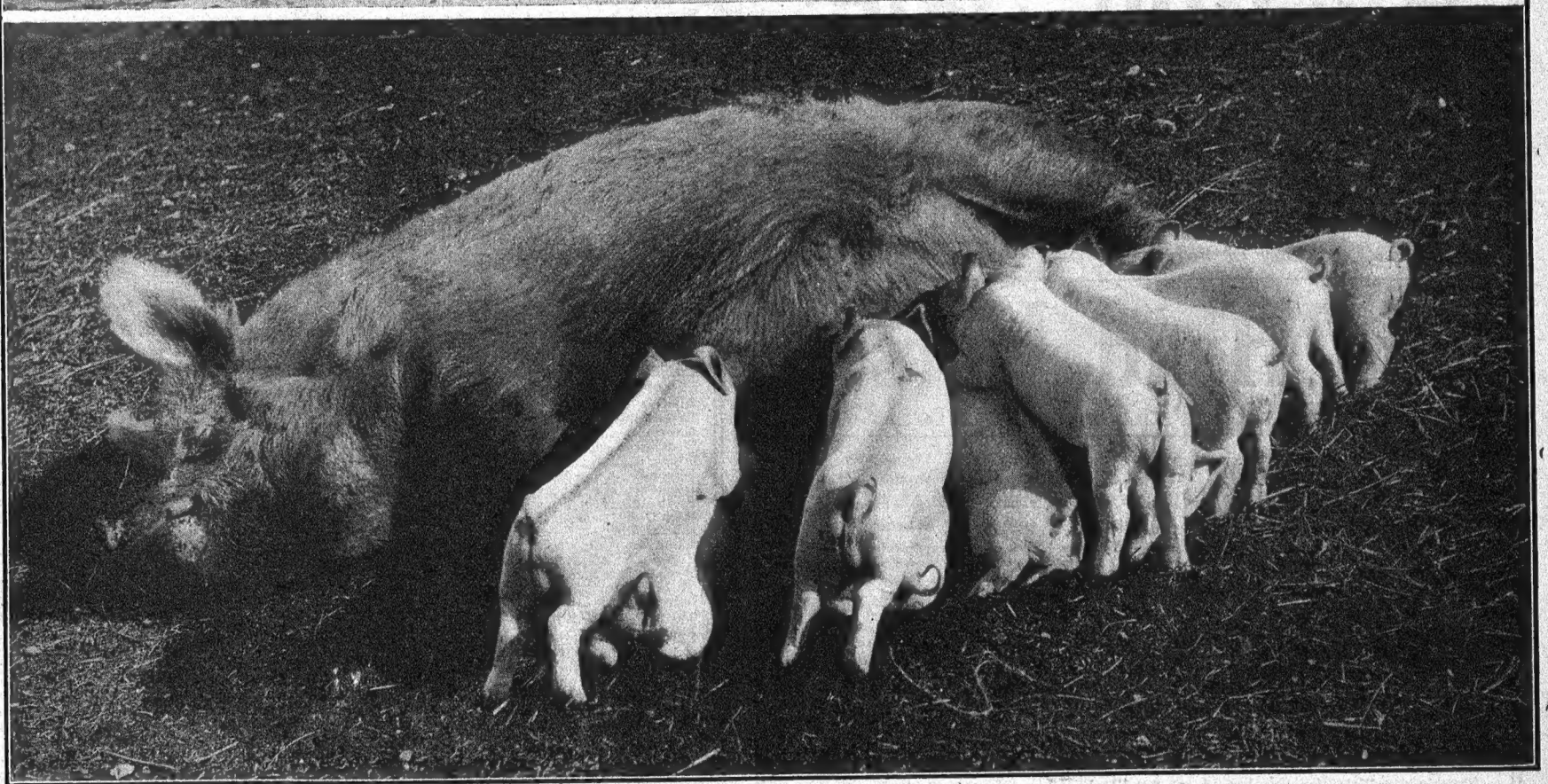
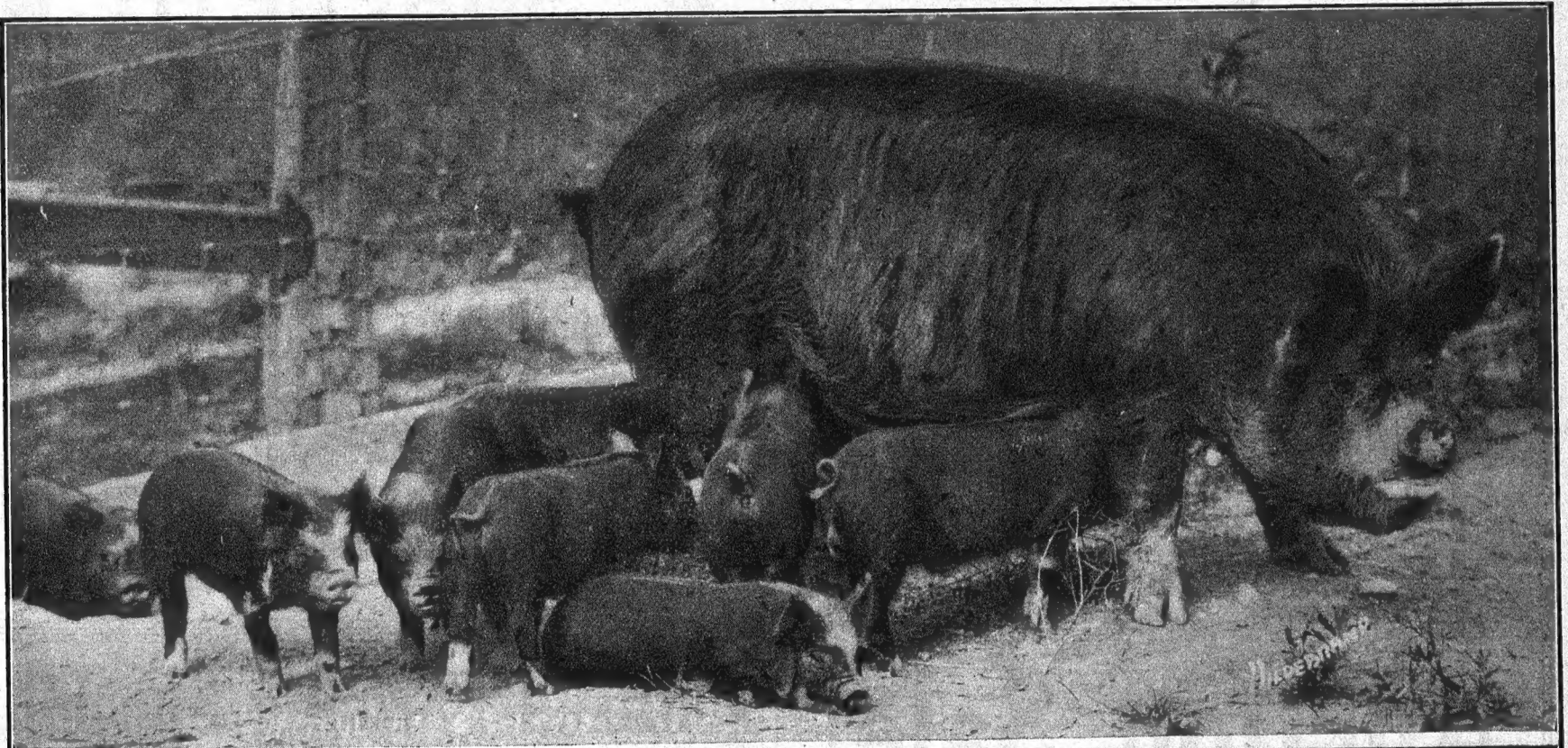
THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

Organization · Education · Co-operation

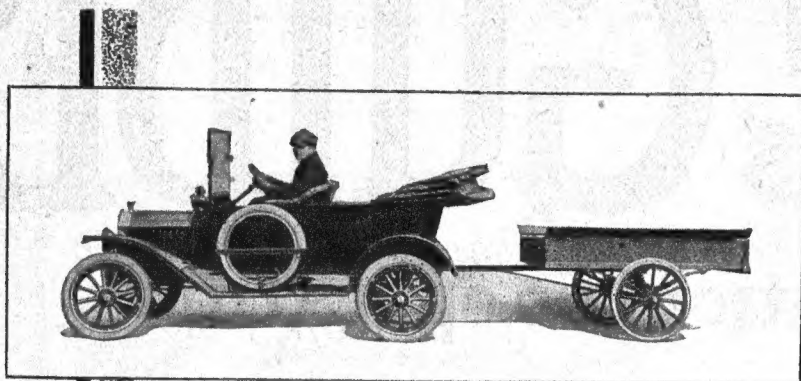
Winnipeg Man.

June 21, 1916

DEPT. AGRICULTURE
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Go to Market in $\frac{1}{4}$ the Time

Think of the pitiful waste of time spent in going to market and back—if it is a ten mile drive it takes you probably two hours each way. And you could do it in half an hour or less if you had a FOX Trailer for your car.

The Auto Trailer has proved so successful in the United States that thousands of them have been sold in the last few months. This splendid utility—the FOX Trailer—can be attached to any make of car. It causes no injury to the car—no inconvenience to drive. Built like an automobile with steel chassis, steel axle, ball bearing wheels interchangeable with Ford wheels, solid Dunlop tires guaranteed for 10,000 miles. Size of body 6 feet by 4 feet. Write for descriptive catalogue.



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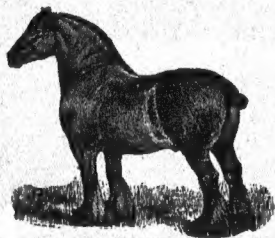
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Windsor, Ont.

Auction Sale!

At Alberta Stock Yards
Calgary

Wednesday, July 5, 1916

At 12 o'clock
(Last Day of Fair)



500 Head Horses

400 HEAD WILL BE SOLD IN CAR LOAD LOTS

These Horses comprise:—

- 175 Head of TWO-YEAR OLDS, 75 per cent. Mares
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These horses are all by imported registered stallions—Clydes, Shires, Percherons and Suffolk Punches. Dams weigh 1200 to 1500, are an extra choice lot and will be sold absolutely without reserve.

This will be a great opportunity for farmers to get young horses at low prices. Farmers, get together and buy a carload lot at the right price.

NOTE—Extract from "Farm and Ranch Review." Dr. Rutherford's speech at Horse Breeders' Association, Calgary, recognized as the best authority in Canada, said: "When the war is over I expect the Horse Market to take on an entirely new aspect. Britain, France, Belgium and Italy will be coming here for all kinds of horses, not only for general purposes, but also for animals to replace the studs that have been almost decimated by the war."

The "Morning Albertan" of May 22nd states that 20,000 horses will be needed very shortly by the British Government.

Buyers from Outside Points must have Bank Reference

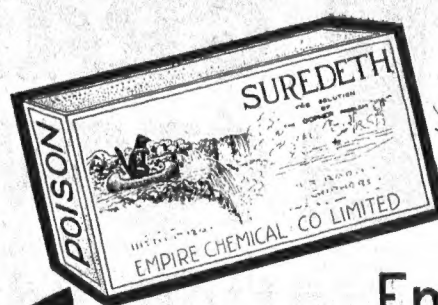
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ABSOLUTELY NO RESERVE

Shipping facilities for purchasers can readily be arranged over all three railways.

A. LAYZELL, Auctioneer
Phone M2260 CALGARY

Auction sales of 200 head held by A. Layzell every Tuesday and Friday at 2 o'clock.



Endorsed
by every farmer who
has used it —

A Farmer will not endorse anything that he has not used and tried out thoroughly. When he does endorse anything you are sure it is right

"SUREDETH"

has been tried out and endorsed, as the following will testify:—

Lloydminster, Alberta, February 8th, 1916.

The Empire Chemical Co. Limited, Saskatoon.

Dear Sirs: Having used all the gopher poisons on the market with unsatisfactory results, I tried "Suredeh" and consider it has them all beaten. After using it for two weeks there was not a living gopher in sight where I put it out, where they had been swarming previously. The experiment was so satisfactory that I intend continuing to use it.

You have my permission to use this letter in whatever way you see fit, to let the farmers know the value of "Suredeh" as a gopher exterminator.

Yours truly, HENRY ETHERIDGE.

This is an unsolicited testimonial, and, what is more important to YOU, the package tried out was SOLD and PAID FOR.

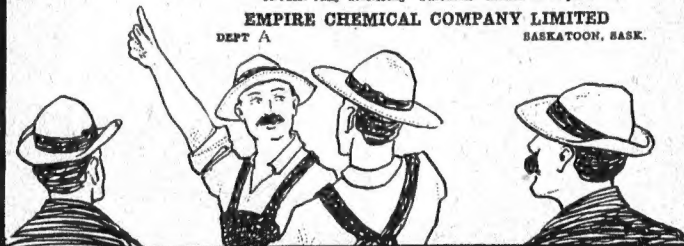
"SUREDETH" solves the gopher problem, as it is positively guaranteed.

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EMPIRE CHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED

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Mixed Farming Special

Conducted by Alberta Department of Agriculture and assisted by Dominion Department of Agriculture, Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Canadian Northern Railway Company and Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company.

Special lectures and demonstrations on all phases of farm work.

Subjects—Livestock, Field Husbandry, Poultry, Dairying, Game Protection. Special Exhibits from Demonstration Farms and Schools of Agriculture. Household Science and Home Making. Train will stop for half a day at each of the following places:—

CROW'S NEST LINE, C.P.R.		GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY	
Cowley	Friday, June 23	Chauvin	Thursday, July 13
Pincher	Friday, June 23	Edgerton	Friday, July 14
Lethbridge	Saturday, June 24	Wainwright	Friday, July 14
Macleod	Saturday, June 24	Irma	Saturday, July 15
MACLEOD-CALGARY LINE, C.P.R.		Viking	Saturday, July 15
Granum	Monday, June 26	Bruce	Monday, July 17
Clareholm	Monday, June 26	Holden	Monday, July 17
Stavely	Tuesday, June 27	Tofield	Tuesday, July 18
Parkland	Tuesday, June 27	Clover Bar	Tuesday, July 18
Nanton	Wednesday, June 28	Edmonton	Tuesday Evening
Cayley	Wednesday, June 28	CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY	
High River	Thursday, June 29	Fort Saskatchewan	Wednesday, July 19
Aldersyde	Thursday, June 29	Bruderheim	Wednesday, July 19
Okotoks	Friday, June 30	Lamont	Thursday, July 20
DeWinton	Friday, June 30	Chipman	Thursday, July 20
Calgary	Saturday, July 1 (All Day)	Mundare	Friday, July 21
CALGARY-EDMONTON LINE, C.P.R.		Vegreville	Friday, July 21
Airdrie	Monday, July 3	Lavoy	Saturday, July 22
Crossfield	Monday, July 3	Ranfurly	Saturday, July 22
Carstairs	Tuesday, July 4	Innisfree	Monday, July 24
Didsbury	Tuesday, July 4	Minburn	Monday, July 24
Olds	Wednesday, July 5	Manville	Tuesday, July 25
Bowden	Wednesday, July 5	Vermilion	Tuesday, July 25
Innisfail	Thursday, July 6	Islay	Wednesday, July 26
Penhold	Thursday, July 6	Kitscoty	Wednesday, July 26
Red Deer	Friday, July 7	Lloydminster	Thursday, July 27
Blackfalds	Friday, July 7		
Lacombe	Saturday, July 8		
Ponoka	Saturday, July 8		
Wetaskiwin	Monday, July 10		
Millet	Monday, July 10		
Leduc	Tuesday, July 11		
Edmonton	Wednesday, July 12 (All Day)		

This Special Train will consist of fourteen cars, including two cars of Pure Bred Horses and Cattle to be used for judging and demonstration purposes; other cars will contain Exhibits upon which demonstrations and lectures will be given on different phases of Agricultural Work and Domestic Science.

Amongst other things these Exhibits will include Models of Farm Buildings suitable for dairy cattle, hogs, sheep and poultry, also Veterinary Exhibits. There will also be Exhibits of Game, Grains, Grasses, Weeds, Samples of Students' Work at the Agricultural Schools, Dairy Products and Farm Dairy Equipment.

FARM WOMEN'S SECTION

There will be one car containing Exhibits from the Household Science Departments of the Schools of Agriculture and another under the direction of the Women's Institute Department, where demonstrations will be given in cooking and in the canning of fruits, vegetables, meats and soups. A special nursery car will be provided for the children so that the mothers may be free to attend the lectures and demonstrations.

DUNCAN MARSHALL
Minister of Agriculture.
ALEX. GALBRAITH
Superintendent of Fairs and Institutes
R. CREELMAN
General Passenger Agent
Canadian Northern Railway Company

J. DOUGALL
General Agricultural Agent
Canadian Pacific Railway Company

A. A. TISDALE
Asst. to Vice-President
Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company

A PINK NOTICE

A pink notice attached to this page shows that your renewal is due. We hope you have enjoyed The Guide and that you will send us \$1.50 for your renewal at once, using the blank coupon and the addressed envelope which will also be enclosed. We always give several weeks' notice so that subscribers will have plenty of time to forward their renewals and not miss any copies of The Guide. We cannot supply back copies of The Guide, so we hope you will not delay in sending your renewal. When requesting a change of address, please give us three weeks' notice. If the date of the address label on your Guide is not changed within a month after you send your renewal, please notify us at once. It is always safer to send your money by postal or express money orders. Mail your \$1.50 today.

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

"Equal Rights to All and Special Privileges to None"
A Weekly Journal for Progressive Farmers

Published under the auspices and employed as the Official Organ of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association and the United Farmers of Alberta.



The Guide is the only paper in Canada that is absolutely owned and controlled by the organized farmers—entirely independent, and not one dollar of political, capitalistic or special interest money is invested in it.

GEORGE F. CHIPMAN, Editor and Manager
Associate Editors: Ernest J. Trott and E. A. Weir
Home Editor: Francis Marion Beynon

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June 21

No. 25

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND ADVERTISING

Published every Wednesday. Subscriptions in the British Empire \$1.50 per year. Foreign subscriptions \$2.00 per year. Single copies 5 cents.

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Commercial Display—18 cents per agate line.
Livestock Display—14 cents per agate line.
Classified—4 cents per word per issue.

No discount for time or space on any class of advertising. All changes of copy and new matter must reach us seven days in advance of date of publication to ensure insertion. Reading matter advertisements are marked "Advertisement." No advertisement for patent medicines, liquor, mining stock, or extravagantly worded real estate will be accepted. We believe, thru careful enquiry, that every advertisement in The Guide is signed by trustworthy persons. We will take it as a favor if any of our readers will advise us promptly should they have reason to doubt the reliability of any person or firm who advertises in The Guide.

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is the greatest boon the average man can leave to his widow. As a rule such provision best continues the household custom.

THE MONTHLY INCOME POLICY of The Great-West Life is issued on the attractive terms characterizing all the Great-West plans.

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THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Head Office - WINNIPEG

Farm Buildings Book Appreciated

Over 1500 copies of The Guide's Farm Buildings book have been mailed free to those of our readers who have requested it and forwarded us a coupon similar to the one which is given below. The reception of the book in the farm homes of Western Canada has been very gratifying to the publishers; it appears to fill a distinct need. The following is a sample of the many letters of appreciation we have received:—

Vanguard, May 25, 1916
The Grain Growers' Guide.
Dear Sirs:—I think this book will be a great benefit to me, and for that matter, to most Western farmers, as all have got to build in the near future to a great extent.
E. B. WALKER.

A limited number of the books remain. If you have not received your copy clip out the coupon printed below and mail to The Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, when you will receive the book postpaid by return mail. It is possible that a few books have gone astray in the mails. If you have sent in a coupon and have not already received the book, please notify us. The Guide's book, "FARM BUILDINGS," is designed to give definite, practical and clear information on such building problems as the Western Canadian farmer is up against. In this it differs from most works on building construction which are either too indefinite or so technical that the average man cannot follow them.

The house plan section of the book shows complete floor plans for each house drawn to scale and with measurements shown. Accompanying each plan is a full architect's description giving dimensions, general utility of layout, description of materials to be used and cost estimates. The barn plans follow along the same lines.

Cut here and mail today

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Winnipeg, Man.
Please send me your free book, "Farm Buildings."
Name
Post Office
Prov.
Be sure to write your name and address very plainly

YOU can save real dollars every day you use the tractor, by burning kerosene as a fuel in the place of gasoline.

If kerosene has not given you perfect success in the past, write to your tractor manufacturer for suggestions---and be sure you get the clean-burning, powerful, uniform SILVER STAR KEROSENE or ROYALITE COAL OIL, the standard tractor fuels of many years. Our tank stations, located throughout the West, will supply them and save you money.

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BRANCHES THROUGHOUT CANADA

FITTED PLOW SHARES

At Lowest Prices

12 inch	\$2.10
13 and 14 inch	\$2.35
15 and 16 inch	\$2.60
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These prices are F.O.B. Regina. You can save freight by ordering your shares from Regina at the above prices, which will equal any prices on shares. We carry a large stock of Shares for EVERY make of plow and can make PROMPT SHIPMENT. Order at once. Write for catalogue showing our full line of goods.

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June 29 to July 5, 1916

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Your Duty to the Empire Now, Mr. Farmer, is Food Production!

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The answer to this question is—Replace manual labor by efficient farm machinery.

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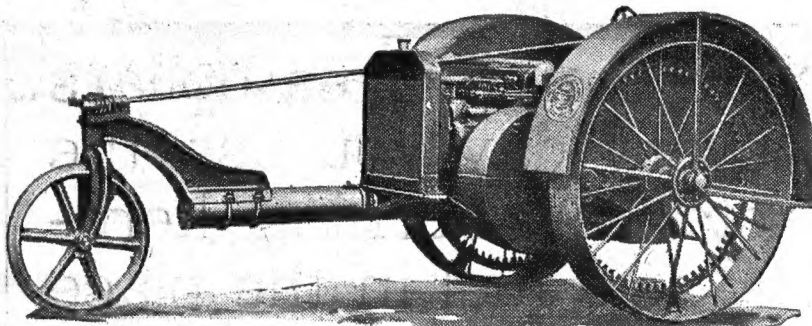
Is recognized as being the leader in small tractors for Efficiency—Durability—Power—Economy—Simplicity.

THE MASTER FARM

POWER

88% of its Weight on
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Wheels

DOES THE WORK OF 8 HORSES



TWO DRIVE

WHEELS

33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % Less complicated
than the Average
Tractor

DOES THE WORK OF 8 HORSES

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Weight—only 3,200 pounds. Its efficiency is unlimited. It is a one-man tractor. Plowing Speed—2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles per hour. Has a powerful horizontal 2-cylinder opposed motor. Does the work of 8 horses. Will do your plowing, handle your grain drills, discs, hay binders, diggers, and, in fact, anything horses pull. Guaranteed for two 14-inch plows, but has ample reserve power to handle three 14-inch plows under ordinary cultivation. You can saw your wood, chop your feed; in fact, do ALL your sundry chores 24 hours a day if necessary. Lastly, and what is considerably more important to you, it ensures bigger crop areas—increased yields—lower costs—less labor.

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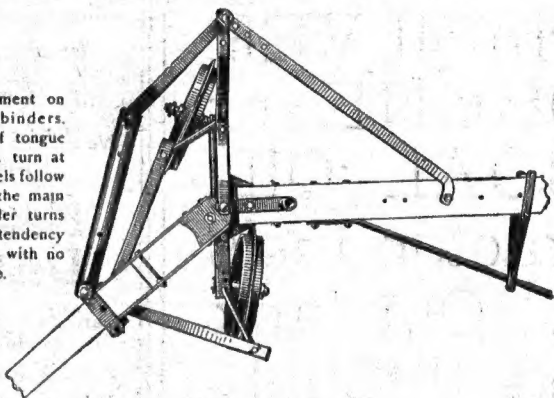
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(Canadian Representatives)

Department A., WINNIPEG, Man.

Auto tongue truck equipment on Deering and McCormick binders. Illustration shows position of tongue truck wheels when making a turn at end of swath. Note that wheels follow a natural circular track with the main wheel as a pivot. The binder turns squarely and easily with no tendency of wheels to drag or lift and, with no twisting strain on binder pole.



Binder Details That Count

A BINDER will work with a main wheel 8 inches wide, but a 10-inch wheel gives the machine a better motion and makes it pull easier, therefore that extra 2 inches on the face is important. Deering and McCormick binders have main wheels 10 inches wide.

An inch or so added to the depth of a main wheel lug is a small thing unless it gives the machine needed tractive power; then it is a big thing. Compare the depth of lugs on our main wheels and on others.

Deering and McCormick auto tongue truck wheels have removable bushings equipped with hard oil cups, which save throwing away the whole wheel when the bearing is worn.

The canvases are loosened and tightened by the simple throwing of three levers, and are kept running true by an equalizer bar. This adds to the life of the canvases.

Buy Deering and McCormick binders—you can't do better. Your local agent will give you good service on the machines on sale. If you would like to have printed descriptions, write the nearest branch house.

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All business success depends largely upon shrewd guessing as to what the future has in store.

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There's no gamble about an Imperial Policy. It's as safe as the Bank of England.

We would like to send you a copy of our interesting booklet "Penniless Old Man." It's worth reading. Write for it to-day.

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The Brain Growers' Guide

Winnipeg, Wednesday, June 21st, 1916

DIRECT LEGISLATION IN MANITOBA

Attention was called to the fact in these columns a few weeks ago that the Direct Legislation Act, passed at the recent session of the Manitoba legislature, had not been put into force. At the last moment it was decided to put the Act into force on proclamation, or in other words, at the will of the government. Recently the executive committee of the Direct Legislation League waited upon the government and requested that the Act be proclaimed. The Attorney General and other members of the government discussed the matter with the executive committee and pointed out that it was very desirable that the Act should be quite constitutional and effective once it came into force, and the Attorney General sent the following written reply to the league:—

"Referring to your enquiry as to when the government proposes to proclaim the Direct Legislation bill passed at the last session of the legislature, I wish to say that grave doubts as to the validity of certain sections of this Act have been expressed by a number of prominent lawyers who have given the matter some consideration, and the minister of justice also suggested similar objections in connection with the Saskatchewan Act passed a few years ago. In view of this, and of the fact that the legislation is probably the most important that has ever been passed by the legislature in Manitoba, we think it is our duty to have these doubts effectually resolved before the Act is brought into force. This can only be done by a reference to the courts. This will supply the additional advantage of having the whole Act thoroughly and carefully discussed and considered by a competent tribunal. For these reasons we propose to refer the matter to the courts and will be glad to appoint as counsel for those supporting the Act such person or persons as your league may nominate. As the government is pledged to the principle of Direct Legislation it will proceed in general conformity with the Act until the questions referred to are ultimately disposed of."

It is understood that the government will have the bill brought before the local courts and from there referred possibly directly to the Privy Council in England, where the judges will be asked to consider it carefully and to point out whether it is unconstitutional in any respect and to specify the constitutional defects. If any constitutional defects are discovered it is then the intention of the Manitoba government to have the Act properly amended at the next session of the legislature and to bring it into effect immediately. It will be noted in the Attorney General's reply that the government will proceed in general conformity with the principles of the Act until the questions referred to are ultimately disposed of. This means we understand that where bona fide petitions are presented the government will give them the consideration they deserve instead of dumping them in the waste paper basket as has been the policy in the past. It is certainly very desirable by all those interested in democracy that the Direct Legislation Act should be constitutional in every respect, and as it is altogether unlikely that the act would be used before the next session of the legislature, there will be very little opposition to the course which the government proposes to take. And if the Privy Council decision can be secured in time to have the amendments made at the next session, Manitoba will be the first province in Canada to have a real bona fide Direct Legislation Act upon its statute books.

HUDSON'S BAY PRIVILEGES

The Hudson's Bay Company is challenging the right of the Manitoba government, under the recent Temperance Act, to prevent the Company from selling liquor. The Company maintains that its charter contains special provisions over which the Manitoba legislature has no authority. The action of the Hudson's

Bay Company produces a most extraordinary situation and if the Company is upheld by the courts it will give them a monopoly of the liquor traffic of Manitoba despite the fact that the people by popular vote have decided to abolish the traffic. The fact that the Company in past years has regularly taken out a license to carry on its liquor business is claimed by some to be a waiver of its charter rights. This no doubt will be a subject for legal argument. At any rate the people of Manitoba have decided that the liquor traffic must be wiped out and regardless of the charter rights of the Company they will find that it will not be a paying proposition to force the liquor traffic upon the province against the wishes of the people.

The Hudson's Bay Company is also contesting the authority of the Saskatchewan legislature to impose the surtax upon their vacant land. The Company has a large amount of vacant land in Saskatchewan which the surtax of \$10 per quarter-section would be applied to. The Company's solicitor has informed the Saskatchewan government that this tax is in contravention to the Imperial Order-in-Council issued June 23, 1870, which provides that "no exceptional tax is to be placed upon the Company's land." The Saskatchewan government has already initiated legal proceedings and will no doubt have the decision of the highest Courts as to whether or not the Company's land is to be taxed the same as other vacant land in the province.

These two contests between the Manitoba and Saskatchewan governments and the Hudson's Bay Company are an object lesson to the people of the present generation showing the danger of one generation making blanket contracts which may be binding upon people who will inhabit this country for years to come. The Canadian Pacific Railway succeeded in getting a decision from the Imperial Privy Council years ago to the effect that its huge land grant was to be exempt from taxation for nearly twenty years beyond the time which the parliament of Canada had intended the exemption to continue. The vacant land in this Western country is one of the heaviest burdens upon the people and if they are not to be permitted to exercise the taxing power the burden will continue to increase.

CHINA IN THE MELTING POT

At any other time than the present, when the western world is engaged in a gigantic war, the death in Pekin on June 6 of Yuan Shi Kai, president of China, would have given rise to much speculation and comment. For years it was suggested that the four hundred millions of people in China formed a tremendously strong potential menace to the inhabitants of the western hemisphere. The advent of the European war served so completely to deflect public attention from this problem that the many recent important happenings in China have received little or no comment. Yuan Shi Kai made a fatal blunder when after three years as president he announced his intention of re-establishing a monarchy and of himself ascending the throne as the founder of a new dynasty. Opposition to this change developed very rapidly in southern China and after postponing the coronation celebrations indefinitely Yuan decided to abandon his plan altogether. To the observant there is an interesting parallel between existing conditions in China and those which led up to and were directly responsible for the present war in Europe. China has long been a favorite land for exploitation by financial groups backed by international support. No sooner had a Chinese republic been declared in 1912 than the international exploiting interests,

the armament trusts, land monopoly seekers and others of like persuasion, prepared to overthrow it. The leadership of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the visionary, the man with democratic ideas, was not acceptable to these predatory interests and, by stirring up antagonism to the change of government, they proceeded to wreck the republic. Dr. Sun Yat Sen, in the hope of saving what little progress towards democracy China had made, resigned in favor of Yuan Shi Kai. Yuan had not the scruples of the former president and agreed to fall in with the proposals of the powers interested. With this support he ruled very much as he pleased and, ever ambitious, made the attempt to have himself proclaimed emperor which undoubtedly led to his downfall. China is once more free to work out her own salvation along democratic lines. It is a matter of world wide importance that she be allowed to do so unmolested by any insidious interference of international financial groups.

MORTGAGE COMPANIES' ABUSES

Several cases have come to our attention recently where mortgage companies have taken advantage of farmers in the placing of insurance on buildings under the mortgage. In one particular case recently the farmer had his buildings insured in a well known and reliable local company. The mortgage company, as is usual in most cases, had a clause in their mortgage stating that all insurance must be placed with companies approved by them. They accepted the insurance in force when the mortgage was given and when the policy expired the farmer renewed it in the same company and considered everything was satisfactory. He was notified, however, by the mortgage company that he must place his insurance in another company and was compelled to submit to the expense and inconvenience entailed. The only apparent reason which the mortgage company had for changing the insurance company was that they got a commission on the premium paid on the insurance placed in the company approved by them. This is a practice adopted by many mortgage companies and it does not seem to be a fair one. All that the mortgage company requires is sufficient insurance to see that they are amply protected and the farmer should be permitted to place his insurance with any reliable company. The mortgage company is supposed to be doing a mortgage business and is not entitled to any rake-off on the insurance business at the expense of the farmer. In this particular case in question the premium which the farmer was forced to pay on the new policy was very much larger than the premium he was paying on his old policy and his protection will be no better, but of course the mortgage company will get the rake-off on the premium. We understand that there is liable to be some provincial legislation on this matter and it seems high time that farmers were protected in this respect.

HYBRID TICKET ABUSED

A case has just come to our attention where all the evidence indicates that one of the line elevator companies has used the famous "hybrid" ticket to take advantage of a farmer. The facts placed before us show that a farmer hauled in 1,800 bushels of oats to the local elevator and received a ticket marked "subject to inspector's grade and dockage." The elevator man took no samples as the grain was delivered, but docked each ticket. Several months later the farmer received notice from the elevator company that his car had been shipped to the terminals and in passing Winnipeg had been graded 3 C.W. The farmer complained to the elevator company and asked

for a final grading, which he states he did not get, and the car was unloaded at Fort William without any change in the grade. He complained to the elevator man and was informed that his oats had been special binned and that they had been shipped in a special car and he showed the farmer a bill made out by the elevator company showing the exact amount of oats which he had hauled in. The farmer, however, was shrewd enough to write to the chief inspector at Winnipeg and received a duplicate certificate for the car showing that there was 2,300 bushels of oats in the car and that it had graded 3 C.W. The farmer is now demanding that the elevator company pay him the difference between 3 C.W. and 2 C.W. According to the facts given us by the farmer the elevator company has taken a very unfair advantage and has also violated the regulations of the Board of Grain Commissioners. The regulations of the board provide that every elevator company using this "hybrid" ticket must take a sample from each wagon load and from the total of such samples select an average sample to be sent to Winnipeg and graded by the chief inspector. If the elevator man neglects to take such precautions the onus of proving the grade is upon the elevator company. It is quite apparent from the circumstances that the elevator man put up the old story that he was "special binning" the farmer's wheat. We hear that this story is a very common one among the companies that use the "hybrid" ticket. As a matter of fact it is pure subterfuge. "Special binning" service means that the farmers' wheat is kept in a special bin and samples drawn from every load, and the grain is shipped in a special car and the identity of his grain is preserved until it passes inspection and reaches the terminals. In this case it is quite evident that the elevator company dumped 700 bushels of their own oats

in with the farmer's in order to fill up the car. There is nothing to show in fact whether any of the farmer's oats were in the car and no sample has been preserved for the protection of the farmer. From reports we receive we believe that this is a fairly common experience where the "hybrid" ticket is used. In this case the farmer should present his claim and we believe that the elevator company will have to settle with him on the basis of 2 C.W. The experience of this farmer ought also to be an object lesson to the farmers of the West generally as a sample of the abuse to which the use of the "hybrid" ticket lends itself.

INCOME TAX DODGERS

Basil M. Manley, who wrote the famous report of the Committee on Industrial Relations in the United States, has been making some investigations into the income tax question. He estimates that the rich people of the United States in order to avoid the income tax have made false statements to save themselves from paying about \$320,000,000 in taxes. Figuring on this basis Mr. Manley says that the income tax should have produced over \$400,000,000 instead of \$80,000,000, which was the amount collected. Perhaps it would be a good idea to put some of these rich gentlemen into the courts and show up their crookedness and then give them a taste of the punishment that is handed out so freely to sinners who have less of this world's goods. Those rich tax dodgers in the United States haven't got the trick down so fine as they have in Canada or else they would arrange some scheme to take the necessary amount out of the public treasury and hand it back again in the form of taxes. We have some exploiters in Canada who will compare very favorably with the best grafter that the United States can produce.

A case has come to our attention where a farmer put his grain in an elevator and received a "hybrid" storage ticket marked "subject to inspectors' grade and dockage." On the face of the ticket also were the initials "S. B.," intended to convey the impression that the wheat was special binned. In such cases it would be well for the farmer to ascertain whether samples are taken from each wagon load and whether the identical grain is shipped in a car by itself so that he is getting the proper grade.

If you have some spare time between now and harvest The Guide is prepared to make you a proposition for taking subscriptions by which you can make \$100 a month and expenses, or considerably more than this if you have a horse and rig or motorcycle or an automobile to help you in getting round the country. If you are interested write to The Guide for further particulars.

We should like to hear from our readers who have had experience with the famous "hybrid" ticket which is so generally used by the line elevator companies thruout the prairie provinces. Remember, this "hybrid" ticket is the one which has stamped across the face of it "subject to inspector's grade and dockage." We should like to know whether elevator operators have claimed that grain stored on this ticket is "special binned" and if they mark "special binned" on the ticket.

If you have any complaints of unfair treatment against banks or mortgage companies, send them along to the editor of The Guide. We want to investigate these cases and bring about better conditions. Be sure to give full details of the transaction in your complaint.

Reports from the country indicate that the crop is in good condition.



TWO NEW RODENTS

The American oil trust and the Mexican sisal combine are taking heavy toll off Western Canadian farmers. Co-operation and legislation cannot reach foreign trusts so long as our own natural resources are undeveloped

War Patriotism and Graft

By H. E. M. Chisholm

War graft on a scale large enough to shock the public mind was proven before the Public Accounts Committee during the session of 1915. Investigation was made into the purchase of a limited number of articles needed for the use of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, and in nearly all cases irregularities, varying in degree of seriousness, were proven. As a result two members of the Dominion parliament were forced to resign their seats, and their constituents are now unrepresented in the Commons; several individuals were constrained to disgorge part of the profits which they had made, and the country is awaiting the findings of a royal commission on a number of supplementary enquiries. The purchases investigated by the Public Accounts Committee totalled in value little more than \$3,000,000 of the \$50,000,000 then spent. They included horses, drugs, surgical dressings, motor trucks and automobiles, binoculars, bicycles, "shield" shovels, housewives, jams, and submarines, while in addition to these a special committee investigated the supply of boots to the first Canadian contingent and to troops in Canada. As a result of the rake-offs proven on these articles alone it is estimated that the Dominion lost \$125,000.

Such profiteering at that time was considered serious enough to arouse real public indignation. But the country has now got a new perspective. Nobody talks of thousands any more when war profits and war graft is mentioned. The revelations of the 1915 session are now looked upon as the pettiest kind of petty larceny. Charges now must be up in the millions before they cause a ripple. Just to illustrate: The Public Accounts Committee this session undertook to enquire into over-classification charges on dredging work at Victoria in which something like \$80,000 was involved. Before this war this sum would have formed the basis of a first-class scandal and the committee would have been crowded at all its sittings. This session, however, not more than a dozen members attended at any one time; the press published the stuff on inside pages under small headings, and the man on the street paid no attention to it. Such trifles weren't worth mentioning.

The real investigation of the session just ended involves the expenditure of something over \$22,000,000. It was intended by the opposition that a much larger sum should be involved; that, in fact, the whole disbursements made by the late Canadian Shell Committee, totalling something in the neighborhood of \$350,000,000, should be taken under consideration. But after a long and strenuous fight the best they succeeded in doing was to have fuse contracts totalling \$22,000,000 referred to a royal commission for enquiry and report. And the Meredith-Duff Commission is now engaged in the work with the assistance of a battery of legal men representing all sides.

Incidentally, it may be noted, the Davidson Commission is now engaged in probing the circumstances surrounding the sale of three million rounds of defective small-arms ammunition by the Militia Department to the British Admiralty, thru Col. J. Wesley Allison, who also figures in the fuse contracts. The amount which the Dominion is supposed to have lost in the ammunition transaction is something in the neighborhood of \$45,000—another trifle!

History of Canadian War Scandals

A brief history of Canadian war scandals to date may be of interest at this juncture. The lesson to be drawn from this history—apart from the immorality of making money from the nation's agony—is that party patronage and party middlemen constitute a real curse to public business in the Do-

minion. Investigation was first based on complaints by the auditor-general concerning the making of purchases without order-in-council; the letting of contracts without tender; the purchase of goods, not from wholesalers, but from retailers and middlemen; and the failure in many cases to produce vouchers of goods bought. After considerable pressing by the opposition, it was decided to submit to the Public Accounts Committee such purchases as were included in these specific complaints.

One of the outstanding cases was that of the purchase of horses in King's County, Nova Scotia, tho in the investigation of this the question of all the horses bought for the first contingent came up. Of a total of 8,164 horses purchased for the first contingent at an average of \$172.45 each, 481 were afterward sold at auction at Quebec at an average price of \$53.74, making a loss of \$57,100; while 151

might have expected him to perform that duty." Mr. Foster resigned. The Davidson Commission took up the investigation last summer, but no report is yet forthcoming. And everybody connected with the transaction is still at large!

Clerk Makes \$9,000 on Field Dressings

The next case was that of the purchase of field dressings for wounded soldiers thru W. F. Garland, then M.P. for Carlton, Ont. The government wanted these dressings, and a representative of the wholesale firm of Bauer and Black, Chicago, went to see Col. Jones, of the Militia Department on the matter. He was prepared to sell the dressings at the wholesale price, but was told that "the government would not do business direct with the company." So a clerk in Garland's drug store in Ottawa was chosen.

He was then receiving a salary of \$15 per week, but he swung—or his employer swung—a contract totalling \$41,000 from the Militia Department. The dressings were purchased from Bauer and Black, and then resold to the government at a profit of 30 per cent., or something in the neighborhood of \$9,000. Garland at first contended that Powell was the contractor, but later admitted that he was only a dummy. The Public Accounts Committee turned in the following report on the transaction: "Your committee begs to report that, in its opinion, the manner in which the supplies were purchased does not appear to have fully protected the public interests." The committee then advised that the matter be referred to the Department of Justice. Speaking of the matter in the house, Premier Borden said: "Mr. Garland had in his employ this young man who was devoting 12 or 14 hours a day to his duties and who was receiving \$75 per month. He not only permitted, but he encouraged and assisted that young man to make a contract with the government under which, within a few weeks, he acquired a

profit of \$9,000. I cannot for one moment give my sanction or approval to a transaction of that nature because, to say the least, it is bound to arouse the gravest suspicion."

Mr. Garland did not resign immediately, and it was only after the Davidson Commission had further investigated that he withdrew, admitting the charge. Part of the profits were disgorged. Since then, however, it has been rumored that both Garland and Foster intend making a bid for the confidence of their former constituents at the next election!

Further heavy middlemen's profits were proven to have been made in connection with drugs supplied the forces at Valcartier by Madame Plamondon, sister of Mr. Speaker Seigney. Profits in this connection ranged from 25 to 200 per cent. over the wholesale prices at which the government could actually have obtained the drugs.

Many Share in the Binocular Deal

There were half a dozen middlemen connected with the supply of binoculars to the government. The Militia Department was offered Bausch and Lomb high power glasses for \$45 each. But they didn't choose to take the offer, and glasses found their way to the department thru the following devious channels: Bausch and Lomb, the makers, sold them to a New York broker named Milton Harris; Milton Harris sold them to Sam Bilsky, an Ottawa jeweller; Sam Bilsky sold them to T. M. Birkett, another Ottawa dealer; T. M. Birkett sold them to the P. W. Ellis Co., of Toronto, and the Ellis Company sold them to the government. The glasses which were a mixed lot, costing the original middleman \$30 each, cost the government, after all the

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are still unaccounted for, making a loss of \$26,039. This makes a total loss to the country on this horse deal of \$83,139.

The King's County case may be taken as an example of how the buying was done in the Maritime Provinces, at least. A. Dewitt Foster, the member for the county, undertook the work of buying there. He chose as his helpers Messrs. Keever and Woodworth, two mining magnates from the south; G. H. Oakes, secretary for the Conservative Association of the county, and some others, and armed with a government deposit of \$72,000 he proceeded to buy. From the evidence given by a number of the horse dealers, everything but good horses was bought. But the total amount of the deposit was spent. When enquiry was made there were no vouchers to show what had been paid to the farmers! Mr. Foster stated at the investigation that Woodworth and Keever had taken the vouchers with them when they went home to the States.

Following the hearing, the committee recommended as follows: "Your committee are of the opinion that the evidence respecting the purchase of horses in Nova Scotia discloses circumstances of such an unsatisfactory character that further investigation and action are necessary, and they recommend that the said evidence and all documents be referred to the Department of Justice, with instructions to make such investigations and to institute such prosecutions and to take such proceedings as may be found necessary to protect the public interest." And in the house later Sir Robert Borden said: "I regret to say that the evidence—Mr. Foster's own evidence—convincing me that he did not have regard to that duty in the way in which I think the parliament and people of the country

Co-operation in Wisconsin

Co-operative Packing, Livestock Shipping, Cheese and Twine Manufacture

By M. Wes. Tubbs, Sec.-Treas.

Wisconsin State Union, American Society of Equity

Co-operation everywhere produces a progressive, go-ahead, do-things, accomplish-results spirit. For twenty years the farmers of Wisconsin have been practicing co-operation in their fire insurance and telephone companies, creameries, cheese factories, stores, etc., and for the past ten years in the co-operative buying and selling of grain, potatoes, hay, livestock, etc., and in purchasing all kinds of raw materials and supplies for the farm in carload quantities. Recently they have taken up the cold storage warehousing and co-operative sale of cheese and the slaughtering of livestock thru co-operative packing plants.

The true Rochdale plan of co-operation is followed as closely as our long competitive and generally prosperous individual action will permit. That is to say, we vary from the true principles of co-operation only by allowing a little more than the usual interest rates on money invested in share capital and in paying a commission or percentage out of the stock sold to defray the expenses of selling. The latter deviation has met the strongest opposition from some of the academic, theoretic co-operators, but practical experience has shown that for the larger enterprises, requiring from fifty thousand dollars to five hundred thousand dollars or more capital, it is impractical, fully as expensive, and in most cases well-nigh impossible for officers and enthusiastic co-operators unskilled in selling stock to raise the required funds. The services of the professional promoter and skilled stock salesman are required. Nor should this be considered objectionable if the work is done honestly and at a fair compensation for the services rendered.

Pork Packing Venture

For several years the farmers of Wisconsin thru their organization, the Wisconsin State Union of the American Society of Equity, had been talking and advocating the co-operatively owned packing plant to handle their "hog crop," and get away from the recognized robbery systematically practiced by the great packing interests in forcing down hog prices during seasons of flush marketing, but without any corresponding reduction in the prices charged for the finished product; in fact, meat prices frequently advanced while hog prices were declining.

Finally a proposition was submitted to the executive board of the State Union by a representative of the Langdon-Boyd Packing Company, of La Crosse, to take over their plant, which was represented as a successful going concern, and thus establish at once a co-operative packing plant in Wisconsin. This proposition was carried up to our state convention held in La Crosse on December, of 1913, where it was fully discussed, generally endorsed, but positively thrown on its own merits as an independent business proposition which must be promoted and financed by those interested, instead of by the organization which, being organized for educational and propaganda purposes, could not embark in nor be held responsible for any co-operative business in which it could invest no money nor have any voice or control in its management.

The whole field of having an expert audit to ascertain the present condition of the business and an expert appraisal of the property for the purposes for which it was intended to be used was gone over in the discussion and recommended, but unfortunately for the farmers who invested in it and for some of the officers of the National Union of the A. S. of E. who plunged into the enterprise, none of these pre-

cautions were taken. To be sure an audit was made, but it did not unearth the true condition of the business nor show that some of the banks and business men of La Crosse were holding the company's paper for more than the plant was worth from a practical packing house standpoint. And, likewise, the appraisal was made by inexperienced men, who valued the property at somewhere about five times its actual value, the contract to buy being based upon this shaky foundation. For several months the incorporators of the new co-operative company endeavored to sell the stock, but with very little success. Finally, a professional promoter was interested, and a contract was made with him to sell the stock, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars' worth, on a 25 per cent. plus basis, that is, some of the stock was to be sold above par, and the promoters were to receive one-half of excess thus received. He and his force of salesmen disposed of the stock in about six months, and late in the summer of 1914 the plant was taken over.

Ruinous Management

Too much confidence was placed in the manager, who was taken over with the plant, and no provision was made for experienced investigators to check up the business as it was being conducted. The results were disastrous. At the end of about sixteen months it was found that some sixty or seventy thousand dollars worth of meat had been spoiled, that the pay roll was excessive to the extent of nearly \$1,200 a month, and that radical changes must be made or all would be lost. The changes were made. The manager and his superintendent were fired. Expenses were cut down. Available resources were carefully made available and a good, honest, practical man put in charge. He is making good in spite of the handicap, and during the past six months has earned a substantial profit.

The first manager in charge was greatly alarmed when it was suggested that other co-operative packing plants be established in non-competing territory, and he urged that no more be established until the La Crosse plant had had a thorough trial and proven whether the co-operative packing plant could be operated successfully in this country. Some of us who knew of the handicap of this first plant, at the start, did not share this view and were anxious for a clean-cut, new, fairly established and honestly and competently managed plant to be established at once, as we felt that under the circumstances the La Crosse plant might not succeed, yet we were confident that the idea of the co-operative packing plant was correct, and that with a fair chance it would be successful. We have gone into the details of the mistakes made as a warning to others to avoid similar mistakes in the future.

Even before all the stock in the La Crosse plant had been sold, another company was incorporated to

establish a plant at Wausau, Wis., and a promoter secured whose reputation and integrity were above suspicion. George H. Horrell, of Humbird, Wis., took the contract to sell the stock for 15 or 10 per cent. less than was paid by the La Crosse enterprise, and a new, modern, up-to-the-minute plant was erected and commenced operation late in January of this year. At the end of its first four months of operation it showed a net profit of over \$4,000, and every indication points to continued success.

Stock has been sold for a \$250,000 co-operative packing plant, which is now being built at New Richmond, and all but about \$40,000 for a \$500,000 plant, on which work has commenced, to be built at Madison. The Madison plant is typical of the ones located at Wausau and New Richmond, only larger and having more than double the capacity of either of the others.

Livestock Shipping

One of the most successful and profitable lines of co-operation among Wisconsin farmers has been their Co-operative Livestock Shipping Associations, and this method of handling livestock has been equally successful in Minnesota, Iowa and westward as far as Montana. Much of this success is due to the honesty, vigilance, ability and painstaking care of our official representatives on both the South St. Paul and the Chicago markets.

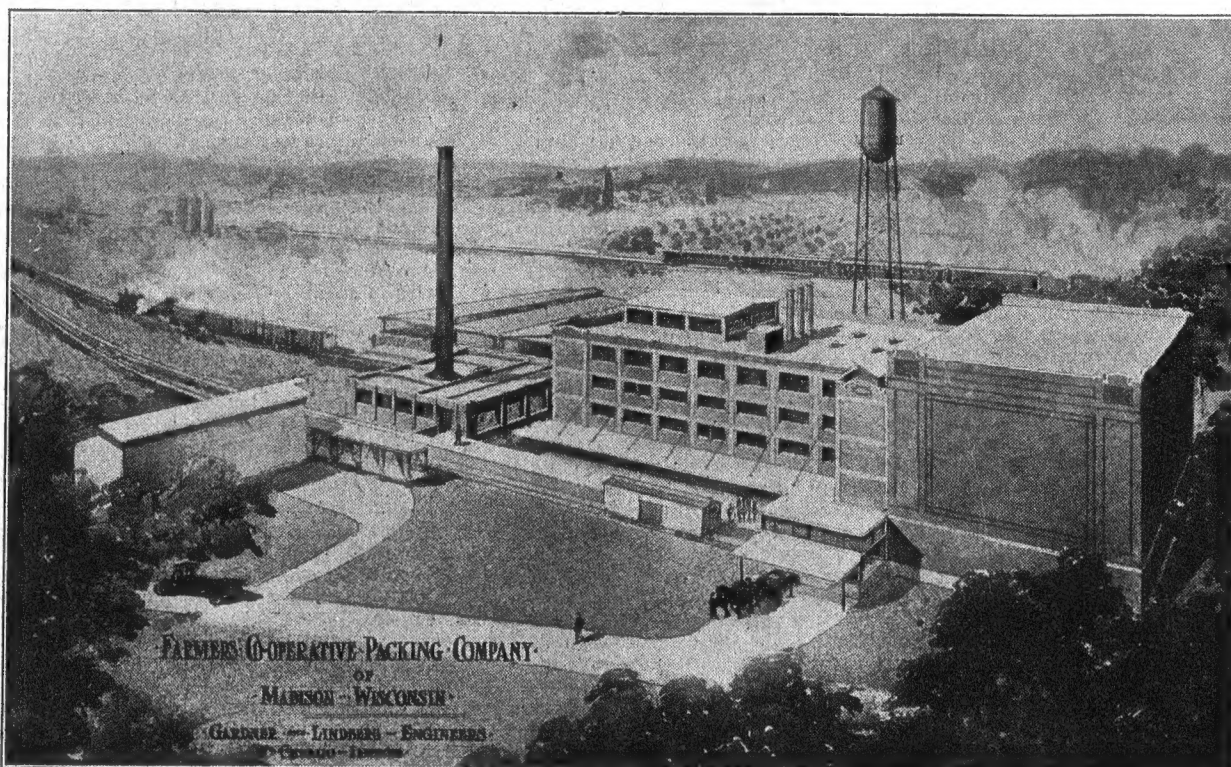
The J. R. Kirk Commission Company, of South St. Paul, have specialized in the matter of handling co-operative shipments. They have employed experts to work out and install proper accounting and pro-rating systems and the best men procurable to feed, handle and sell the different kinds of stock consigned to them. The best proof of their value to the farmers and their success as business men is found in the fact that in five years they have grown from one of the smallest commission firms on that market to the largest, and have been accorded by the Stock Yards Company the best location in the yards, with independent scales for their exclusive use, and they keep them busy. Last year over five million dollars' worth of stock passed thru their hands. Somewhat strangely, but nevertheless true, almost exactly the same conditions have obtained with our Chicago representatives, L. Spencer and Company, and with equal success and satisfaction to our shippers. From the local stock yards at Ellsworth, Wisconsin, last year about 400 carloads of livestock were shipped. These yards are said to be the largest in the Northwest.

The saving to the farmers on co-operative livestock shipping will average \$75 per car over the old system of selling to local buyers. The cost has been reduced from \$1.00 to \$1.25 per cwt. local buyer's margin, to from 40 cents to 60 cents per cwt., the cost of co-operative shipping. Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been saved to our farmers thru their Co-operative Livestock Shipping Associations.

Cheese Producers' Federation

The warehouse and sales agency of the Sheboygan County Cheese Producers' Federation has now been in operation about two years. During the first nine months of its operation ending December 31, 1914, it handled 156,631 boxes of cheese weighing 6,125,000 pounds, and showed a net profit of \$4,650. For the year ending December 31, 1915, it had handled 187,000 boxes of cheese, weighing 7,558,796 pounds, which sold for \$1,132,768, and on which there was a net gain to the company of \$10,104. To show the true spirit of co-operation on the part of the She-

Continued on Page 2



All the stock has been sold but \$40,000 for this \$500,000 packing plant at Madison, Wisconsin. Work has already been commenced. This is typical of other plants at Wausau and New Richmond, Wisconsin, except that the capacity is double the others. The Wausau plant has so far been quite successful, the only in operation four months. The profit was \$4,000 in that time.

The Country Homemakers

CONDUCTED BY FRANCIS MARION BEYNON

PEACE

Ed. Note.—When so much is being said these days concerning the inadvisability of an early peace, I am constrained to set forth my point of view on this matter, and if my logic is at fault I invite contradiction and correction.

Those who are opposed to an early peace give as their reason that Germany must first be "crushed," to quote a favorite expression. Upon further inquiry practically every person who uses the phrase will admit that no nation can be so completely crushed that she will never be able to fight again, short of complete extermination, and to talk of exterminating the German nation is absurd.

Then when our militarist (we will call him so to distinguish him from the pacifist), says that we must go on fighting until Germany is "crushed," what he really means is more crippled in resources, finances and industries than she is today. He is obliged to admit that sometime, if she wills to do so, Germany will be able to fight us again, in forty years, say, if we quit today, in sixty or seventy years if we continue the war for another year.

Just here the advocate of more war is apt to shift his ground a little. Compelled to admit that Germany cannot be exterminated, cannot even be disabled so that future wars are impossible, he says we must go on fighting until we have crushed the military idea in Germany. We will follow him onto this new ground, and admit that at last he has got at the real crux of the matter. In order that the peace which comes at the end of this war may be a fairly enduring peace we must conclude it in such a way that the desire for war may be decreased.

The more-war-advocate says there is just one way in which this can be accomplished, by going on with the war to the point where Germany is completely exhausted—when, of course, we will be only a trifle less so ourselves.

Taking a stand involving the sacrifices of so many lives, belonging always to other people, remember, one would expect the militarist to produce some very convincing evidence that this course of action would produce a lasting peace. But no! He takes this as an axiom and builds the whole structure of his argument for the continuation of the war on the premise that the desire to fight can be killed by the exhaustion of the means of warfare. All history rises up in contradiction of this theory, but he heeds it not. The historian Green says: "The conclusion of the long war with Napoleon (1815) left England feverish and exhausted," in the sense in which these more-war advocates want to see Germany exhausted today, but she has been the aggressor in more than one war for self-aggrandisement since, showing that the war idea was not killed by her physical exhaustion, which was so great that the country almost underwent a social revolution. The conclusion of the Franco-Prussian war in 1871 left France exhausted indeed, but she has shown no special disinclination for war or inability to fight in 1914.

If continuing the war until another million or two men on each side have been maimed and killed would insure permanent peace there is not one of us who would not grit our teeth and endure it as philosophically as possible, but those who want to see the war continued until "Germany is completely crushed" have yet to bring forth one jot or tittle of evidence that destroying the material resources of a nation will kill the war-idea in that nation. Indeed, it is a rather sinister fact that the very people, in many instances, who are talking about the war going on until we secure a "decision" which will secure a lasting peace are the same who are advocating preparedness. For what, if we are to have a lasting peace?

It has already been said that the pacifist agrees with the militarist when he says that this war ought to be concluded in such a way as to kill, if possible, the war idea in Germany, but in regard to the best means to this end they part company. The war enthusiast says this can only be done by exhausting the material resources of Germany, tho, as has been pointed out already, this theory has been completely disproved by history. One nation after another has been brought to the very depths of material ruin by war, but they have all been up and at it again in a few years.

The obvious reason for this is that war is a result of an attitude of mind, not the possession of munitionment. If the mind wills war there will be war. The question then, is what conclusion of this war will react most favorably upon the German mind in the interests of peace? To ascertain this the writer asked a number of people to try to recollect their childhood and to say which made them most ashamed of any bad conduct, to be punished to the last extreme or to be treated with unexpected generosity. The verdict was unanimously in favor of the latter as the best means of producing contrition.

When this opinion was expressed the other day

to a firm believer in the necessity for the continuation of the war he expressed two desires, first for revenge and second for punishment.

"Extermination is too good for them," he said, "for having brought this war upon the world."

It was pointed out to him that in 1839 England forced a war upon China because China wouldn't permit the sale of opium to her people who were being ruined by it, one of the most shameful wars in all history. Because some unscrupulous politicians committed the British Government to that disgraceful war, should all our forbears have been exterminated?

"No, but unless Germany was thoroughly punished she would feel that she had been victorious and would be encouraged to do it again."

To hark back to the war upon China. England, being very fit in a militaristic sense, came off with flying colors in that encounter. She compelled China to permit the trade in opium, to give her



Anne Hathaway's cottage, about which are planted the flowers mentioned in Shakespeare's plays.

Hong Kong as a naval base and to pay her an indemnity of twenty-one million dollars, for having the presumption to protest against the physical and moral degradation of her people by the opium trade and thus interfere with British commerce, but there is hardly an Englishman living today who regards that military success as a victory. If you doubt it, get a Britisher praising Great Britain's high ideals and glorious record and then mention the opium war with China. It is like a pinprick in a bubble. There is scarcely a British subject who wouldn't give a great deal to wipe that "victory" off the pages of our history.

When this war is over the censorship will be removed and the truth will become known. The power of the German rulers to hoodwink the people will be at an end. They will see that they have spent billions of money and millions of lives and gained nothing but hatred. Their leaders have long since begun to suggest a peace on the basis of the status quo before the war. Is it reasonable to suppose that the German people will regard that as a great victory? Will the millions of people whose homes have been wrecked and who have been plunged into poverty feel very much elated when their armies return with nothing to report but casualties? Truth is very convincing, and the thing that is often, in the heat of today, regarded as a great victory, is tomorrow known to be defeat. If peace were to come today on the basis of things as they were before the war there is not the least possibility of the German people feeling that they have scored a great triumph.

It is time that applies the measure to success or failure. We organized torch-light processions at the close of the South African war, but we are not particularly proud of that achievement today. Neither will the German, no matter how soon it is concluded, be proud of his country's part in this war, after the first fires of excitement have died down and the measure can be taken of the causes, cost and results of this terrible holocaust.

FRANCIS MARION BEYNON.

NO ROOM FOR FADS

Dear Miss Beynon:—There seems to be a gathering sentiment in the "house-cleaning" frenzy of

the times to make an attack on the district schools of the prairie provinces. I read a scare-head in a Winnipeg "farmers'" paper: "Drop 'High-brow' Books in Rural Schools is Plan." At the Prince Albert Teachers' convention a plan was outlined: "A one-teacher school in rural districts would have five acres of land attached to it which would be worked by the pupils under instruction of the teacher; a two-teacher school, called A Farm Community Union School, would have more land, and a three or more teacher school, called A Farm Community Consolidated School, would have sixty-five acres of land. One hour every day devoted to agriculture study and additional time devoted to nature study and kindred subjects. Gardening also taught and the school garden kept by the children. This is the plan in part.

Now what do you know about that? Here is where I rise right up and protest against any such nonsense. The rural school is an elementary school, and in it there needs to be taught reading, writing, arithmetic and allied subjects. Let the faddists fad at the High or Technical schools. They can't do much harm after the child has had good common-sense teaching in the district school. I have taught school and they need lots of spelling matches and multiplication tables the same as the schools did which cradled some of the brightest lights of this continent.

Look at the High School entrance curriculum and see if there is any "high-brow" stuff in it! And, elementary as the entrance is, let me ask what percentage of the boys attending rural schools have passed the entrance in the last decade. Much less will they pass when most of their time is taken up with agriculture. And it is evident how much this "plan" originator knows about his subject when he speaks of a one-teacher rural school undertaking to farm five acres. Five acres! That's what they call a farm in European countries, that, properly worked, would keep a whole family busy on it, and make a living for them. And ten acres—and sixty-five acres! Surely I am dreaming, and no one ever seriously meant such folly.

Suppose our Lillian Laurie and Miss Beynon had been taught, when they lived in the country, nothing but what they would need "as farmers' wives." No women raised in towns could so well take their place on farm journals.

There is a boy in our school who is so unfortunate as to have a deformed right hand. His father, no doubt, does not propose to make a farmer of him. There are two boys in our school who have undoubted ability as artists. They can draw almost anything they see. No doubt they will stay with it and will want a literary education to interpret their art. Rural communities are the nurseries of all sorts of trades and professions as well as agriculture.

A man who proposes to make a lawyer of his son does not expect the teacher in a rural school to be a lawyer and teach him oratory. No, the rural school is the place for teaching the elements; for laying the foundation, and a solid one, on which you may build a superstructure of agriculture, of law, of literature, of art, of a trade, or what you will, but have the foundation. Do not start to build the superstructure first.

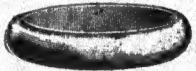
Now, as I said, I have taught in rural schools, and there are many necessary causes that keep the average of attendance low—climatic conditions, the distance from school, sickness in the family, all the exigencies of unavoidable circumstances, and the boy needs every moment in which to learn to read, write, spell, do arithmetic rapidly and accurately—those so necessary things.

People in cities put in most of their time after school days in avoiding automobiles and running to catch street cars. Why not, in city schools, have special training along these lines, each teacher to have won a prize in a road race, in order to qualify. Then again, boys in the seventh and eighth grade in the cities go to jobs as motor-men, driving drays, as chauffeurs, clerking, etc.; why not have classes in these, with practical demonstrations?

No, there are a lot of well-educated men from old countries and the old provinces on farms in the West, and they know a little too much about other things besides farming to altogether please. In fact, they are always "putting the farmers up" to strike for this and that, and it will never do. Let the younger generation learn nothing much but farming, and they will be easier managed. Raise a peasant class and keep them right on the soil, so they will go ahead and produce, "gain or no gain," as they are impudently told.

Farmers of the West, look well to the rural school. Let it be what it has ever been in both Canada and the United States—the place for learning those things required in any walk of life; the place where literary master-pieces are committed to memory, and as many peeps at higher education given as possible, so that he who wishes may go on and open

WOLF WILLOW.



WEDDING RINGS FOR JUNE BRIDES

At no other time should quality be given such consideration as in the purchase of your wedding ring. It is a life time proposition, and unless the quality and weight is there, your bride-to-be will be disappointed. Get your wedding ring at Black's, and there will be no doubt as to quality. You will also be protected as to price, as we give splendid value in every wedding ring we sell. 14k, 18k, and 22k Rings—\$5 to \$14. Our 18k heavy, narrow, English style is the one we recommend, PRICE \$10. Send for Catalogue.

D. E. Black & Co. Ltd.
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Watch Repairing By Mail

Satisfaction in Watch Repairing is obtained only through patronizing men who have made this business a life study—MEN WHO KNOW—men of modern advanced ideas and from whose workshop only satisfactory work is turned out. Mailing boxes sent upon request.

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Watchmakers, Jewellers, Opticians
Diamond Hall, Edmonton, Alta.

IF YOU DO NOT SEE WHAT YOU WANT ADVERTISED IN THIS ISSUE, WRITE US AND WE WILL PUT YOU IN TOUCH WITH THE MAKERS

\$150 PER MONTH AND EXPENSES

Salary or Commission—Introducing our King Butter Separator. Produces best grade of butter from cream or milk, sweet or sour, in less than 5 minutes. Retail \$5 up. Write for free sample and salary proposition.
De King Mfg. Co., Dept. 55F., Chicago, Ill.

Get a Farm of Your Own TAKE 20 YEARS TO PAY

The land will support you and pay for itself. An immense area of the most fertile land in Western Canada for sale at low prices and easy terms, ranging from \$11 to \$30 for farm lands with ample rainfall—irrigated lands from \$35. Terms—One-twentieth down, balance within twenty years. In irrigation districts, loan for farm buildings, etc., up to \$2,000, also repayable in twenty years—interest only 6 per cent. Privilege of paying in full at any time. Here is your opportunity to increase your farm holdings by getting adjoining land, or secure your friends as neighbors. For literature and particulars apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, Gen'l Supt. of Lands,
Desk 19, Dept. of Natural Resources, C.P.R.
CALGARY — ALBERTA



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M., on Wednesday, June 23, 1916, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained at this Department and on application to the caretakers of the different Dominion Buildings.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, June 7, 1916.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

This Section of The Guide is conducted officially for the United Farmers of Alberta by P. P. Woodbridge, Secretary, Calgary, Alberta, to whom all communications for this page should be sent.

Alberta

HAIL INSURANCE PAMPHLET

The Hail Insurance Board of Alberta, Tegner Block, Edmonton, have prepared a pamphlet setting forth the principal clauses of the Hail Insurance Act, the officials and their duties, methods of inspection, payment of claims and other matters, which should be of interest to all farmers, and will be of particular interest to those residing in municipalities under the Hail Insurance Act. The pamphlet will also show the procedure to be taken to come under the municipal hail insurance scheme. Whether you feel interested or not at the present moment, the pamphlet is one that will be worth having on file for reference or other purposes, and our members are strongly recommended to secure a copy either by writing direct to the address given above, or thru the secretary of their local union.

U.F.A. GREAT HELP

At the regular meeting of the Dunstable Local Union No. 345 held in the month of May, a social was held directly after the meeting which everybody thoroughly enjoyed. The secretary reports that the sociability of the people thruout the district has improved 100 per cent. since the union was organized. The members see more of each other and so keep out of the old rut. The following resolution was passed during the business session and will come before our next convention:

"Whereas the present system of collecting arrears of taxes for rural school districts is not satisfactory, and whereas rural school trustees do not receive any remuneration for their services, therefore they should not be expected to collect arrears of taxes from their neighbors, thereby causing ill-feeling, trouble and expense thruout the various rural school districts. Be it therefore resolved, that the general executive of the United Farmers of Alberta, approach the provincial government asking that the duty of collecting arrears of taxes for rural school districts be handled by some department of the government."

GOOD WORK OF NEW HOLLAND

The secretary of New Holland Union No. 697 in sending in a brief report enclosed \$20.50 membership dues, being \$11 for 1916 and \$9 for 1915. This is one of the unions in the dried-out district of 1914, and I take this opportunity of again giving publicity to our appreciation of a union which shows sufficient interest in the work to reorganize in 1916 and pay up its back dues.

APPRECIATION OF REPORT

We have received the following appreciation from Wm. J. Thompson, a director of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, with whose consent we publish the following letter:—"My thanks are due for your kindness in sending me a copy of your U.F.A. convention report for 1916. I spent a very profitable and instructive hour with it this evening. I have always regretted that the S.G.G.A. has not issued an official report for the past two years of its annual conventions. Such a report as you have issued does not end with its distribution, but continues to have a far reaching influence in helping to guide future conventions along the path of dignified, judicial and practical constructive measures of human progress. Such reports too would be of great value to all our Western leaders and officers in the farmers' movement in making those valuable comparisons which inspire worthy emulation. My earnest wishes are that the U.F.A. will rapidly realise to the full all the ideals set out for its membership shown in the report of its resolutions and official speeches and discussions. The U.F.A. 1916 convention report is a document of deep human interest, and a welcome addition to the literature of social progress in Western Canada."

An appreciation of this kind from an outside source is very encouraging. Mr.

Thompson in voicing the opinion that such a report as we have just issued does not end with its distribution, is voicing our own opinion, and it is for that reason that we have called on our local secretaries so insistently to help us to use up the whole issue in the most effective way. We still have a few hundred of these reports on hand and will be glad to send them to any of our unions or readers of this page at five cents per copy. Occasionally we receive requests to send these reports to friends in England or the United States, in which case we are always glad to do it. If you have anyone in mind that it would be well in the interests of the association to send this report to, we would be glad to receive an order from you with their name and address.

COMPLAIN OF CAR SHORTAGE

I publish the following complaint in regard to the shortage of cars from our union at Islay. While we know that conditions on the C.N.R. lines are very far from satisfactory, this is the first really presentable report in regard to the conditions that we have received at this office. We have been trying to do something to help our unions along the C.N.R. for a considerable time past, but have been severely handicapped thru lack of information. If conditions in your district are not what they should be in regard to railway transportation, or any other matter outside of purely local concern, send in a statement to the Central Office and give us an opportunity to do the work that we were intended to do:

"At a special U.F.A. meeting held in the village of Islay on June 8, I was instructed to write to you regarding the shortage of cars at this point. Since early in the shipping season, we have been unable to get cars for shipping the grain and the same condition still exists. Only four cars were given us in the month of May, and one so far this month. You can readily see what the feeling of the farmers is, when after hauling heavy loads of wheat over twenty miles and finding that the elevators are full, they cannot dispose of their grain and are forced to haul the same to Vermilion, a further distance of fifteen miles over a rolling country, where they have always been able to dispose of it. We are, therefore, of the opinion from this fact that our point has been unfavorably discriminated against in favor of the said divisional point. Now there is over 80,000 bushels of grain in storage in the two elevators and in bins at Islay, and an estimate of between 175,000 and 200,000 in the hands of the farmers. The majority have borrowed money on the strength of selling their grain and are forced to pay interest while they hold the grain. Others are in great need of money to meet obligations to loan companies, stores, etc., as well as to prepare for the coming harvest. In fact cash is badly needed or business will be at a standstill. So trusting that you will be able to have the C.N.R. move this grain as early as possible, I will close thanking in advance for every consideration and help you will be able to give us."

HIGH PRAIRIE ORGANIZED

The following letter is to hand from Geo. E. Martin, of High Prairie:—"Last evening, the 8th instant, Messrs. H. W. Wood, president of the U.F.A. and C. F. Brown, vice-president of the Alberta Farmers' Co-operative Elevator Company, addressed a meeting at High Prairie. Both addresses were heard with intense interest. At the close of Mr. Wood's address, twenty-eight persons came forward to pay the membership fee preparatory to organization. As the night was well advanced it was decided that a president and secretary-treasurer should be elected at once and another meeting called to complete the organization. The president is C. B. McAllister and the secretary, Geo. E. Martin, both of High Prairie."

NEW DONATVILLE LOCAL

A new union has been organized by W. H. Gibson, secretary of Poplar Ridge Union No. 321, near Athabasca. The new union will be known as Donatville, and R. D. Heslep is secretary.

ENJOYABLE SUNDAY MEETING

The Sulphur Springs U.F.A. local held a U.F.A. Sunday on May 21. The meeting was conducted by R. E. Adams. J. W. Wiley, who is president of the local gave a very able address on Farm Economics and Socialism. The meeting was well attended and seems to have struck a note of hearty response. While Mr. Wiley was the sole speaker at this meeting, he made it plain that he felt it the duty of any member to discuss present day questions, making of it a joint rather than a "one-man" meeting. The order of the meeting was as follows: Hymn, prayer, hymn, address by chairman, hymn—God Save our King, Lord's Prayer, hymn—Praise God from Whom all Blessings Flow, Mizpah. A silver collection was taken, the proceeds of which will be donated to the Red Cross.

FORM LOCAL MILITARY UNIT

A joint meeting of members of the Kinsella Local U.F.A. and shareholders of the Elevator Co. was held on Saturday, May 20. The binder twine proposition was discussed. It was decided that an order should be placed for 6,000 lbs. In the meantime a committee was appointed to meet a committee of ladies from the Women's Institute to make arrangements for raising funds to hold a Horticultural and Poultry Show this fall. Mr. Carlton, one of the members, addressed the meeting re the Legion of Frontiersmen Home Guard movement, and fully explained the duties. The following resolution was passed: "This meeting pledges itself to use all legitimate efforts to help in the formation of a unit of the Legion of Frontiersmen for Kinsella and district." Mr. Carlton is in charge of Jarrow and Kinsella and will hold drills every Saturday evening. We could not make arrangements in time to hold Farmers' Sunday on the 21st, but have arranged with Rev. Mr. Day, of Jarrow, and also with one of our members, who have agreed to give a special service on Sunday, May 28. Our next meeting will be the second Saturday in June.

FAIRFIELD ELECTS OFFICERS

Fairfield Union No. 638 held an election of officers last month, which resulted as follows: President, H. J. Parker; secretary-treasurer, H. S. McKinney. The union was organized in May, 1914, and always ended their year in May, but it has been decided to future to run it by the calendar year. Meetings will be held in future on the last Saturday of each month at eight o'clock p.m.

PURCHASES BY ALDERSYDE

At the meeting of Aldersyde Local No. 219, held on June 3, the members ordered a car of binder twine from the Co-operative Elevator Company, and also wrote to the Hudson's Bay Co. for grocery prices. They hope to place an order for a carload of fence posts with the Alberta Farmers' Co-operative Elevator Co. in the near future.

SEXSMITH LOCAL ACTIVE

The second meeting of Sexsmith Local No. 204 was held recently and proved very successful. New members are rolling in. M. G. Gudlaupon, the president, gave an interesting address. His suggestions as to the line of work the union should undertake started many interesting discussions. The Edmonton, Dunvegan and B.C. Railway have been asked to provide loading platforms at the towns of Claremont and Bewville, also to place an agent at one of these towns so that shipments from outside may be handled more securely. Many of the members are anxious to purchase machinery, twine, wire, etc., by carload lots. The meeting was declared closed at 10.30 p.m. Mrs. R. J. Johnstone (vice-president's wife), assisted by Mrs. Griffiths and Mrs. Williamson, gave the members a surprise supper, which was greatly enjoyed by all.

BETTER SCHOOLS DAY

Probably never before in the history of the province have the people of Saskatchewan been so fully alive to the importance and the needs of our public schools and our entire system of education as they are today. Those who are close students of the signs of the times see in this awakening interest a rainbow of promise which portends the utmost good for the future of Saskatchewan.

After all the premier problem, not only of Saskatchewan but of the entire world, is the problem of the education of the people. An educated people can never be permanently kept in thralldom to a select class, be that thralldom mental, political, financial or ecclesiastical.

The Saskatchewan Public Education League, organized some six or eight months ago, has been no small factor in creating the present wide interest in matters of education which permeates this entire province. The S.G.G.A. has from the beginning been a factor in this movement, and several of its leading officers hold official positions in the league. The association recognizes that above all other influences which will make for the establishment of better conditions amongst the farmers on the land that of a broader intellectual development of the farmers themselves stands preeminent.

The press and survey committee of the S.P.E.L., under the chairmanship of Norman F. Black, M.A., D.Paed., sent out the following circular announcing the special holiday which was proclaimed by the lieutenant-governor of the province for June 30, to be known as Better Schools Day.—J. B. M.

Hon. J. A. Calder Explains

Regina, June 1.—As many enquiries are being made regarding the Better Schools Day, which is to be observed thruout the province on June 30, for the holding of public meetings for the discussion of educational reform, a representative of the press committee of Saskatchewan Public Education League approached the Hon. J. A. Calder, former minister of education, for a statement of the general nature and aims of the Better Schools movement.

Non-partisan, Popular, Province-wide

"This movement," said Mr. Calder, "was originated by Premier Scott, and approved unanimously by the legislature, for the express purpose of having every citizen examine our school system from top to bottom with a view to improvement. There is a general feeling abroad that in the past we have too slavishly followed the school system of Ontario and Eastern Canada, and that the institutions we have put up for the education of our children do not effectively fit into our present western prairie conditions. In addition to this it is necessary to recognize that owing to the increase in our population and the growth and development of our municipal institutions and other new conditions, the time has arrived when we should take steps to modify and improve our educational facilities to meet these new conditions.

"It is most gratifying to note the very widespread interest that is being taken in the matter. The press daily contains news regarding the work of the Saskatchewan Public Education League, the creation of new branches, meetings of educational associations and other similar gatherings. Besides, the press itself by editorials and special articles has done and is doing splendid work in educating the public mind respecting the main problems that confront us. For the purpose of further interesting the public generally in their study of our school system and assisting all who are directly interested in securing concrete, practical suggestions as to ways and means to obtain better schools and better results, it has been deemed advisable to proclaim Friday, June 30, as a special day to be set apart for the purpose of holding public meetings thruout the whole province. It is expected that hundreds of such meetings will be held, and that public-spirited citizens everywhere will take a leading part in their organization and in the discussion that will take place.

"At these and subsequent meetings it is important that attention should be given to certain phases of our school problems which have recently been the subject of a good deal of discussion.

Saskatchewan

This Section of The Guide is conducted officially for the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association by J. B. Musselman, Secretary, Regina, Sask., to whom all communications for this page should be sent.

Some of these are the securing of a better attendance of children; making provision for the education of children in sparsely settled communities where they are not in sufficient number to permit the organizing of a district; the steps to be taken to assure that every child will acquire an adequate knowledge of English; the amending of our courses of study so as to provide that the great majority of our children will be efficiently fitted for their life's work; the possible establishment of a good many institutions conveniently located and especially adapted to give farmers' sons a practical secondary education; improvement in the inspection and supervision of all schools with a view to securing more efficient results; the means to be adopted to raise the status of a teacher and to increase the length of time teachers remain in the profession; the provision to be made for the efficient and economic administration of rural schools; the advantages and disadvantages of the existing rural trustee system; the best policy to be adopted to assure that all property in the province bears an equitable share of the cost of education; the method and machinery to be used in raising and collecting the revenues should be distributed; the use to which the school house can be put as a social and civic centre in any community; the publication of a monthly provincial school journal for the guidance and assistance of inspectors, supervisors, trustees, teachers and parents; the advantages of the consolidated or union graded schools for rural districts and the conditions under which they can be successfully and economically organized, and changes required to more adequately provide that our children shall grow up with strong, healthy bodies, sturdy in character and fitted to play their part in our civic life."

PICNIC AT YORKTON

Central Secretary:—The Yorkton Grain Growers' Association is holding an old-time basket picnic at the fair grounds in Yorkton, June 28, program as follows: From 2 to 4, addresses by J. A. Maharg, president S.G.G.A.; J. B. Musselman, Central secretary, and probably Chas. Dunning, manager of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company; from 4 to 6, races and tug-of-war; from 6 to 7, supper; 7 till dark, baseball; 8.30, dancing. Entries for baseball and tug-of-war teams to be handed to the local secretary not later than the 27th. Hot water for tea will be available on the grounds, also the usual refreshments and soft drinks. A hearty invitation is extended to all Grain Growers to be with us on this day.

D. H. WALKINSHAW,
Sec., Yorkton G.G.A.

CO-OPERATIVE BUYING

Central Secretary:—Referring to the amendment to the Co-operative Associations Act, chapter 37, paragraph 7, it says, "The association, insofar as transactions in farm supplies are concerned, shall after December 31, 1915, sell only to shareholders and to members of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association." This seems a barrier in the way of a local that is thinking of incorporating, as very few existing locals are able to handle a carload of goods, and it would simply mean that we would want to have a warehouse and capital enough to take over any goods after our members have been served. Or, on the other hand, does this apply to the Central trading power of the association only? Please reply to this at earliest possible date, as the incorporating papers are pending a reply.

WM. FINNIE,
Sec., Kamsack Local

Answer

Secretary, Kamsack Local:—Replying to your favor of the 10th, I have to state that when the amendment to the Co-operative Associations Act, to which you refer, was before the house for consideration, it was only by the earnest efforts of Mr. Maharg and myself that the retail dealers were prevented from

securing an amendment which would have confined the activities of the co-operative associations to dealing with their own shareholders only.

A rather strong position is taken on this question by many leading men in the legislature as well as out of it. It is affirmed that these co-operative bodies of farmers, if they are merely a banding together of certain men for the collective purchase of their own supplies, should be obliged to confine their activities amongst themselves, and there is pretty good argument with which to sustain this contention. The position is taken that where these organized bodies do not go regularly into trading and undertake to carry stocks of goods on hand with which to permanently supply a community they should not be permitted to sell their own surplus to the general public at prices which the merchants cannot possibly meet.

In this manner trade is seriously disarranged, and false impressions of the retail values are created greatly to the detriment of those who assume the responsibility of regularly supplying the entire community. This problem would disappear entirely if the co-operative association were to enter upon trading in a regular manner, carrying supplies on hand and assuming a measure of responsibility to the community in this connection.

The Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association is not a "close corporation," and the membership fee is very slight, so that there can be no good or adequate reason why anyone wishing to participate in the activities of the organized farmers should not become a member of it. If the local body is going to give the same service to non-members as to members, it is difficult to see how the local organization can be permanently maintained.

The regulation does not refer to the Central, which is working under a special act and not under the Agricultural Co-operative Associations Act.

This clause in the Co-operative Act will have to be amended, and I do not think that at the next session of the legislature there will be any difficulty in securing an amendment which will authorize at least all co-operative associations which carry stocks of goods regularly on hand to sell to all comers. In the meantime, until this amendment has been secured, the writer is unable to see how any serious consequence may result to any local body which permits non-members to join with it in making up carload shipments. It has happened on occasion that the local merchant himself has joined with the local association in making up full carloads, and to the present no trouble has arisen because of such action on the part of the local co-operative body.

J. B. MUSSELMAN,
Central Secretary.

WOMEN'S DONATION

Central Secretary:—I have pleasure in enclosing you herewith \$47 for the Belgian Relief fund from the Pearl Lake W.G.G.A. of Allan, Sask.

ERMA STOCKING,
Prov. Sec., W.S.G.G.A.

INVERMAY ACTIVE

Central Secretary:—The membership of our local has increased nearly three times in the last three months. A contest was held between the paid up members. Sides were chosen and the losing side was to have given a supper, which fell thru. The members all secured one member and one got sixteen, bringing the membership up to eighty-nine.

By sending cards to the members stating prices and terms, fifty of them sent in their orders, making the largest order sent from here. July 1 is Grain Growers' day here, and a picnic is to be held on the shore at Stonewall Lake. A booth to supply refreshments will be on deck and half of the proceeds will be donated to the Emergency Fund.

J. C. SNELL,
Sec., Invermay Local

\$150 Cash Prizes

Boys' and Girls' Seed Selection Competition

The Grain Growers' Guide wants to find out where the best wheat and oats are grown in the Prairie Provinces. In order to discover this The Guide is going to pay \$150.00 in cash prizes to boys and girls who will assist in this work. Any boy or girl between 10 and 18 years of age (inclusive) living on a farm in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta may enter the competition. Each contestant may enter the competition for wheat and for oats, and any number may enter from the same family, provided only that no one person may win more than one prize.

The method of selecting the seed will be to go out into your father's grain where the crop is best, just before the binder starts, and select enough of the choicest heads of wheat or oats to thresh out two pounds of clean seed. Put these heads into a sack and pound them until the seed is threshed out. Then winnow them on a windy day, put them into a sack and mail them to The Guide.

The Guide will pay the postage on one sack for each contestant so that they will be under no expense whatever. The competition will close on September 15 and all sacks of grain must be in The Guide office by that date. They will then be judged by an expert grain inspector who has no connection with The Guide whatever and will be entirely disinterested.

The prizes will consist of \$150.00 in cash and will be divided as follows:

Prizes for Wheat:

1st Prize	\$25.00
2nd Prize	20.00
3rd Prize	15.00
4th Prize	10.00
5th Prize	8.00
6th Prize	7.00
7th Prize	6.00
8th Prize	5.00
9th Prize	4.00

Prizes for Oats:

1st Prize	\$20.00
2nd Prize	15.00
3rd Prize	10.00
4th Prize	5.00

This competition is being conducted by the Rural Improvement League of The Grain Growers' Guide. Every boy and girl who wishes to enter must become a member of the Rural Improvement League, which will cost nothing except a little work you can do for The Guide in your own community. Any boy or girl wishing to enter this competition and earn one of these cash prizes, which will be definitely paid out and mailed within two or three weeks after the close of the competition, should sign the attached coupon immediately. If you wait until the crop is ripe it will be too late for you to qualify as a member of the League. Sign the coupon and mail it today. We will reply promptly and tell you how to join the League and give you full instructions to help you select the best grain on your farm.

Secretary, Rural Improvement League,
Grain Growers' Guide,
Winnipeg, Man.

I would like to become a member of the Rural Improvement League and enter the \$150.00 prize competition for the selection of wheat and oats.

Full Name.....

Post Office.....

Province.....

Age.....

Father's Name.....

Mail This Coupon Today
G.G.G.

MESSRS. CATESBYS LTD.
Dept. "C" (of London, Eng.)
Tribune Building, Winnipeg, Man.
Please send me your new season's Style Book and pattern pieces of cloth. I am thinking of buying a suit.

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Get Our Suits Patterns Free

Fill up the coupon above and receive by return mail a set of the finest suit patterns you ever saw. Take your choice of whichever pattern you prefer, and we'll make you a suit from it to your individual measure for about one-half of what it would cost you if you went to your local tailor.

We guarantee the suit to fit or return your money. Does your local tailor do that?

The Burlington Suit—\$13.00, Duty and Carriage Paid.

We are the largest Mail Order Custom Tailors in the British Empire, and have sent thousands of suits to Canada during the past seven years. The styles in our catalogue are the latest. The workmanship in the suits the best, and fully up to the quality of the cloth. Sit down now, before this paper gets lost, and write for the samples. We'll send them by return mail.

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The Boot For Farmers

Lightweight-Comfortable-Wears Like Iron.

Postpaid To You \$3.15



Palmer-McLellan Plow Boots

are made like moccasins—soft as a glove yet tough and wonderfully durable. They are designed to give farmers, dairymen, woodmen, etc., greater foot comfort and all-round satisfaction than will any other boot made for the price.

Made by hand, exclusively of Palmer-McLellan oil tanned leather and from the best hides that can be secured. They are strong and wear like iron. Solid leather sole and heel.

Shaped on right and left lasts, they fit perfectly and never cramp or tire the feet. If you cannot get Palmer-McLellan plow boots from your dealer, mail us the price and size and we will ship you a pair postpaid. Don't forget the boy's size too.



6 inches high, as in cut... \$3.15
10 inches high, same style 3.60
Boys' 6 inches high, same style 2.50
Men's Low Cut Harvest Shoes 2.75
Address Dept. B

Palmer - McLellan Shoe Co. Ltd.

FREDERICTON, N.B.

Catalogue free, illustrating oil-tanned footwear

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Manitoba

This Section of The Guide is conducted officially for the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association By R. C. Henders, President, Suite 4, Balmoral Court, Winnipeg, to whom all communications for this page should be sent.

GREENWAY CONTRIBUTION

The Grain Growers' Association of Greenway canvassed the district last summer for subscriptions to a Patriotic Acre Fund and we are very pleased to announce that the handsome sum of \$764.27 was the result. A cheque for this amount has been forwarded to the Red Cross Society and the best thanks are due the following farmers who so kindly contributed an acre of grain to so worthy a cause. Messrs. J. Bell, S. Bell, W. Parsonage, P. Johnson, A. Young, H. Stone, R. Rarnage, G. Kelso, G. Playfair, A. W. Playfair, W. Mowatt, J. Cramer, F. Murdock, A. Conibear, J. Conibear, C. Tisdale, R. F. Breault, G. Stratford, S. Dillabough, C. Vickers, T. Kenyon, D. McLennan, J. Webber, L. Todd, S. Dowdle, C. Gunbrandson, Wm. Houston, T. Pooles, B. Gerolamy, Wm. Sampson, A. Cline, G. Stewart, Olafson, Arnason, Gudlangson, Swainson, H. Forbes, and Mrs. Sinclair.

THOS. KENYON.

Secretary, Greenway G.G.A.

ASSOCIATION IDEALS

It is hoped that speakers at all Grain Growers' Association meetings this summer will definitely advocate some one or other of the ideals which have actuated the movement, education, public spirit, rural community efficiency, farmers' rights, co-operation, agricultural credits, taxation of land values, opposition to burdensome and unjust tariffs, etc. One of the most effective ways of helping a neighbor association is to tell what particular lines of effort your own association has made successful, and to narrate the benefits which have come to your community from the organization.

Every effort should also be made at the local meetings to stimulate loyalty to the District and Provincial organization in payment of dues and attendance of delegates. Definite arrangements should be made for sending to Carberry as many delegates as possible. Its success depends largely upon the attendance and the inspiration carried back for local work.

Special emphasis should be laid upon the participation of the women and the young people. The co-operation of the women in every locality is absolutely essential for success. Ours is a progressive movement and should enlist the sympathies and the activities of the young. Get them in line. Special emphasis will be laid upon these features at Carberry. See that some ladies are among the delegates sent there. The district officers thank you cordially for your help, and wish you pleasant and successful meetings.

T. H. Drayson, President.
G. A. Hall, Vice President.
Albert McGregor, Prov. Representative.
W. R. Wood, Secretary.

NEEPAWA DISTRICT MEETINGS

The purpose of this letter is to solicit your personal co-operation and that of your branch of the G.G. Association in making the June series of meetings and the District Convention at Carberry on June 28, successful. Very special efforts are being made. A large number have volunteered to help. Our district representative, Albert McGregor is working like a beaver. We want to give the movement the biggest boost it ever had in this locality. We believe in its principles and we want to see them prevail. We are sure you will do what you can to help.

The "best yet" in the line of District Conventions is to be held in Carberry on the 28th. If possible every branch should be represented there. Branches within forty miles of Carberry should each send at least three motor loads to attend. Come prepared to stay for the evening. F. J. Dixon, R. C. Henders, and Rev. C. H. Best of Neepawa are among the speakers. Ladies are specially invited to be present. Woman's work will have a prominent place on the program.

District dues—if you have paid yours, thank you; if you haven't, this is a broad hint. Please do it soon.

Meetings and speakers as follows:—Arden, June 22, 3.45 p.m., R. McKenzie; Barton, June 16, 7.45 p.m., S. Watson

and A. Sneesby; Birnie, June 23, 7.45 p.m., Rev. A. W. Kenner and F. Harper; Brookdale, June 27, 7.45 p.m., Rev. A. W. Kenner and J. Clarke; Eden, June 22, 7.45 p.m., Rev. A. W. Kenner and F. Harper; Franklin, June 23, Rev. C. H. Best and W. Boughton, (G.G.A. meeting combined with picnic.) Gladstone, June 24, 7.45 p.m., R. McKenzie; Glendale, June 26, T. H. Drayson, J. Clarke and W. R. Wood; Glenella, June 22, 7.45 p.m., Rev. A. C. Strachan and W. Milne; Glenholm, June 22, 7.45 p.m., R. McKenzie; Golden Stream, June 19, 7.45 p.m., Albert McGregor and L. Thomson; Howden, June 15, 7.45 p.m., A. A. Turner and A. W. McGregor; Inkerman, June 21, 7.45 p.m., R. McKenzie; Kelwood, June 21, 7.45 p.m., T. H. Drayson and W. R. Wood; Keyes, June 16, 7.45 p.m., Geo. Baker, A. J. M. Poole and W. R. Wood; Mayfield, June 21, 7.45 p.m., Albert McGregor and W. Dale; McCreary, June 20, 7.45 p.m., T. H. Drayson and W. R. Wood; Oglivie, June 23, 2.45 p.m., R. McKenzie; Plumas, June 23, 7.45 p.m., R. McKenzie; Springhill, June 19, 7.45 p.m., Rev. C. H. Best and W. Boughton; Tenby, June 21, 7.45 p.m., A. W. McGregor and G. A. Hall.

District Convention, Carberry, June 28, 2 p.m. Be there.

W. R. WOOD.

District Secretary.

BLUE CROSS FUND

The following letter in acknowledgment of a contribution from one of our branches for this fund has been received this week. This society was organized for encouraging kindness to animals and to help horses in war times. The president is Lady Smith-Dorrien and the headquarters of the society are in London, England.

"I beg to acknowledge your favor of the 9th. inst., enclosing a very generous donation of £4 8s. 3d. from Mr. C. Compton Lundie to our Blue Cross Fund, for which I am most grateful. Enclosed please find official receipt."

ARTHUR J. COKE, Secretary,
"Our Dumb Friends' League,"
The Blue Cross Fund.

BERESFORD CONTRIBUTION

The secretary of the Beresford Association forwarded a cheque for \$100.00 this week for the Patriotic Acre Fund to be contributed to the Red Cross Fund. He states that many of the farmers in the Beresford district are only now threshing which has delayed them in collecting the Patriotic Acre Pledges.

ASSOCIATION DUES RECEIVED

The following branches have contributed their membership dues since last issue:—Dunrea, Woodmore, Virden, Lakeland, Ogilvie, Bield, Binscarth and Ericksdale.

CAMERON BRANCH DONATION

The sum of \$26.20 has been received from Cameron Association as a further contribution to the Patriotic Acre Fund. This amount has been given by Alex. Robertson and Jas. Dowsett, members of their association, and will be distributed to the Patriotic and Belgian Funds as desired.

SOURIS DISTRICT MEETINGS

Meetings are being held in the Souris district at the following points:—Cartwright, Holmfild, Killarney, Long River, Mountain Side, Whitewater, Elva and Elgin, several of these points are having picnics also. Director D. S. McLeod, Secretary Wm. Alison, Pres. O. A. Jones, Jas. Steedman, A. T. Haimsworth, Jas. Kitchen, and Rev. T. Beveridge are assisting at these meetings. It is needless to say, there should be some good profitable meetings held with the above list of speakers.

CO-OPERATION

"It ain't the guns or armament, nor funds that they can pay,
But the close co-operation that makes them win the day—
It ain't the individual, nor the army as a whole,
But the everlasting teamwork of every bloomin' soul."

Rudyard Kipling.

\$15⁹⁵ UPWARD ON TRIAL
Fully Guaranteed

American CREAM SEPARATOR

A SOLID PROPOSITION to send a new, well made, easy running, perfect skimming separator for \$15.95. Skims warm or cold milk; making heavy or light cream.

ABSOLUTELY ON APPROVAL
Bowl a sanitary marvel, easily cleaned. Different from picture which illustrates our large capacity machines. Shipments made promptly from Winnipeg, Man., Toronto, Ont., and St. John, N.B. Whether dairy is large or small, write for handsome free catalog. Address: **AMERICAN SEPARATOR CO., Box 3210 Bainbridge, N. Y.**

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Developing and Printing that Look Fine

Bring your negatives to us and get back the best pictures we can possibly make from them. Our prices are fair.

Our work is bettered by the use of Ansco Chemicals and Cyko Paper, the photo materials which always give best results.

If your camera is the superb Ansco and your film Ansco Film—so much the safer.

MANITOBA PHOTO SUPPLY CO. LTD.

336 SMITH ST., WINNIPEG

TEETH-HEALTH

TALK No. 1

EVILS OF DECAY

Teeth are the portals of health. When the teeth are decayed, poisons are mixed with the food and swallowed, causing gases on the stomach, indigestion and general bad health. Without good teeth true health is impossible.

NOTE THESE REASONABLE PRICES:

Extraction . . . \$0.50
Teeth Cleaned . . 1.00 up
Silver Fillings . . 1.00 up
Gold Fillings . . . 2.00 up
Gold Crowns . . . 7.00
Porcelain Crowns 7.00
Bridge Work (Per Tooth) 7.00
Set of Teeth . . . 10.00 up

(Upper or Lower)

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Dr. J. A. Moran

Successor to Dr. Robinson

Union Bank Chambers, Saskatoon, Sask.

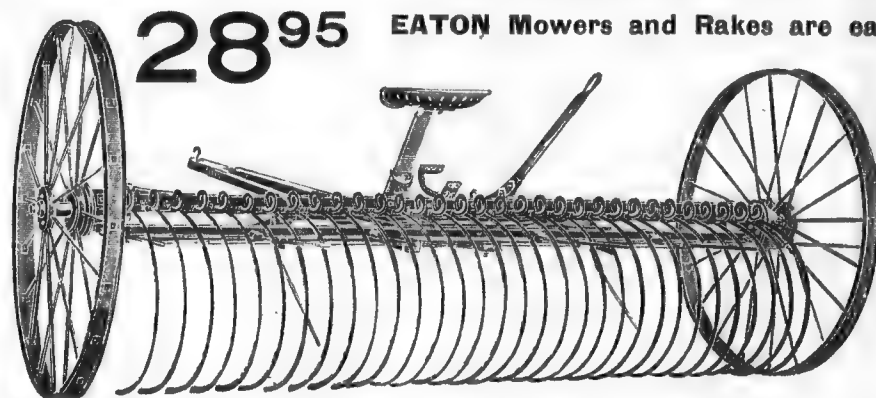
Licensed Practitioner Prov. Saskatchewan

PICKLESTENTS & AWNINGS

ASK FOR PRICES - WINNIPEG

THE HAYING SEASON IS HERE

EATON HAYING MACHINERY WILL GIVE YOU THE BEST SATISFACTION IN THE FIELD



The EATON "Imperial" Sulky Hay Rake is made for Service—strongly constructed, easily drawn on account of the large wheels, which are 54 inches high.

The automatic foot lift, as shown, is of the newest and most efficient design; a very slight touch of the foot will trip it, and the rake will drop a full load clear and clean. This is one of the largest capacity rakes sold to-day. The steel used throughout this "Imperial" Rake is of a very high quality and thoroughly substantial. This rake can be used with either one horse or a team, as the shafts are a combination and can be quickly placed together, making a good rigid tongue. It rakes a 10-foot width. Shipping weight 450 lbs.

97KP105—"Imperial" 10 ft. Sulky Hay Rake. Price, shipped from Winnipeg. **28.95**

Our shipping facilities are such that it only takes a few hours after receiving your order to have your machinery on the way

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED
WINNIPEG CANADA

EATON Mowers and Rakes are easy running, clean working and easy to operate. Substantially built and yet no heavier in construction than is essential to their greatest efficiency. The EATON "Imperial" Mower (as shown) is a favorite.

Some points that explain the light draft and easy operation of "Imperial" Mower—Fitted with Ball and Roller Bearings throughout—32 inch Drive Wheels with traction spurs—5 Foot Cut—complete with Two Knives, complete Set of Tools, some extra Bolts, Guards and Knife Sections. Weight 650 lbs.

97KP103—EATON
Price

44⁷⁵

Shipped from
Winnipeg

5-
Foot
Cut



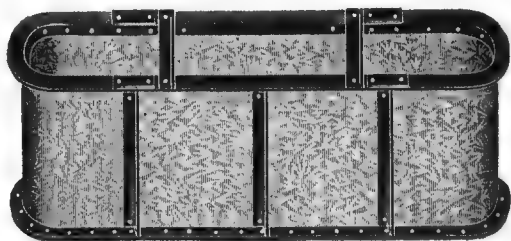
All EATON Machinery is guaranteed to give satisfactory service—and at EATON prices it saves you money



WE PAY THE FREIGHT



From Factory to Farmer at Factory Prices



4 ft. x 2 ft. x 8 ft., 15 barrels, \$18.00

GALVANIZED SHEEP DIPPING TANK

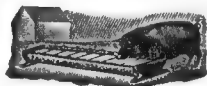
No.	Height.	Length at top.	Length at bottom.	Width at top.	Width at bottom.	Weight.	Price.
1	3 ft.	6 ft.	4 ft.	2 ft.	1 ft.	120 lbs.	\$16.50
2	4 ft.	8 ft.	4 ft.	2 ft.	1 ft.	190 lbs.	\$24.00

Drip Board, 8 ft. long, same width as tank, edges turned up, for sheep to walk out on, \$2.00 extra.

A MONEY BACK GUARANTEE WITH EVERY TANK
SEND TODAY FOR CATALOG

Freeland Steel Tank Company

Manufacturers of All Kinds of Steel Tanks



HALBRITE, SASK.

Lock Box #7



All Steel—6 ft., \$2.35
8 ft., \$3.05

12 barrel—\$35.00
16 barrel—\$42.00

GUARANTEED PLOW SHARES Reduced Prices

Fitted and Belled



12 inch	\$2.00
14 inch	2.25
16 inch	2.50

F.O.B. Swift Current, Sask.

Write for our delivered prices on 25 Shares or more.
Write for our delivered prices on Cedar Fence Posts.

Any Defective Shares Replaced

THE NATIONAL SUPPLY CO.

Swift Current, Sask.

THE GREAT SECRET

of the Farmers' Confidence in our

Hail Insurance Policy

Our FAIR and QUICK ADJUSTMENTS and IMMEDIATE CASH PAYMENTS

Our Assets Total \$37,900,000. Consult our local agent for rates and ask to see letters from satisfied clients. Agents Wanted.

NOVA SCOTIA FIRE UNDERWRITERS } Of the Home Insurance Company
WINNIPEG FIRE UNDERWRITERS

GILFOY-MILLER INSURANCE AGENCIES LTD., General Agents (for Alberta) - P.O. Box 1225, CALGARY

The Importance of FRESH oil

Oil is composed of very small balls, or globules, which roll between the parts oiled—that is the action of lubrication. As soon as these balls become broken, as they quickly do, they are useless—worse than useless for they keep away fresh oil. That is why the old-time splash system of oiling fails—it uses and re-uses "worn-out" oil. Following the lead of big automobile makers, we use in the "Superior" Separator

"Direct-to-Bearings" Oiling System

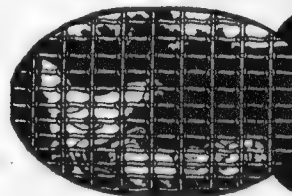
Fresh oil is dropping on the important bearings all the time, and yet less oil is actually used in a year than with the "Splash" or "Bath in oil" system.

Write to-day for book of "SUPERIOR" Separator facts, showing why our machine is not only the easiest to turn, but skims the closest of all.

The "SUPERIOR" Separator

THE ONTARIO MACHINE CO., Limited

18 Bloor Street East
TORONTO



PEERLESS POULTRY FENCE

A Real Fence—Not Netting

Strongly made and closely spaced—making it a complete barrier against large animals as well as small poultry. Top and bottom wires No. 9—intermediate No. 12 wire—made by the Open Hearth process which time and other tests have proven to be the best. Send for catalog. Ask about our farm and ornamental fencing. Agencies nearly everywhere. Agents wanted in unassigned territory. The Benwell-Hoxie Wire Fence Company, Ltd., Winnipeg, Man., Hamilton, Ont.



Travel from one to two years free in your Ford on your saving in one year's depreciation

Other cars in the \$1000 or less class, after one year of service, are worth from \$250 to \$400 less than their purchase price. That's *their* depreciation.

Ford cars, after a year's hard work, sell on an average for only \$125 less than they cost brand new. That's *Ford* depreciation.

The difference in depreciation of these year-old cars ranges from \$125 in the one case to \$275 in the other—both considerable savings for Ford owners.

Thousands of owners tell us that it costs .024 per mile on an average to drive a Ford—paying for gasoline, oil, tires and repairs.

So, if your saving in depreciation for a year is \$125 you pay all your expenses for 5,208 miles—while if it is \$275, you have kept enough money in your pocket to pay for driving your Ford 11,458 miles.

Buying a Ford in preference to other less than \$1,000 cars, lets you save in one year's time a difference in depreciation that pays all your motoring bills for from one to two years.

Think it over.

Ford Motor Company
OF CANADA, LIMITED.
FORD, ONT.

Ford Runabout \$490
Ford Touring - 530
Ford Coupelet - 730
Ford Sedan - 890
Ford Town Car 780
f. o. b. Ford, Ontario



All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer.

18

The "Waterloo Boy" Kerosene One-Man Tractor

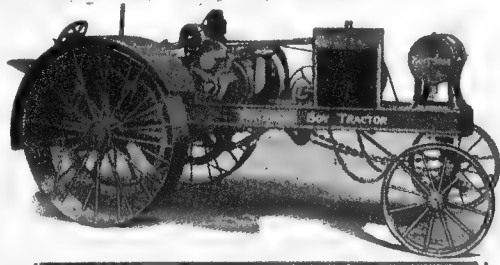
DOES NOT REQUIRE AN EXPERT TO RUN IT

So simple is its mechanism that any farmer can run it without any previous engineering experience. No intricate parts to get out of order. Couple this feature with the fact that it is built to operate on Kerosene with no special attachments whatsoever for the heavier fuel, and you have the ideal light-weight tractor—the tractor you want. Gasoline is too expensive for ordinary farm purposes. The Waterloo Boy Kerosene One-Man Tractor will save you money the year around.

Here's the Proof!

Smiley, Sask., May 27, 1916
The Gasoline Engine & Supply Co.,
Winnipeg, Man.

Dear Sirs:—I suppose you would like to know how the machine works. Well, it sure has done well, for I knew nothing whatever about an engine of any kind until I got this one, and I ran it myself. It pulls the plows as guaranteed, starts easy, and runs fine on kerosene. Yours truly,
(Signed) M. B. CARLEY



Weight only 4800 lbs. Brake Test 24 H.P.; Draw Bar 12 H.P.
Ignition, High Tension Dixie Magneto. With Impulse Starter

The striking point about this testimonial is that in the Kinderley district it requires five horses to pull one 14-inch breaking plow and six for steady work. The Waterloo Boy will pull two 14-inch plows in any prairie breaking and three in stubble. Enough said! Let us mail you further particulars free. Write today. We also handle Gas Engines, Grain Grinders, Cordwood and Pole Saws, Electric Lighting Machinery, Hand and Power Washing Machines, Grain Elevators, Pump Jacks, Small Threshing Machinery, Belting and Threshers' Supplies.

GASOLINE ENGINE AND SUPPLY COMPANY LIMITED

WINNIPEG

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

On the Edge of the Barrens

By Stephen Allen Reynolds

Continued from Last Week

Buck paused to split some hard-tack ready for toasting. Seeing a look of inquiry in the invalid's eyes he added:

"I sent him away in the whale-boat. He's to scout around Chesterfield Inlet for a few days. I want to get a line on the big herd of caribou that's due there about this time."

Buck glanced out of the sliding window toward the bay, and then nonchalantly reached for his carbine. He took the weapon from its case, wiped it free from the heavy grease which had been smeared over it, and then took it apart.

He wiped and oiled every part of the action, ran a "pull-thru" from breech to muzzle, and then reached for Napier's carbine.

"Might's well clean 'em both," he growled as he saw his fellow constable's eye on him.

The invalid's weapon cleaned and oiled, Buck picked up both carbines and strode to the door. He leaned the weapons against the inland side of the house, and then looked seaward.

The sloop had negotiated the passage between the outer reefs. A thousand yards away, near a patch of dirty yellow ice that still clung to an inner reef, the vessel shot up into the wind.

As her weigh lessened and the main-sail shook to the fresh breeze, a dull, rumbling sound was borne ashore. The sloop had anchored.

Buck's jaw muscles flickered. Unwittingly he clenched his fists at the thought of the audacity of the liquor runner, his impudence in anchoring his craft under the very nose of the police.

For a few moments the constable lingered. He saw the jib and mainsail furled and a boat dropped. Something was lowered into the boat. It was too far distant for Buck to determine the nature of the object.

Then men swarmed into the boat; oar-blades flashed in the morning sunlight, and the smaller craft was headed for shore. Buck waited to see no more.

He entered the hut. From an ammunition-case he crammed his pockets full of .303 "soft-points." From a peg at the head of his bunk he seized his service belt and donned it.

"What's up?" asked Napier, viewing with curiosity the warlike preparations of his comrade.

"Thought I'd try a little target-practise this mornin'," lied Buck. "T'won't bother you, will it, lad?"

Napier shook his head and turned his attention to a cup of steaming milk Oolah held out to him. Walsh edged nearer his bunk.

Unobserved he ran his hand around the outer bunk-board until it encountered a flat parcel wrapped in buckskin. He grasped it and, keeping his body between Napier and the package, slipped from the room.

For several minutes Buck's fingers moved rapidly. He jammed both carbine magazines full of cartridges, worked the bolts that drove home the first cartridge, and threw on the safeties. He loaded his service revolver and thrust it back in the low-swinging holster.

Then he turned his attention to the buckskin parcel. As he unrolled the tanned skin several objects were disclosed—a shoulder-holster lined with soft chamois, two boxes of cartridges, and lastly, a wicked-looking flat pistol of generous caliber.

It was a Colt .380—a weapon that Buck had long since purchased on his own account.

Lovingly the constable handled its smooth, blue frame. He filled its magazine and thrust it within the hollow butt. He worked the cocking-piece that made the pistol ready for instant play, then threw up the thumb-latch and placed the weapon in the shoulder holster.

For a few minutes the constable scowled at the approaching boat, then he laid down the holster and re-entered the barrack.

"There's quite a chill in the wind yet," he growled as he pawed over some garments hung along the wall. Might's

well put on 'the red' for a change," he added as he dragged down the red tunic of the mounted.

Napier forced a smile as Buck thrust his long arms in the red coat and hastened from the room.

Once outside again Buck threw off the coat. Unbuckling his belt he cast that aside. Then he donned the shoulder-holster and fastened the breast-strap.

Once more he put on the red tunic and girdled himself with the service belt. With a final glance at the loaded carbines resting against the house Buck sauntered slowly toward the rocky beach.

"I'm ready for anything," he muttered to himself as he eyed the boat and its occupants, now but a few yards away.

CHAPTER III.

Buck Walsh—Bouncer.

Six men leaped from the whaleboat as its keel crushed the kelp at the water's edge—three men to a side. They grasped the gunwales of the boat and hauled it out.

Buck drew closer. He saw a cask, bilge down, resting upon the middle thwarts of the boat.

The boat beached, five of the men lingered near by it, while one of them approached the constable.

"My name's West," began the big fellow who drew near Buck.

"And my name's Walsh—Constable Bucklyn F. Walsh, of the mounted police," returned Buck coolly.

"Don't see any hosses around yere," laughed the whisky-runner hoarsely. "I should call yer a dis-mounted police-man."

A snicker ran around the group at the boat. There was a sneer on the evil face of Whisky West as he went on:

"We're come ashore fer water. Reckon you ain't got any objections to us a fillin' our cask at the pond?"

Buck shook his head. He could not trust his voice. A pale tinge swept over his face at the jeer of West's men. It was not the pallor of fear.

It was the brand of pallor that usually precedes gun-play.

The thought that he was face to face with the murderer of a brother constable was almost more than he could bear. His fingers itched to leap to one of his weapons that he might drive a bullet between the greenish-blue eyes of the outlaw.

Silently, just out of ear-shot of the barrack above, the two men faced each other.

Buck saw a rough-clothed person about his own height, but far stouter in build. A barrel-shaped body set atop stocky legs, a short neck, a face which needed soap and a razor were characteristics of Whisky West.

When he opened his mouth to speak he displayed snags of broken teeth in his upper jaw—apertures which served him for the convenient discharge of tobacco-juice.

Deep-set eyes of a greenish hue lay behind a nose that had once been broken. A ragged beard but half concealed the cruel mouth. All in all the liquor-runner possessed an exterior repelling, unsavory and brutal.

On the other hand, Walsh was standing before him a lean, grey-eyed man, whose freshly shaven face was several shades darker than the close-cropped moustache above the firm mouth. Fawn skin trousers, native style, with the fur next to the skin, were thrust into the tops of a pair of fresh-water-seal mukluks.

The five-buttoned tunic of flaring red was held closed at the waist by service belt and sagging holster.

There was something about the folded arms and stern demeanor of the bare-headed man that West did not quite understand. There was an authoritative pose to the square chin, an alert, fearless expression in the eyes that never left West's save to flash now and then a watchful glance toward the men at the boat.

Once or twice in his life West had

encountered such men. And these meetings had proven disastrous for both his person and plans.

West's gaze roved over the four pocket-flaps of the red coat, traveled upward, and rested upon one of the shining collar-badges. Noisily, moving neither his lips nor his chin, he spat straight in front of him.

"Better fer us to have an under-standin' right now," he ventured.

Buck stood as immovable as the Volunteers' Monument in Winnipeg. He offered no remark.

"I'm goin' ter do some tradin' hereabouts this summer," went on West. He waved a thumb over his shoulder, indicating the group around the whale-boat. "Me and my men stand on our rights ter trade. We're all citizens o' th' Dominion."

Buck could not resist smiling grimly. He knew that West, an American by birth, had taken out Dominion naturalization papers with the palpable intent of thereby gaining undue advantage over legitimate traders and hunters from "the States."

Whisky, West spat, and went on: "We're up here to make an honest livin', and we ain't goin' to stand fer interference—police or no police, mounted or unmounted. Them that butts in 'll get hurt quick and bad."

This open defiance and threat was more than Buck could stand. He had intended giving the outlaw no inkling of his knowledge or plans.

Now he stepped three paces to the front. Noiseless as a captive tiger pacing the sawdust-covered planks of its cage were the movements of the king's man. He thrust his face within twelve inches of the surprised countenance of the whisky-runner.

"West," said he in low, vibrant tones, "I've got some plain words for yuh. You and your dirty crew came up here to trade rum; to shoot in the back those who'd stop yuh. Now, get this straight!" The constable's index-finger almost touched the crooked nose of the other. "If you or your gang bring so much as an ounce of liquor ashore around here, I'm goin' to arrest the last man of yuh!"

Buck paused to let his words sink in. Then, using his pointed finger as a man would in snap-shooting with a pistol, he went on:

"And if there's the least show of resistance—yuh'll go to feed the fish in the bay. Damned if I'd dig a grave for the likes of you!"

The grey eyes flashed. Thru clenched teeth came the final words: "Now get out! You've got plenty o' water aboard. Go back and use it—you lousy crook!"

West's face was twisted with passion. His greenish eyes were mere slits as he fell back a pace. His right hand crept beneath the skirt of his greasy reefer.

Buck did not draw.

Why he failed then and there to put an end to the earthly activities of Whisky West, he himself could not explain. Instead, he followed up his man and crooked his right elbow.

A crouching movement, as if he were preparing to lift a heavy weight, followed. Then, every muscle tense, Buck heaved himself erect and shot upward his right arm.

It was an uppercut par excellence.

Had not West been a bear of a man, the blow would most likely have broken his jaw. As it was, he was nearly lifted from his feet. Then, every fibre and function inert for the moment, the massive body collapsed and fell prone upon the rocks.

Buck's next move was characteristic of him.

Before stooping to pay further attention to the motionless body at his feet, he flashed a precautionary glance toward the whale-boat. He was just in time.

Three of the scoundrels stood open-mouthed, but two of them were fumbling in their side pockets.

"Hands up!" snapped the constable.

As he barked the command his right hand flew to the shoulder holster and whipped out the Colt.

Four pairs of hands shot upward as one. The fifth man was slow. Watching him narrowly, Buck waited until he caught the glint of a shining object emerging from the pocket.

The whip-like crack of the automatic

FRUIT! DIRECT FROM OUR ORCHARDS TO YOU

Kind	Season	Net Weight	Price
CHERRIES, Preserving	June and July	18 lbs.	\$1.80
CHERRIES, Black, Dessert	July	20 "	2.25
APRICOTS	Aug.	20 "	80
PEACHES	Aug. and Sept.	20 "	75
PLUMS, Preserving	Aug. and Sept.	20 "	80
PLUMS, Dessert	Aug.	20 "	1.00
PLUMS, Blue, Preserving	Sept.	20 "	60
CRAB APPLES	Aug.	40 "	1.40
PEARS	Aug.	40 "	2.00
APPLES	Fall and Winter	40 "	1.25
TOMATOES	Aug. and Sept.	20 "	75
CUCUMBERS, Large	July, Aug. and Sept.	20 "	60

All prices F.O.B. Pentticton; 5 per cent. discount for 10 case lots of one kind. September preserving cars a specialty. Write for particulars.

Express to C.P.R. points in Saskatchewan about 2½ cents per pound.

Express to C.P.R. points in Manitoba about 2½ cents per pound.

Express to C.P.R. points in Alberta about 2½ cents per pound.

CO-OPERATIVE FRUIT GROWERS A. J. FINCH PENTTICTON, B.C.
Manager

Fresh Fruits!

We can supply you with the following lines of Ontario fruit during the season: Cherries, Gooseberries, Red and Black Currants, Tomatoes, Plums, Peaches, Pears, Grapes and Apples, at wholesale prices. Special prices on carload lots. Also California and Southern fruit in season. Also open to handle consignments of butter and eggs.

HYSLOP & SONS

132 Princess St. - Winnipeg

References—Any Mercantile Agency
PHONE, WRITE OR WIRE

ANNUAL MEETING

The Eighth Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of Public Press Limited will be held in the offices of the company, 275 Sherbrook Street, Winnipeg, on Tuesday, July 18th, 1916, at 8 p.m.

W. H. QUINN, Sec.-Treas.

A range you can easily control



IT is wonderfully simple and easy to regulate both your cooking and the expenditure of fuel,—money. And easy to manage, means easy to economize, you know.

All the Kootenay controls are on the outside. For instance, how infinitely easier to control the damper from the front of the stove—the Kootenay way—

than to bend over the hot top to reach it! Surprising how quickly one gets almost complete control of every bit of heat, making it do your bidding. You keep an eye on the thermometer, and the smokepipe fuel saver, handy dampers, and on the oven that loses no heat; all work together for splendid cooking at least expense.

You want to know about the sensible ideas for saving time, the fine bakings you can do with a small amount of fuel, and the way the range withstands the wear and tear that wrecks ordinary ranges; its aluminized flues mean long life to the range because the coated steel linings are rust-proof; asbestos joints prevent leakage of air at joints.

McClary's Kootenay Range

The new booklet, just off the press, tells everything in an interesting way. Tear out the coupon and send it to the factory. Before you forget, and certainly before you buy a range, get your copy.

McClary's

London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg
Vancouver St. John Hamilton Calgary
Saskatoon Edmonton

Tear
off this
Coupon

Kindly send me
a copy of your book-
let about the Kootenay
Range.

Name

Address

Farmers' Market Place

POULTRY

60 PURE BRED WHITE LEGHORN HENS
one year old, \$10 per dozen. Mrs. Geo. Robson,
Dinsmore, Sask. 23-3

EGGS

AI STOCK—BARRED, BUFF, WHITE ROCKS,
White Wyandottes, Buff Orpingtons, Rose and
Single Reds, White Leghorns eggs. Chicks,
breeding stock, six weeks Leghorn pullets, \$1.00.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Write United Poultry
Farms, Winnipeg, Man.

ROSE COMB WHITE WYANDOTTES—BRED-
to-lay, \$1.75 per 12, express prepaid. Mrs.
Howell, Langenburg, Sask. 20-6

BARRED ROCK EGGS, \$1.25 PER SETTING
now. R. A. Alexander, Haultain, Sask. 23-4

HORSES AND PONIES

U. A. WALKER & SONS, CARNEGIE, MAN.,
breeders of Clydesdales. Mares and fillies for
sale. 23tf

TWO PEDIGREE CLYDE MARES AND CHEAP
team of geldings for sale. O. Philippi, Headingly,
Man.

FARM STOCK FOR SALE

ORCHARD FARM OFFERINGS—50 SHORT-
horn bulls, including splendid two-year-olds,
many richly bred herd headers and extra good
yearlings, cheap. Shorthorn females. Clydes-
dales and Yorkshires. J. Bousfield, MacGregor,
Man. 11tf

CATTLE

FOR SALE—JERSEY BULL, AGED 18 MONTH
good registered stock. Price \$75.00. C. Black,
Strathmore, Alberta.

EVERGREEN FARM—SHORTHORN BULLS
Yorkshire boars and a few sows to farrow in
July. Price and quality right. Phone or write
Thos. Sanderson, Holland, Man. 25-6

BROWNE BROS., NEUDORF, SASK.—BREED-
ers of Aberdeen Angus Cattle. Stock for sale.

WELL BRED SHORTHORN BULL, PROVEN
sire. Owner introducing new blood and will
sell cheap. Mrs. F. Larkin, Senlac, Sask. 24-2

SHEEP

FOR SALE—SHROPSHIRE, OXFORD AND
range ewes. Try them on summerfallow.
Simon Downie and Sons, Carstairs, Alta. 24-1tf

PATENTS AND LEGAL

FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO., PATENT SOLIC-
itors—The Old Established Firm. Head Office,
Royal Bank Building, Toronto, and 8 Elgin
St., Ottawa, and other principal cities. 7tf

C. L. ST. JOHN, BARRISTER, ETC., MINNE-
dosa, Man. 23-1tf

ERNEST LAYCOCK, B.A., LL.B., BARRISTER
and Solicitor, Wilkie, Sask.

BONNAR, TRUAMAN, HOLLANDS & ROBIN-
son, Barristers, etc.—R. A. Bonnar, K.C.; W.
H. Truaman, LL.B.; Ward Hollands; T. W.
Robinson, LL.B. Offices 503-504 Winnipeg
Electric Railway Building, Winnipeg. P.O. Box
158. Telephone Garry 4783.

FARM LANDS

COLVILLE RESERVATION, HOMESTEADS—
350,000 acres to open, drawing July 27. New
edition big map 24 x 38 ins., showing government
surveys, townships, Indian allotments, streams,
roads, with full description climate, soil, products
and opening plan; mailed \$1. Clair Hunt,
Colville, Wash., former government agent;
reference any Colville bank. 22-4

FOR SALE—320 ACRES, WESTERN SAS-
katchewan, three miles from good town. 245
acres under cultivation, 10 acres alfalfa. Write
for terms. J. Peterson, Unity, Sask.

MISCELLANEOUS

FARM SUPPLIES—CAR LOTS—SALT, SUGAR,
cement and fence wire at bottom wholesale
prices direct from factories. Write for prices.
McCormick Lumber & Supply Co., Merchants
Bank, Winnipeg. 22tf

SAFES—ALL SIZES NEW AND SECOND-
hand. Safe Cabinets, Cash Registers. Low
prices, easy terms. Write for catalog. Winnipeg
Safe Works, Limited, 50 Princess St., Winnipeg.

STEAM AND DOMESTIC COAL—SCREENED
lump on cars at Tofteld \$1.90 per ton. Tofteld
Coal Company, Limited. 38tf

THE BRIGGS TANNERY, CALGARY, ALTA.
Fur and hide dressers, makers of coats and robes.
Hides bought. 24-4

FREE—AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS—YOU
are not getting the best results. Put yourself
under the care of experts. Send 2 negatives and
we will send samples free, together with price
list. Developing 10 cents, prints from 2 1/2 cents
up, post cards 50 cents per dozen. We pay
return postage. The Gas City Photo Co.,
Photo Supplies for the Amateur, Medicine Hat,
Alta. 24-4

TWINE—McCORMICK TWINE FOR SALE,
two carload, 550 ft. extra manilla. Reasonable
price for immediate acceptance. Wire for
terms. Secretary, Grain Growers' Association,
Shaunavon, Sask.

CONDUCTED FOR THOSE WHO

Want to Buy, Sell or Exchange

RATES ON CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

4c Per Word—Per Week

Address all letters to The Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word, as for example: "T. B. White has 2,100 acres for sale" contains eight words. Be sure and sign your name and address. Do not have any answers come to The Guide. The name and address must be counted as part of the ad. and paid for at the same rate. All advertisements must be classified under the heading which applies most closely to the article advertised. No display type or display lines will be allowed in classified ads. All orders for classified advertising must be accompanied by cash. No orders will be accepted for less than fifty cents. Advertisements for this page must reach us seven days in advance of publication day, which is every Wednesday. Orders for cancellation must also reach us seven days in advance.

FARM MACHINERY

CASTINGS WELDED AND GUARANTEED.
Oxy-Acetylene process, oldest, largest plant
West. Cylinders, crankcases, gear wheels, etc.,
made new. Manitoba Welding & Mfg. Co.
58 Princess St., Winnipeg. 8-1f

HIG 4 30-60 GAS TRACTOR WITH SELF
steering device. Eight furrow Cockshutt plow,
automatic lift. Two set double engine discs,
10 ft. Plows and discs almost new. All in
good repair. For sale cheap to close an estate.
Neil McDonald, Fertile, Sask.

WANTED—TERRITORY TO DRILL WATER
wells. Improved outfit and practical driller.
Particulars, Thos. Longstreet, Brantford, R.R.
2, Ont.

FOR SALE—\$6 BY 60 GOODISON SEPARATOR,
one 6 furrow Perlin & Orendorf plow, breaking
and stubble bottoms, all in good repair. Sold
to close estate. No reasonable offer refused.
S. C. Fleury & Son, Welwyn, Sask.

SWINE

IMPROVED YORKSHIRES—FROM PRIZE
Winning and imported stock; also Shorthorn
cattle. A. D. McDonald and Son, Sunnyside
Stock Farm, Napinka, Man. 7tf

IMPROVED REGISTERED YORKSHIRES—
Large and prolific; pigs from mature sows. Cole-
man & Son, Redvers, Sask. 15-8

FOR SALE—IMPROVED YORKSHIRE PIGS
from prize winning stock. Philip Leech, Baring,
Sask. 19-12

LONG IMPROVED ENGLISH BERKSHIRE
pigs. Our prize winning sows just littered. Order
spring pigs now. Chas. W. Weaver, Deloraine,
Man. 21-1f

REGISTERED BERKSHIRES FROM PRIZE
Winning Stock. G. A. Hope, Wadena, Sask.

FOR SALE—REGISTERED POLAND CHINA
boars, sows and young pigs. R. P. Roop, Millet,
Alberta. 24-3

CHESTER WHITES FOR SALE, BOTH SEX.
Leslie Rinn, Snowflake, Man. 24-3

SPRING PIGS—REGISTERED DUROC JER-
sey. We are booking orders now from our prize
winning herd. Write for prices and particulars.
J. W. Bailey & Son, Wetaskiwin, Alta. 25-4

FOR SALE—REGISTERED BERKSHIRES, \$10
at 10 weeks, I.O.B. Edgerton, G.T.P., Alberta.
Spencer Bros., Edgerton. 25-2

FOR SALE—PURE BRED DUROC JERSEY
pigs. J. A. Hurley, Guernsey, Sask.

SEED GRAIN AND GRASSES

FALL RYE FOR SALE—FREE FROM NOXIOUS
weeds. One dollar per bushel, cleaned and
sacked. Arthur LeFavorel, Cayley, Alberta.

LUMBER, FENCE POSTS, ETC.

LUMBER, DOORS, WINDOWS, FENCE POSTS.
No. 2 boards and shiplap, \$18.50; No. 3 1 x 4
flooring, \$22.00; XXX shingles, \$3.00. Get
our Illustrated Catalogue and Price List. It
gives low prices on a great variety of Doors,
Windows, Hardware, Paints and other materials.
Ask for prices on car lots. A. B. Cushing Lumber
Co. Ltd., Calgary, Alta. 17tf

BUY LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, DOORS,
windows direct from mill. Save 25% to 50%
and obtain better quality. Write for price list
or send bill for delivered price. F. M. T. C.
Lumber Company, Vancouver, B.C. 20tf

LUMBER, FENCE POSTS, ETC., AT BOTTOM
wholesale prices, car lots. Get our prices before
ordering elsewhere. McCollom Lumber &
Supply Co., Merchants Bank, Winnipeg. 22tf

rang out as the full-mantled .380 tore
thru the fellow's wrist and went whist-
ling out to sea. A nickel-plated revol-
ver fell clattering upon the rocks.

"Next time, you get it thru the
neck," cautioned Buck as the wounded
man howled and clutched his bleeding
wrist.

"Come here, you!" commanded the
constable, addressing the nearest man.

An undersized fellow with a pair of
outstanding ears that had once been
badly frost-bitten slouched up. His
trembling hands were pointed skyward;
his wavering eyes betrayed cowardice
and fear.

"Face the other way!"
The fellow turned. With a wary eye
on the other, Buck proceeded to search
his man. Nothing more dangerous than
a sheath-knife rewarded his efforts.

With a fling of his arm, the constable
tossed the knife into the bay.

"About—turn! Face the water!"
Buck commanded the others. The muz-
zle of his pistol swept the line.

Clumsily—some to the right about,
some to the left about—the four turned
their backs. Buck prodded the man
with the frost-bitten ears. The fellow
squirmed at the touch of the cocked
automatic.

"Quick—march!" barked the ex-
sergeant of Rangers. "Halt!" he add-
ed as the marcher drew near his fel-
lows.

"Now, you with the big ears, take off
the coats o' those bums! Throw 'em in
a pile near—"

(To be continued next week)

MERCHANTS BANK REPORT

The Fifty-Third Annual Meeting of
the Merchants Bank of Canada was held
in Montreal on June 7, 1916. The re-
port shows a very material strengthening
of the bank's position.

The bank's assets for the year ending
April 29, 1916, shows an increase of more
than \$10,000,000 over last year and \$13,-
000,000 more than 1914. While there
has been a decrease in profits, as was
naturally to be expected under existing
conditions, there has been a very ap-
preciable increase in the percentage of
quickly realizable assets. That the sound-
ness of this policy of being ready for any
emergency has been appreciated is re-
flected in the large increase in deposits
received during the year. Deposits have
grown during the twelve months by the
considerable sum of \$10,000,000. As an
indication of improved conditions an ex-
pansion is noted of about \$1,500,000 in
loans and discounts in Canada and a
similar amount in call loans, while notes
in circulation have increased by about
\$1,200,000.

NEW PATRIOTIC SONG

"I'll be a long, long way from home,"
written and composed by Howard Miller,
better known on the stage as "The Great
Howard," was recently dedicated to The
Returned Soldiers' Association of Win-
nipeg, without any charge or royalty,
with the object of raising money for this
worthy institution. Mr. Miller was play-
ing at the Pantages Theatre, Winnipeg,
when he became conversant with the work
the R.S.A. was performing in aid of
widows of soldiers and returned soldiers.
The song itself has a lilting melody, a
haunting refrain and the words are
particularly adapted to Canada and her
fighting sons. Here is the chorus:—

"I'll be a long, long way from home, dear,
When I land across the sea,
I'll be a long, long way from you, dear,
But I know you'll think of me;
And when the war is over,
And back to you I come,
I know that you'll be mighty proud of me,
And Canada, her son."

It is written in the key of G and has a
very simple accompaniment. Over 14,000
copies have been sold already. The
Returned Soldiers' Association meets
every train, finds the boys accommoda-
tion, takes care of their welfare in general
and assists them to find employment.
Copies of this song are being sold for
25 cents and can be obtained from A. H.
Smith, Secretary, Finance Committee,
The Returned Soldiers' Association, 535
Grain Exchange, Winnipeg. Every cent
realized from the sale of this song goes
to the funds of the R.S.A. to enable it
to carry out its good work.

GRAIN GROWERS' MANAGER KILLED

Henry Stemper, managing director of
The Grain Growers' Export Company,
was killed on Wednesday night, June 14,
in an automobile accident in New York.
Mr. Stemper was considered one of the
ablest grain men on the continent and
the company was a very large exporter
to European countries. The Grain
Growers' Export Company is a sub-
sidiary company to The Grain Growers'
Company and has its head office in
Winnipeg, but Mr. Stemper was located
in New York on account of the large
volume of business handled from that
port. Mr. Crerar, who is also president
of The Grain Growers' Export Company,
went to New York on Friday last.

Mr. William Southam, who has resigned
as a director of the Steel Company of
Canada, is one of the best known pub-
lishers in the Dominion. As president
of Southam's Limited, he controls the
Hamilton Spectator, the Ottawa Citizen,
and the Calgary Herald. Mr. Southam
was born in Montreal in 1843, educated
in London, Ont., and then commenced
his business career as a practical printer,
later purchasing and founding various
newspapers. He is a director of several
corporations such as the Hamilton Steel
and Iron Company, the Mercantile Trust
Company, the Dominion Power and
Transmission Company, and is president
of the Hamilton and Fort William Nav-
igation Company. He is a generous giver
to all charitable work, especially anything
in connection with the prevention of
tuberculosis.

"Hogs is Hogs"

"—and pigs is pigs." It matters not what breed they are, pure bred hogs for breeding stock
are in demand just now. And there's good enough reason. Look at hog prices! Packers
have lately been offering ten cents per pound live weight for choice hogs fed and watered.
Farmers who have hogs to market are turning them off at a handsome profit. Such prices
on pork mean a boom in breeding stock. If you have breeding stock for sale get in now while
the going is good.

Just watch the swine column on this page during the next few weeks. This column is growing
because The Guide classified advertisements bring results. The majority of those advertising
now have found from experience that it pays to use The Guide. That's why the same breeders
names appear on this page year after year.

Last week we published a letter relating the experience of Mr. Isaac, Aberdeen, Sask., who
advertised his Berkshires in The Guide. P. J. Jorgensen, Pambrum, Sask., who has Poland
China hogs, writes us under recent date as follows: "I must say I am well satisfied with the
results obtained. I think The Guide is the best farm paper I ever read. Wishing you every
success."

The Guide's "Farmers' Market Place" is planned so as to co-operate with the readers in
affording them an economical opening to wider markets. A glance at this page will show the
many departments into which it is divided. This affords the prospective buyer a quick method
of referring to the section in which he will find offerings in the line he intends to buy. Naturally
he will look over all the advertisements in that particular section before making his choice.
This means that every advertisement will be read by every prospective buyer. This is the
strong advantage of this classified section.

Advertising rates are given at the top of this page. Send in your order now accompanied by
the amount for the number of times you wish your ad. to run, and let The Guide demonstrate
to you, as it has to hundreds of other farmers, how it can sell.

The Grain Growers' Guide - Winnipeg

MONEY TO LOAN!

on first mortgages on improved farm lands at current rate. Loans promptly negotiated. Charges reasonable. Correspondence invited.

The Huron & Erie Mortgage Corporation

WINNIPEG REGINA EDMONTON

THE Weyburn Security Bank

Head Office: Weyburn, Sask.

SEVENTEEN BRANCHES IN SASKATCHEWAN

A Western Banking Institution for Western People

H. O. POWELL - General Manager

MONEY TO LOAN!

in moderate amounts on improved occupied farm property

PROMPT CURRENT
ATTENTION RATES

Full Particulars from

UNION TRUST COMPANY LIMITED

REGINA, Sask. 101 WINNIPEG, Man.

Do You Need Money?

The Mutual Life of Canada is prepared to advance money on liberal terms to any desiring accommodation where satisfactory security is furnished.

The Company has loaned upon mortgages in the different provinces of Canada over fourteen millions of dollars and our clients are satisfied clients.

The Mutual aims to be as generous as is consistent with safety, and so render a helpful service to any who consult them for either assurances or loans.

APPLY TO

CHAS. V. CAESAR, Edmonton, Alta.

COLIN FRASER, Box 34, Regina, Sask.

OR TO

P. D. MCKINNON, Lindsay Building
Winnipeg, Man.

Big Money in Running Water

Let us start you in a business that will make you from \$15 to \$50 a day when farm work is slack. Other men have done it for years with an

Improved Powers Combined Well Boring and Drilling Machine

Same rig bores through any soil at rate of 100 ft. in 10 hours, and drills through rock. One team hauls and operates machine. Engine power if wanted. Easy to operate—no experts needed. Small investment; easy terms. Make machine pay for itself in a few weeks work.

There is a big demand for wells to water stock and for irrigation. Write for free illustrated circulars showing different styles. List Manufacturing Co. Box 980 Clarinda, Iowa

One Man One Team

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

The Mail Bag

RURAL SCHOOL PROBLEMS

Editor, Guide:—In view of the many meetings which have been arranged to be held on the educational question on June 30 next, perhaps it may interest some of your readers to read the ideas of a rural school trustee serving his third term of office. I would suggest:

That the Department of Education be managed and controlled by a "commission" independent of any political party.

That sections 13 and 37 of the School Act, 1915, be altered so as to read "shall be organized" instead of "may be organized."

That rural school authorities may arrange (if they think advisable) for part of the annual holidays to be held during "seeding" and part during "harvesting" operations.

That in rural districts nothing but the English language shall be taught during school hours to the pupils in grades 1 to 5, inclusive.

That in rural districts where there are no adjacent schools in operation, and when the number of children between the ages of seven and fourteen be insufficient to require (under the act) a school to be built, it shall be the duty of the educational authority to provide "movable caravan school houses" to accommodate up to ten children.

That every person having charge of any child in rural districts, over eight and under fourteen, shall send such child to school for a period of at least 120 days between the last day of February and the first day of November in each year.

That the school inspectors be appointed to decide whether a child is receiving satisfactory educational instruction.

That the rural school educational authorities shall appoint someone to act as temporary truant officer when required.

That it shall be the duty of school inspectors to inquire and report as to the attendance and non-attendance of children at school, after each visit.

That it shall be the duty of the municipal educational authorities to take a census once a year of all children up to 16 years of age living within each individual school district area. And that a copy of same be kept in each school house.

That every public and private school be subject to the inspection and control of the Department of Education.

That no private school be allowed to be conducted without first having received a "license" from the Department of Education.

That every rural school shall receive at least two visits from the school inspector.

That all lands in Saskatchewan, which are, or may be liable to assessment and taxation for municipal purposes, be also assessed and taxed for rural educational purposes, whether within an established school district or not.

That (other than for payment on debt account, for which each school district be taxed separately according to its indebtedness) the school tax be levied equally upon all ratable lands within each municipality.

That the Department of Education make a grant of at least fifteen cents for each teaching day upon which a public school is in charge of a teacher holding a valid second-class interim, or professional certificate, and at least thirty-five cents a teaching day when a public school is in charge of a teacher holding a valid first-class certificate.

That when the Department of Education (after having received a report from a school inspector) is satisfied that a rural school authority has neglected to enforce the "compulsory" educational clauses of the School Act, it may deduct some portion of the grants payable under the Grants Act.

That in every public and private school the only text books to be used in school hours be those authorized, or approved by the Department of Education.

It is, I think, generally admitted that our rural school system can be improved, and without doubt will be if the men in the "country" be consulted, and provided party politicians and faddists are not permitted to influence those

Continued on Page

Radford Silos

stand between you and expensive feeding methods. The juicy succulent silage gives your cattle summer feed the year round—increasing milk yield and producing beef cheaper than any other feed. Radford Silos are built to produce the best silage for Western farmers. Built to give years of efficient service. The long, clear, straight staves, air-tight doors, rigid, true door frame, storm-defying anchoring system, strong hoops and inner reinforcements—result in a scientifically constructed silo that gives practical results.

Complete Catalogue of Radford Silos sent free

Radford-Wright Company, Ltd.
WINNIPEG, Manitoba



Silage Increases Milk Flow 25 percent and Reduces Feeding Cost 15 to 20 percent

It is not a question of whether you can afford a silo. It is a question of how long you can afford to be satisfied with the lowest milk yield from your cows, and the highest cost for feed. Silage is by far the least expensive feed that you can use and at the same time the greatest milk producing feed. Decide now to have a Silo.

IDEAL GREEN FEED SILOS

are increasing the profits of thousands of Canadian farmers. The men who use these silos are getting big returns because their cows are giving a large flow of milk during the winter months when dairy products bring the best price.

There is no question about the value of silage—GOOD silage. The only men who doubt the value of silage are those who bought cheap make-shift silos that produce a poor quality of silage. It does not pay to try to save a few dollars on the first cost of a silo. The loss due to spoiled silage is likely to amount to many times what you hope to save on the first cost.

Remember that you will get from 20 to 30 years' service from an Ideal and that it is a strong, tight silo that will protect your silage perfectly. In the better quality of silage you get, this silo saves each year more than the difference between its cost and that of an inferior silo.

Do you want proof of the extra value of the Ideal? Do you want to know just why it will give you the best silage and last longest? Then ask us to send you our large illustrated catalogue that shows every detail of this silo; how the parts are made and put together and the quality of material used. You can then judge for yourself. The crop you put in a silo is worth a lot of money. Don't take any chances on having it spoiled. You will save money by putting it in the best silo you can get. Ask for the catalogue. It will be gladly mailed you upon request.

DE LAVAL DAIRY SUPPLY CO., Ltd.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF DAIRY SUPPLIES IN CANADA
Sole distributors in Canada of the famous De Laval Cream Separators and Alpha Gas Engines. Catalogues of any of our lines mailed upon request.

MONTREAL PETERBORO WINNIPEG VANCOUVER

BERKSHIRE HOGS and HOLSTEIN CALVES

English Berkshires farrowed in April and May, the large prolific kind, the ideal farmers' hog, carefully selected and supplied in pairs and trios, not related, at \$15.00 each, f.o.b. Strathmore; pedigrees included free and furnished promptly. A few choice pure bred Holstein bull calves, from very heavy producing cows at moderate prices.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY SUPPLY FARM - Strathmore, Alta.

Farmers' Financial Directory

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, O.V.O., LL.D., D.O.L., President
JOHN AIRD, General Manager H. V. F. JONES, Assistant General Manager
V. O. BROWN, Superintendent of Central Western Branches

CAPITAL \$15,000,000 RESERVE FUND \$13,500,000

FARMERS' BUSINESS

The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business, including the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on application.

IT IS NOW TIME TO THINK OF

Hail Insurance

INSURE WITH

The Home Insurance Co., N.Y.

The largest Company writing Hail Insurance on the Continent

ASSETS NEARLY \$38,000,000

All losses promptly adjusted and paid. See the Local Agent or write:

Western Branch Office - Saskatoon

Co-operative Principle in Hail Insurance

The Municipal Hail Insurance Commission of Saskatchewan is prepared to furnish \$5.00 additional insurance on a co-operative basis upon crops situated in Rural Municipalities having passed the Hail Insurance Bylaw.

The premium rate is 5 cents per acre for each dollar of insurance applied for, and the regulations provide that the Commission may distribute up to half of the net surplus in any year as a dividend to the assured based upon the amount of premium paid. Farmers, patronize your own institution. Agents in all districts under the Act.

Municipal Hail Insurance Commission
Farmers' Building - Regina, Sask.

S. H. HENDERSON, President ED. DEWART, Vice-President C. D. KERR, Treasurer

The Wawanesa Mutual Insurance Co.

Head Office - Wawanesa, Man.

A. F. KEMPTON, Secretary-Manager

Assets Over Liabilities \$710,596.60
Number of Farmers Insured Dec. 31st, 1914 27,175
Amount of Insurance in Force \$42,299,525.00

A Fire Company insuring all classes of Farm Property at the Lowest Possible Cost to the Assured. FARMERS! Here are Six Reasons why it will pay you to insure your Property in

THE WAWANESA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

FIRST—Because it is owned and operated by the Farmers of the three Prairie Provinces for their mutual benefit and not to enrich stockholders of a company formed to accumulate wealth at the expense of the insurer.

SECOND—The cost of insurance is not only very low, but you are not required to pay your premiums in advance unless you prefer doing so, and no interest is charged where premium notes are taken. The agent's fee is all that is required to be paid in cash.

THIRD—The Company is thoroughly reliable, and its policies are better adapted

to Farm Insurance than any others issued. The use of steam threshers permitted free of charge.

FOURTH—The cost of adjustment of loss claims are paid by the Company and not by the insured.

FIFTH—Insurance on livestock covers them against loss by fire anywhere on the farm, and by lightning anywhere in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

SIXTH—That this is the Largest Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company in Canada and must therefore be giving the best satisfaction.

THE COST OF WAR

A recent estimate of the total wealth of the warring nations is \$400,000,000,000; the Allies share is double that of the Central Powers; by August, 1916, the war will have cost 12.8 per cent of the total national wealth of all the belligerents and if the cost of the war thus far had to be paid out of the annual savings available for investment, every dollar of new capital for a long time ahead would be absorbed in Government loans. Such are the conclusions drawn by a writer in a recent booklet issued by The Mechanics and Metals National Bank. To anyone it will be plain that the Old World's weight of debt coming out of the war will be enormous. Moreover it must be remembered that the ability of the warring nations to write off this debt is being daily reduced thru the destruction of productive capacity in the form of men and material. As an instance of the time that it takes for a nation to recover from a debt incurred by war, it is mentioned that only half of the total war bill of the United States at the conclusion of the civil war was represented in the nation's bonded debt. Yet fifty years after the end of the war in spite of the amazing prosperity of the United States and in the face of its peaceful progress, a considerable part of the debt incurred to pay the North's share of that conflict remains outstanding. Even the debt which the wars of a hundred years ago imposed upon England has not yet been removed. The measure of Europe's ability to stand the strain it is now undergoing depends almost entirely upon the total wealth of the nations involved in the war. It is pointed out that this national wealth consists of the sum total of material and tangible goods on which it is possible to place a money value, plus the industrial adaptability and organization of the people.

The Strongest Nation

Tangible wealth consists of three parts—natural resources, capital saved and invested from the people and goods ready for use. Naturally wealth in a position readily convertible to the purpose of war is most desirable at a time like the present and the nation having the most readily convertible wealth will be, financially speaking, the strongest. Any estimate of a country's wealth must at best be only approximate but the following figures will give some idea of the relative wealth of the nations at present at war. That of the United Kingdom was computed at about \$12,500,000,000 in 1814. It is at least six times greater now. The wealth of France has expanded six-fold, from less than \$10,000,000,000 in 1814 to above \$60,000,000,000 at the present time. A century ago there was no German Empire and the wealth of the German states was in the aggregate less than \$10,000,000,000. United Germany's wealth at the present time is stated at \$80,000,000,000. A recent estimate placed the wealth of all the belligerents except Japan and the British Oversea Dominions at little short of \$400,000,000,000. For the Entente Allies the sum of \$263,000,000,000 was named and for the Central Allies \$133,000,000,000, the ratio being two to one. The figures named are probably very high and these estimates include not simply privately owned physical property but all the public property and the property owned abroad. To illustrate:—For the United Kingdom a well-known economist estimated that four per cent. of the national wealth was in public property and that nineteen per cent. was owned abroad, leaving the value of the private property in the United Kingdom at seventy-seven per cent. of the full total. The following table, while erring perhaps in being too generous, will give a comparative idea at least of the wealth of the countries now actively engaged in the war.

National Wealth.	
United Kingdom	\$90,000,000,000
France	65,000,000,000
Russia	60,000,000,000
Italy	35,000,000,000
Belgium and Servia	13,750,000,000

Entente total \$263,750,000,000

Germany	\$80,000,000,000
Austria-Hungary	45,000,000,000
Turkey and Bulgaria	8,750,000,000

Alliance total \$133,750,000,000

All Belligerents \$397,500,000,000

Our Endowment Life Insurance Policy will Save You \$5.00 per \$1,000 per Year.



FIRST IN THE NORTH WEST

Endowment Insurance protects YOU as well as your family. They get the full amount if you die within its term of say 20 years—you get it, plus profits, if you survive the term.

The Northwestern Life Assurance Company offers this double protection on exceptionally favorable terms. Our Policy gives all that you can get from any other company, and several important additional advantages, at an annual premium that averages \$5.00 less per \$1,000 than that charged by any other company on Endowment Insurance.

This is partly because "Northwestern" premiums are invested in Western securities that are absolutely sound and exceptionally remunerative—and our policyholders get the benefit.

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The Merchants Bank of Canada

Proceedings at the Fifty-third Annual Meeting of the Shareholders, on 7th June, 1916

The fifty-third Annual Meeting of the shareholders of the Merchants Bank of Canada was held on Wednesday, 7th June, in the Board Room at the head offices at Montreal. The meeting was called to order at twelve o'clock noon. Amongst those in attendance were: Messrs. K. W. Blackwell, Thomas Long, Alex. Barnett, Andrew A. Allan, C. C. Ballantyne, A. J. Dawes, F. Howard Wilson, Farquhar Robertson, George L. Cains, Alfred B. Evans, E. F. Hebden, Alex. D. Fraser, Ward C. Hughson (Ottawa), John Patterson, A. Piddington, F. Hague, Arthur Browning, Robert Shaw, Edward Fiske (Joliette, Que.), T. E. Merrett, D. C. Macarow, A. B. Patterson, J. Gillespie Muir, H. B. Loucks, W. A. Meldrum, E. A. Fox, C. A. Harcourt, and J. M. Kilbourn.

On motion of Mr. John Patterson, seconded by Mr. Alex. D. Fraser, the Vice-President (Mr. K. W. Blackwell), in the absence of the President (Sir H. Montague Allan), was asked to take the chair.

Mr. J. M. Kilbourn was appointed secretary of the meeting.

The minutes of the last annual meeting were taken as read.

The Chairman, Mr. K. W. Blackwell, then presented the Annual Report, as follows:—

THE ANNUAL REPORT

I have pleasure in presenting the Fifty-third Annual Statement of the Merchants Bank of Canada, as at the close of business on the evening of April 29th, 1916, the last day of the Bank's financial year; and at the same time I beg to present the directors' report of the Profits for the past twelve months.

You will note that the profits are less by \$44,718.31 than they were for the previous year. This is accounted for by reason of the heavier cash reserves held throughout the fiscal year, in view of the generally prevailing monetary conditions and the general slackening of business activity in commercial lines. You have the statement before you showing how the profits have been apportioned. Having regard to the times we are passing through, it has been deemed wise to transfer any surplus over and above dividend requirements to the Contingent Fund. Meanwhile, the balance brought forward is slightly in excess of that of the previous year.

Referring to the General Statement, you will be glad to observe that the Bank's position is unusually strong, as befitting the times. The usual Auditor's Report is appended, certifying to the correctness of the Balance Sheet.

During the past twelve months we have closed the following offices, which had become unprofitable, viz.:—

Second St. East, Calgary.	Edson.
Athabasca Ave., Edmonton.	Raymond.
Alberta Ave., Edmonton.	Redcliff.
West Edmonton.	

All in Alberta. And have opened the following new Branches, viz.:—

Alliance, Alta.	Forestburg (Sub.), Alta.
Ponoka, Alta.	Heisler (Sub.), Alta.

The various offices of the Bank have been inspected during the year. All of which is respectfully submitted.

K. W. BLACKWELL,
Vice-President.

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Statement of the result of the business of the Bank for the year ended 29th April, 1916:—

The Net Profits of the year, after payment of charges, rebate on discounts, interest on deposits, and making full provision for bad and doubtful debts, have amounted to \$ 950,713.42
The balance brought forward from 30th April, 1915, was 245,140.70

Making a total of \$1,195,854.12

This has been disposed of as follows:—

Dividend No. 112, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum..	\$175,000
Dividend No. 113, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum..	175,000
Dividend No. 114, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum..	175,000
Dividend No. 115, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum..	175,000
Donation to Canadian Patriotic Fund.....	700,000.00
Donation to British Red Cross Society.....	25,000.00
Government War Tax on Note Circulation.....	2,000.00
Transferred to Contingent Fund.....	67,870.00
Balance carried forward.....	150,000.00
	250,984.12
	\$1,195,854.12

K. W. BLACKWELL, Vice-President. E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

Statement of Liabilities and Assets at 29th April, 1916.

LIABILITIES

1. To the Shareholders.	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 7,000,000.00
Reserve or Reserve Fund	7,000,000.00
Dividends declared and unpaid	175,542.50
Balance of Profits, as per Profit and Loss Account submitted herewith	250,984.12
	\$14,426,526.62
2. To the Public.	
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	\$ 7,486,006.00
Deposits not bearing interest	17,181,959.18
Deposits bearing interest (including interest accrued to date of statement)	54,995,069.97
Balances due to other Banks in Canada	363,799.39
Balances due to Banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom and foreign countries	877,399.91
Bills payable	
Acceptances under letters of credit	1,029,702.00
Liabilities not included in the foregoing	
	\$96,361,363.07

ASSETS

Current Coin held	\$ 3,681,854.13
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves	1,000,000.00
Dominion Notes held	8,106,240.25
Notes of other Banks	702,000.00
Cheques on other Banks	2,754,968.88
Balances due by other Banks in Canada	2,836.92
Balances due by Banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom	207,226.65
Balances due by Banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom. (In U.S. \$3,839,597.24) ..	3,892,026.83
Dominion and Provincial Government securities, not exceeding market value	2,480,446.72
Canadian Municipal securities, and British, Foreign and Colonial public securities, other than Canadian	5,251,321.38
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value	5,055,106.27
Call Loans in Canada on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	5,175,048.49
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada	2,651,404.32
	\$40,960,486.84
Other Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less Rebate of Interest)	48,835,565.38
Other Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less Rebate of Interest)	203,125.72
Liabilities of customers under letters of credit as per contra	1,029,702.00
Real Estate other than Bank Premises	177,186.29
Overdue debts, estimated loss provided for	164,363.18
Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off ..	4,507,782.34
Deposit with the Minister for the purpose of the Circulation Fund ..	345,000.00
Other Assets not included in the foregoing	138,151.32
	\$96,361,363.07

K. W. BLACKWELL,
Vice-President.

E. F. HEBDEN,
General Manager.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

In accordance with the provisions of sub-Sections 19 and 20 of Section 56 of the Bank Act we report to the Shareholders as follows:—

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books of Accounts and other records of the Bank at the Chief Office and with the signed returns from the Branches and Agencies.

We have checked the cash and verified the securities of the Bank at the Chief Office against the entries in regard thereto in the books of the Bank as on April 29th, 1916, and at a different time during the year and found them to agree with such entries. We have also attended at some of the Branches during the year and checked the cash and verified the securities held at the dates of our attendance and found them to agree with the entries in the books of the Bank with regard thereto.

We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. In our opinion the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers of the Bank, and the above Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Bank.

VIVIAN HARCOURT,
of Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths and Co.

J. REID HYDE,
of Macintosh and Hyde,
Auditors.

Montreal, 23rd May, 1916

The chairman moved the adoption of the Report, seconded by Mr. Thomas Long, and it was unanimously adopted.

The General Manager (Mr. E. F. Hebden) then reviewed the business of the year, and also spoke of the necessity for strict care and economy in the future.

On motion of Messrs. John Patterson and A. Browning, Mr. Vivian Harcourt, of Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths and Co., was appointed Auditor for the Bank, to hold office until next Annual General Meeting, Major J. Reid Hyde, who was associated with Mr. Harcourt last year being now on active service.

INCREASE IN BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Chairman then explained that it had been found desirable to increase the number of Directors to fourteen, in order to ensure adequate attendance at meetings, intimating that the two vacancies thus created would not be immediately filled, but would be left over for future action.

The amendment to By-Law 3, increasing the number of directors to fourteen was then passed unanimously.

On motion of Messrs. Alex. D. Fraser and Fred Hague, Messrs. John Patterson and A. Browning were appointed Scrutineers for the election of Directors.

Mr. John Patterson moved, seconded by Mr. Alex. D. Fraser, that the Scrutineers cast one ballot in favor of the following persons as Directors:

Sir H. Montague Allan, Mr. K. W. Blackwell, Mr. Thomas Long, Mr. Alex. Barnett, Mr. F. Orr Lewis, Mr. Andrew A. Allan, Mr. C. C. Ballantyne, Mr. A. J. Dawes, Mr. F. Howard Wilson, Mr. Farquhar Robertson, Mr. Geo. L. Cains, Mr. Alfred B. Evans.

The motion was unanimously carried, and these Directors were declared elected. Mr. John Patterson expressed the appreciation of the Shareholders of the able and loyal services of the General Manager and Staff of the Bank, and was later personally thanked. Mr. Fred Hague spoke in the same strain regarding the Directors.

This concluded the business of the meeting, which then adjourned. At a subsequent special meeting of the Directors, Sir H. Montague Allan was re-elected as President and Mr. K. W. Blackwell as Vice-President.

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We have a limited amount of Trust Money to lend on improved farms situated within a ten-mile radius of Elevator and Railway where the owner—not a renter—is in residence, maintaining the farm in first-class shape. We have also some excellent bargains in farms, improved and unimproved, belonging to Trust Estates under our care, which must be realized at once. Send for our lists. Agents wanted in unrepresented districts. References required. Apply to

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Every prudent farmer will protect himself against loss by securing a Policy of Insurance issued by

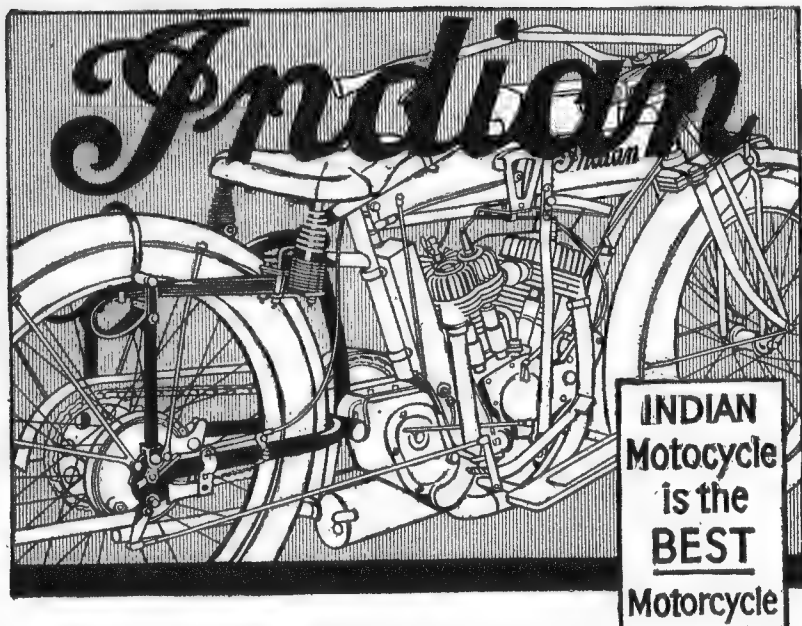
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A STRONG BRITISH CONCERN whose claim to your confidence has been proved by Three Seasons' Satisfactory Service. Assets amounting to over \$5,000,000 are your guarantee.

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The difference between Cradle Spring Frame riding and that of the ordinary shock absorbing devices is the difference between walking on iron heel plates and rubber heels—between riding in a farm tractor and a high-grade motor car.

The Cradle Spring Frame has more than comfort and ease in its favor. It keeps shocks from jolting motor mechanism. It absorbs the jars and bruises which the tires ordinarily suffer. Low upkeep cost results—greater mileage, less general tinkering.

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Indian is the *only* Motorcycle
MADE IN CANADA
thus giving the rider the *best*
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LUMBER Direct from Mill to your nearest Station at Mill Prices **SHINGLES**

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War Patriotism and Graft

Continued from Page 7

middlemen had received their profits \$58 each!

The committee reported as follows concerning this deal: "From the evidence it appears that a number of binoculars were of poor quality, low range, and inferior efficiency, but passed inspection and were paid for at excessive prices; and this was due to misrepresentation and inadequate inspection." The Committee recommended that this also be turned over to the Justice Department. It may be noted that the P. W. Ellis Company had been appointed by the Minister of Militia to buy binoculars on a 10 per cent. commission basis.

Another transaction probed by the Committee was the purchase of 1,220 bicycles for the first contingent from the Canada Cycle and Motor Company, and the Planet Bicycle Company of Toronto (two retail firms) for a sum aggregating \$70,250, when it was proven later that they could have been purchased from the manufacturers direct for \$41,480, or at a saving of \$28,770. A similar deal was carried out in connection with motor trucks. The Government purchased these at the outset thru an agent, who himself secured the usual trade discounts on the machines but charged the Government the retail trade price.

In addition to the above matters the Committee enquired into the purchase of 25,000 "shield" shovels from the Midvale Steel Co. of Philadelphia, which were patterned on a patent said to be held by General Hughes' lady secretary, Miss Ina McAdam. These shovels cost the country \$34,000, and it is on record in the British House of Commons that they never reached the front, but were discarded because they had no handles!

The submarine purchase is still under consideration by the Davidson Commission.

The Use of the Patronage List

As giving some explanation of the irregularities above enumerated the following statement given before the Committee by Director of Contracts/Brown of the Militia Department, is interesting: "There is a patronage list in the militia department. We buy from that list. It is a very large list now—I suppose we have 8,000 names on it." This was on April 9, 1915. As a consequence of the revelations of the session of 1915 a new system of war purchasing has been inaugurated, independent of the Militia Department. But even at that Mr. Brown informed the Public Accounts Committee only this session that sometimes the buying is done direct by the War Purchasing Commission, sometimes by tender and sometimes from "the list." There is every reason to believe, however, that a great improvement has been brought about in the method of purchasing general war supplies during the past year.

The attention of the people has, however, turned to bigger things. Early in the present session the Opposition commenced pressing the Government for an investigation into the operations of the now defunct Canadian Shell Committee, which in its time disbursed \$350,000,000 of British money, or at least placed contracts for shells, etc., approximating that amount. The Opposition based its demands upon the fact that the Committee, after an investigation by representatives of the British Ministry of Munitions, was abolished last November, and all its assets, liabilities, and responsibilities turned over to the Imperial Munitions Board, which is under the direct supervision of the Imperial authorities. They also claimed to be able to prove that during the regime of the late Committee contracts had been let to countless mushroom companies, friends of the government, and members of the Committee themselves; and that prices had been charged for shells of various kinds which were excessive. Strong and convincing speeches were made by F. B. Carvell, Hon. Dr. Pugsley and others on the matter. But the Government took the ground that it had no power to order an investigation into the expenditures of British money. It contended that the Shell Committee had been acting in a fiduciary capacity for the British au-



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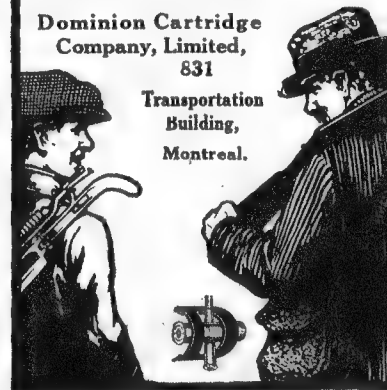
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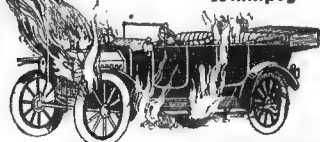
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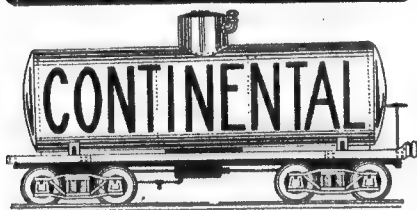
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thorities, and that the Canadian Government had nothing to do with it.

The Opposition persisted. Sir Wilfrid Laurier presented a resolution calling for the investigation. Sir Robert Borden, Hon. Arthur Meighen and others spoke against it, and held their former grounds for refusal. Then came the Kyte charges and the threatened revolt of a dozen members of the Government if the vote were taken. The debate was hurriedly adjourned. General Hughes was summoned back to Canada, and the Prime Minister announced the appointment of a Royal Commission to investigate the matters embodied in Mr. Kyte's charges. These practically resolved themselves down to the placing of \$22,000,000 worth of fuse contracts with two United States firms in June of last year by the Shell Committee. Only one firm, however, is of importance so far as the charges go.

The Kyte Fuse Charges

Briefly the Kyte charges are as follows: On May 25 (reading from Sir Robert Borden's summary of the charges in his cable to General Hughes) the American Ammunition Company was formed, with a minimum capital of \$1,000, and a maximum capital of \$1,000,000. On June 19 a contract was made between the old Shell Committee and this company for the purchase of two and a half million fuses. It was signed by E. B. Cadwell, as president of the company, by General Bertram for the Shell Committee, and ratified and confirmed by General Hughes "in accordance with authority duly conferred upon me by His Majesty's Britannic Government overseas." There was to be an advance of \$1,041,600 on execution of the agreement, and \$523,800 during the first four months in order to assist the company in financing the contract. On June 10, ten days previously, an agreement had been made among B. F. Yoakum, E. W. Bassick and Cadwell reciting that the Shell Committee had agreed to purchase the fuses from a manufacturer to be designated by E. B. Cadwell and Co.; that Yoakum, Bassick and Cadwell were together instrumental in negotiating and effecting said contract; that Cadwell, Yoakum and Bassick were together entitled to receive as their commission the sum of \$1,000,000 in the whole, being at the rate of forty cents per fuse. The agreement went on to divide this amount: \$475,000 to Yoakum, \$275,000 to Bassick, and \$250,000 to Cadwell, the latter to receive the whole in the first instance in trust for all. Following or annexed to this (to continue the Borden summary) is an agreement signed by the American Company thru E. B. Cadwell, president, to cause to be paid to Cadwell and Co. forty cents per fuse "in accordance with the foregoing contract if the contract for the fuses is granted to us in an acceptable form by the Canadian Government."

At some date prior to January, 1915, J. Wesley Allison and Eugene Lignanti had entered into an agreement to use their best endeavors for their mutual profit to secure as brokers, contracts for supplies of exports to certain European countries. Later B. F. Yoakum became associated with them. In September, 1915, apparently because it was decided that Lignanti should withdraw, an agreement was made fixing the terms upon which certain commissions and profits should be divided among them. This agreement recites that Yoakum procured the contract of June 19 for the American Ammunition Co. from the Shell Committee, and declares Lignanti to be entitled to \$50,000 out of payments by the company to Yoakum. Kyte asserted Allison and Yoakum were to share together in the amounts remaining after Lignanti was paid. Kyte also refers to other transactions. The above synopsis is word for word the summary of the charges as they appeared to the Prime Minister, and it was upon this conception of these charges that he appointed the Commission.

Borden's Summary Proved

To anyone who has followed the commission so far it will appear fairly clear that everything contained in the above synopsis has been proven. The contract for the two and a half million fuses was let to the company on the date mentioned. The agreement for the division of \$1,000,000 was drawn up

Send for new "Money Saver" Booklet

Barrett Money Savers for Farmers

Made in Canada

If you want steady, sure profits, watch the little leaks in your purse. A stitch in time saves nine. Many a sturdy fence has to come down for want of preservative at the right time. Many a house has to be replastered because that little leak in the roof grew big. Many an order goes to manufacturers of farm implements because the older implements weren't painted. And so it goes. A little expenditure here, a little one there, until you are surprised at the sum on the debit side of your ledger.

Now look at the articles in this advertisement. Then ask yourself if you haven't lost money in the past for lack of just such things. We are appealing to the common every-day horse sense of the Canadian Farmer. And he's famous for just that quality.



Carbonol—When a product gives you the best possible aid in a hundred different ways, can you afford to be without it? Carbonol does this. It is a disinfectant of the highest grade. When you clean house, add Carbonol to the water. It removes grease marks, kills germs and banishes odors. If you cut yourself, you can heal the wound and prevent blood poisoning by using Carbonol. And sores that injure horses or cattle are easily cured with it. If the garbage pail draws flies, sprinkle it with Carbonol. It is the best thing you could use in the sick room to prevent contagion. There isn't anything like Carbonol for farm and home use. Get some today.



Everlastic Roofing—In Everlastic Roofing we offer a thoroughly reliable "rubber roofing" at very low cost. It is easily laid without skilled labor and is famous for its wearing qualities. Wherever you have steep roofs, use Everlastic and do away with leaks. Water, wind and weather are defied by this roofing. The best value you ever saw.



Creosote Oil—Grade-One Creosote Oil is the most effective wood preservative on the market because it penetrates more deeply than any other. And it's practical for you because you can apply it by the dipping or brushing method instead of the difficult and expensive closed-cylinder method. Grade-One Creosote Oil will make an ordinarily good fence post last 20 years. Use it on all your exposed woodwork. It makes exposed surfaces rot-proof and moisture-proof.

Amatite Roofing—Amatite Roofing is distinctive for two reasons—its bright, attractive, sparkling appearance and its great durability. It has wide fame, too, as the roofing that needs no painting. Its mineral surface is waterproof and fire-resisting. Amatite is made in rolls, each roll containing enough to cover 100 square feet with a 3 inch lap.



Everjet—Black as Egypt and much more useful to you—that's Everjet Elastic Paint. This glossy, permanent, elastic paint is a triumph. Indispensable as a roof paint and covering for exposed surfaces. Make your roofs permanently weather-proof and waterproof with Everjet. It's a wonder. It clings to metal surfaces regardless of temperature. It never peels or chips. Positively insures against rust.

Creonoid—The first step toward having healthy, profitable live stock is to keep them free of vermin, lice or flies. Creonoid, Lice Destroyer and Cow Spray, will do this better and more surely than any other animal antiseptic. Just spray your cattle lightly with Creonoid and watch the difference. No flies or mites will bother them. Put some in the cracks and corners of the henhouse woodwork. No more mites to make nervous, poor laying hens. Try it in the piggery.



Elastigum—Little repairs can easily run into money unless you have something like Elastigum on hand. A tough, adhesive, elastic and waterproof cement that will save you money and worry in a hundred different places. To reline or join gutters, use Elastigum. To seal leaks of any kind, use Elastigum. To stuff cornices or renew chimney flashings, use Elastigum. You will find it makes repairs not only cheap but easy and permanent.



Sold by good dealers everywhere. Send for new "Money Saver" Booklet.

Address our nearest office.

THE PATERSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED
MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG VANCOUVER

THE CARRITTE-PATERSON MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED
ST. JOHN, N. B. HALIFAX, N. S. SYDNEY, N. S.

IF YOU HAVE SOME SPARE TIME which you want to convert into Dollars, write us and we will tell you how to do it.—Subscription Dept., Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

SASKATCHEWAN GRAIN GROWERS!

If your crops are damaged or destroyed by hail you need not worry if you have previously secured

A Hail Insurance Policy

Issued by

The Middle West Insurance Co. Ltd.

CHARTERED AND REGULATED BY THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN. Low premiums which may be retired by note or cash. Prompt service, liberal adjustments of losses. Full government deposit for the protection of policy holders. Agents all over Saskatchewan. See one of them or write to

ANDERSON & SHEPPARD

General Agents

Box 1090, Moose Jaw, Sask.

DUNLOP AUTOMOBILE TIRES



1894-1916

"I was the first to make an auto tire—or any type of tire—in Canada. That's why I speak positively on the tire subject. I have always maintained that you get the same quality in a tire that you get in the maker of that tire—High Sense of Values: High Record of Results. Also, to my way of thinking, Tire-Mileage is nothing else than the ability to deliver. Notice that 'Dunlop' and 'Deliver' commence with the same letter."

"Dunlop 'Traction' and Dunlop 'Special'—and the rest of the Dunlop Tire Family—have been O.K.'d by me—the Quality Censor."
—Handy Andy.

Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited

"I'LL BE A LONG, LONG WAY FROM HOME"

A New Canadian Patriotic Song—Buy a Copy and Help Support

THE RETURNED SOLDIERS' ASSOCIATION OF WINNIPEG

"I'll Be a Long, Long Way From Home" is a patriotic song which stirs the heart of every loyal Canadian. It is full of fire, and has a lilting melody which immediately impresses itself on one's memory. A song with a haunting refrain, one that unconsciously comes to your lips first thing in the morning, remains all day, and is still on your mind when you retire for the night. It has fairly taken Canada by storm. So striking is its popularity that **Over 14,000 copies have been sold already between Winnipeg and the Pacific Coast.** All the military bands in Winnipeg and Camp Hughes are playing the song daily. Newsboys are whistling it on the streets. Yes—truly, it is the best and liveliest music of any Patriotic Song yet published.

A FEW WORDS ABOUT THE COMPOSER

This song was written and composed by **HOWARD MILLER**—better known on the stage as "The Great Howard." When in Winnipeg recently on the Pantages Circuit, Mr. Miller saw the work **The Returned Soldiers' Association** was doing to take care of our returned soldiers and widows. He immediately dedicated this song to The Returned Soldiers' Association absolutely free of any charge or royalty. Mr. Howard Miller has done his bit. Here is your opportunity to help such a worthy cause and at the same time receive a lasting token in return for your money. Winnipeg stores are even handling the song free of any profit for themselves. Every man and woman in Western Canada should buy a copy. We know you will respond to this appeal.

THE PRICE IS ONLY 25 CENTS PER COPY POST PAID

Every cent realized from the sale of this song goes to the funds of The Returned Soldiers' Association. Remember that—not one cent to any private or capitalistic enterprise. **For 25 cents you get Words and Music** in illustrated patriotic colored cover. Whether you are musical or not you should buy a copy. Send one to your friend overseas. Make this advertisement known to others and boost the cause. **Before you forget, mail your money today** (preferably by Money Order, Express Order or Postal Note). Address all remittances and correspondence to

A. H. SMITH, Secretary, Finance Committee

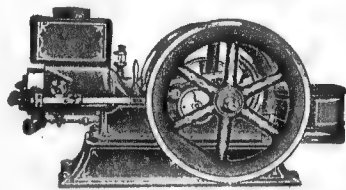
THE RETURNED SOLDIERS' ASSOCIATION

CARE OF BLACKBURN AND MILLS

GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG

LIQUIDATOR'S SALE

Compare These Prices



Portable Engines

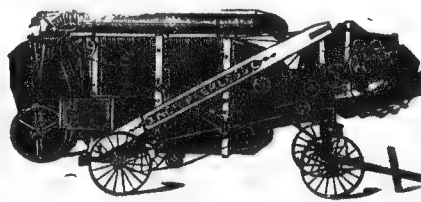
22 H.P. Single Cylinder Portable Geiser, new... \$800.00
22 H.P. Single Cylinder Portable Geiser, rebuilt... 600.00
20 H.P. Single Cylinder Portable Geiser, rebuilt... 500.00
I also have a couple of 20 and 22 H.P. portables which I will rebuild and sell at around \$400 each.

Ingeco Kerosene Engines

The Very Best—New

12 H.P. Standard Stationary... \$414.15
10 H.P. Farm Engine, hopper cooled... 256.35
8 H.P. Farm Engine, hopper cooled, new... 197.90
2½ H.P. Farm Engine, hopper cooled, new... 55.00

R. S. EWING, Assignee, 200 Union Trust Building, Winnipeg



Separators

AA Separator, 40 x 60, complete, rebuilt... \$1,000.00
A Separator, 36 x 56, complete, new... 1,064.29
No. 4 Separator, 24 x 32, with blower, rebuilt, almost new... 500.00
No. 4 Separator, 24 x 32, straw carrier, new... 351.12

Tractors

45 H.P. 4 Cylinder Tractor, rebuilt... \$1,700.00
35 H.P. Double Cylinder Steam, rebuilt... 2,500.00
Manitoba Universal, almost new... 600.00

WRITE ME FOR ANYTHING YOU REQUIRE
NOT ON THIS LIST

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

in the Chateau Laurier ten days before, and signed by the parties interested. The Lignanti, Allison, Yoakum partnership did exist. Yoakum did secure \$475,000 (or is securing it as the fuses are paid for). Of this sum Lignanti has been awarded \$50,000. The remainder, after \$30,000 had been paid to a man called Craven, is to be divided equally between Allison and Yoakum. And here is something which Kyte did not charge. Allison's share is to be divided between Hon. Col. Wm. McBain, Hon. Col. George W. Stephens and Miss Mabel Edwardes, his own secretary. The first gets \$15,000, the second \$10,000, and the lady secretary the substantial sum of \$105,000. Already \$100,000 of the \$1,000,000 commission has been paid out, and the Yoakum-Allison-Lignanti-McBain-Stephens-Edwardes combination have divided \$61,000. The remainder is coming in as the fuses are delivered and paid for. In other words this combination of exploiters are drawing dividends from the British Government on every fuse delivered at the rate of 40 cents per fuse. True it is that the Yoakum-Lignanti-Allison partnership dissolution agreement was not signed, but the effect was just the same.

Shell Committee as Contractors

But more than that has been brought out. It has been found that the shell committee was not acting in a fiduciary capacity, but that they were a body of contractors; that they and not the British Government fixed the prices; that for nearly a year they were charging the British Government prices ten per cent. in excess of what it cost to have shells made at a reasonable profit; that in consequence of this they had estimated profits when their affairs were taken over by the Munitions Board approximating \$35,000,000; that the American Ammunition Company defaulted in its deliveries, and had its contract modified last April by the Munitions Board; that the price of graze fuses was then decreased from \$3.75 each to \$2.34 each, and that even at that price Mr. Cadwell states he could make a profit after paying \$500,000 commission; that Canadian companies were on the market for fuses when these contracts were let, but were turned down, and that these Canadian companies are now delivering fuses, with a two months handicap as rapidly as is the American Company, and at a price much less than they were receiving; that it was Col. J. Wesley Allison who actually negotiated the contract thru his influence with the Minister of Militia, and that he secured \$220,000 as commission for doing so.

It has long been contended that Col. Allison was in the game purely for patriotic purposes. Letters were read in the House purporting to show that Col. Allison made it clear to every company with which he dealt that he did not desire them to increase their prices in order to make up a commission for him. It has now been shown that from the Colt Revolver Company Col. Allison received \$13,000; from Mr. Yoakum, \$25,000 "for his influence"; from the fuse contract, \$220,000; while from the very first ammunition contract placed thru General Hughes by the War Office he also received a profit which he refused to name before the commission. He now maintains that he did not make money out of "Canadian business." Col. Allison is an elusive witness. He invariably informs the commissions, when he is found out as having taken remuneration that "it was not for the transaction now under consideration." "Broker, agent and farmer" he designates himself! The Small Arms Ammunition transaction is still not far enough advanced to form a clear opinion upon it. Both the Davidson and the Meredith-Duff Commission will sit for some time yet.

GASOLINE PRICE AND TRUST

Standard Oil dividends of \$51,939,000 for the first six months of the year are the greatest ever paid by the Rockefeller industry. The returns to the 33 companies into which the former Standard Oil trust was divided in 1911 are greater by \$4,000,000 than ever received in a whole year before the separation.

Trust "busting" has apparently been highly profitable to the dismembered combine.—The Organized Farmer.

A Popular Gift

Large Number of Women
Secure Handsome English

Dinner Set

What woman does not like good dishes? If there is one, we have failed to discover her. Early last fall The Guide commenced giving away dishes in connection with our subscription work. Inside of three months the demand for The Guide's dinner sets had grown to such proportions that we had difficulty in filling the orders. Finally we were obliged to contract for a large quantity.

PRESENT SCARCITY OF DISHES

Dishes at the present time are advancing steadily in price. This is owing to the difficulty dealers are having in securing stocks from the Old Country, owing to the scarcity of boats and also to the fact that many European factories have been put out of business by the war or are being used for other purposes. The price of dishes has advanced from 35 to 50 per cent. since the commencement of the war, and The Guide was very fortunate in making a special purchase of a large quantity at a reduced price. We are able to pass on to our prize winners the benefit of this large purchase.

SET IS ABSOLUTELY FREE

This dinner set is sent out carefully packed. It goes by freight to your nearest station and all charges are fully prepaid by The Guide. You get it free at your station. It is interesting to note that in all the sets The Guide has shipped we have no record of one single case where every dish has not arrived in first class shape. We have yet to record a case where a dish has been broken or damaged.

DELIGHTED

That is how Guide workers feel about the dishes they have won. Below are a few testimonials picked from dozens of similar letters which we have on file:—

Grandview, Man.
Jan. 15, 1916.

Dear Sirs:—
I received dinner set and think it just splendid. I would like to get a few more pieces to match.
Mrs. F. A. W.

New Norway, Alta.
March 18, 1916.

Dear Sirs:—
I received the dishes and was delighted with them. Thanking you for same.
Mrs. F. O.

Arday, Sask.
May 10, 1916.

Gentlemen:—
The box containing the prize dinner set arrived all O.K. and when we unpacked it we found nothing broken. It is really a beautiful set. Mother thinks it is splendid quality and a fine prize. I shall try to earn another. With sincere thanks for the prize and best wishes for The Guide, I remain,
W. R. V.

EASY TO GET THEM

If you know what a small service is required to entitle you to this fine dinner set we believe you would want to start working for one right away. If you are interested, fill out the coupon below with your name and address plainly written. Clip it out, put in an envelope and mail it to "Circulation Dept., Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg." Mail your coupon today.

Gentlemen:—
Please give me full particulars about your Free Dinner Set.

Name _____

P.O. _____

Prov. _____

Farm Women's Clubs

NOTE.—Any woman in Saskatchewan who feels that she would like to have a Woman's Section of the Grain Growers' Association in her district, should communicate with the provincial secretary, Miss Erma Stocking, Delisle, Sask.
Any Alberta woman who would like a Woman's Section of the United Farmers in her district should write to Mrs. R. M. Barrett, Mirror, Alta., who is the women's provincial secretary for Alberta.

BAKED BEAN SUPPER

The Women Grain Growers of Hawoods added to their treasury this spring in a very original manner. They served a baked bean supper and its popularity was shown by the fact that fifteen dollars was the amount that they made. The association appointed a program committee composed of Mrs. Dale, Mrs. Burnell, Mrs. Stoliker, who will have the responsibility of arranging an interesting series of meetings. The secretary, Mrs. E. Pope, states that they are getting well started with their meetings and that they have had as many as eleven members at them.

A CO-OPERATIVE TREASURY

The secretary of the Storthoaks W.G.G.A., Mrs. McArthur, reports that they are holding meetings that are not only interesting, but also very instructive. A paper is given each month by one of the members. Their roll now shows a membership of twenty-three. The members have been doing a great deal to help some people in need. They have sent two different boxes and also ten dollars worth of goods from a catalog house. They are patriotic as well as philanthropic and have sent forty dollars to the Red Cross Society.

A picnic in July is one of their means of bringing fun to their members. They are going to co-operate in buying their fruit as they did last year, that is use the money in their treasury obtained from picnics, socials, etc., to buy fruit. The members will, in the fall after the wheat is marketed, return to the treasury the amount borrowed for the purpose of buying their fruit.

A GOOD FAMILY FEELING

Word has come from the Normanton Women Grain Growers that they are in readiness to do Red Cross work and want only the information to enable them to go ahead. Their secretary, Mrs. R. Carr, states that they have held three meetings since they organized in March and they are finding their work very helpful. At their first meeting they met with the men for part of the afternoon, then the men took one side of the school house and the women the other. At that meeting the women decided to have a pie social and to give the men half of the money. After they were thru with their meeting they went to the men's side and told them what they had decided to do with the money. One of the men then moved that the women get half of all the money raised at concerts where both men and women helped. The motion carried and the women felt they had the generous co-operation of the men in their work.

The pie social was a great success and not less than forty dollars was made. To aid the Red Cross Society the members are making a quilt, which will be sold and the proceeds will be sent to the society.

A LARGE CONTRIBUTION

The Kandahar Women Grain Growers, tho composed of only eight members, have raised, during the past two months, by a concert and afternoon tea the sum of ninety dollars which they are sending to the Red Cross Fund.

MRS. GEO. CAMERON,

Sec'y Kandahar W.S.G.G.A.

We are proud of such an association and wish them every success in their future work. Members with so much energy will make their association an important factor in the life of their community.

E. A. S.

HELP FOR BELGIANS

Dear Miss Stocking:—Please find enclosed a post office money order for forty-seven dollars which we collected at a concert and box social. Will you please forward it to the Belgian Fund from the Pearl Lake W.S.G.G.A.

Sincerely,

MISS KATE MAIN,

Sec'y Pearl Lake W.S.G.G.A.

It gives your provincial secretary joy to aid ever so little in the transference

to the Central office so generous a sum for the needy Belgians. It will mean that some day a few less Belgian babies will be crying for food, just because some generous hearted prairie women sent them money for bread.

E. A. S.

NEW MACRORE LOCAL

Dear Miss Stocking:—I desire to inform you that we have organized a Women's Section of the local at Macrore, composed of six members from the local. We held one meeting since then at which we were pleased to receive one new member.

Our president, Mrs. Bomes; vice-president, Mrs. Murray; and secretary, Mrs. Webster. We would be pleased to have information regarding our work.

MRS. M. C. WEBSTER,

Macrore W.S.G.G.A.

We are glad to welcome a new association to our ranks and wish them much pleasure from their work.

E. A. S.

LECTURER AT WOODLAWN

Dear Miss Stocking:—The Woodlawn W.S.G.G.A. met for their May meeting at the home of Mrs. A. Miller, and a very special feature of this occasion was an address from Miss Harrison of the Extension Department of the Saskatchewan University.

Her subject was food values and she made this very important subject of deep interest to her listeners. Her ideas were all set forth in the clearest of language, and her classification of foods very clearly defined. Some of the members had their pencils and note books busy and will have something interesting to refer to. The proper way of cooking foods that contain a large percentage of albumen was a point of interest. Eggs cooked slowly in water that is not quite to the boiling point are much more digestible than when cooked the usual way of boiling. Meats are properly cooked when the temperature is not high and when plenty of time is taken. A little concentration of thought will help out a great deal with the food problems and any recipe needs a bit of common sense mixed in with the other ingredients.

Many of our members expressed their appreciation of Miss Harrison's address.

Our hostess served a very pleasing lunch and the members enjoyed a social half hour after the meeting had adjourned.

MRS. E. SPARROW,

Sec'y Woodlawn W.S.G.G.A.

A WOMAN SCHOOL TRUSTEE

The Women Grain Growers of Saskatchewan will be interested in knowing that one of their former directors is now a school trustee. Mrs. Anderson, of Sutherland, who was two years ago director of district nine, is managing, with her son, a farm that has an enviable amount of stock on it. Mrs. Anderson, notwithstanding the fact that she has little children to look after and the responsibilities of a farm, is very deeply interested in the question of good schools and well trained teachers. We wish her success in her splendid efforts.

E. A. S.

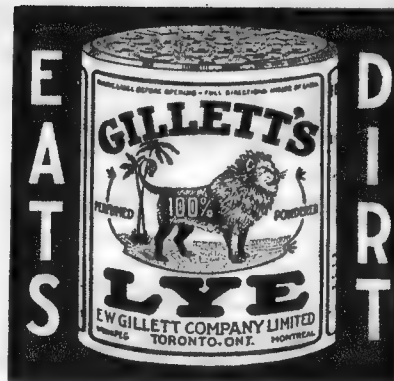
A CHANGE OF OFFICERS

Dear Miss Stocking:—Thru the removal of our former president from the district we unanimously elected Mrs. G. Massey as our president. Mrs. W. Glydon, our secretary-treasurer, also resigning, Mrs. J. Dixon was elected in her place. We held a concert and box social on March 17 at which we realized the sum of \$105 for Red Cross work. Since then we can report very little done. However, as soon as the busy time is over we expect to be able to hold our meetings as usual. Our next meeting is to be held at our president's home on June 14. We are indeed sorry to report the death of one of our members by pneumonia, but "He knoweth best who loveth best."

ELSIE DIXON,

Sec'y Crocus Hill G.G.A.

Morse, Sask.



What more refreshing message of Good Cheer to those Overseas than a box of

ADAMS'

TUTTI FRUTTI GUM

in the new style packages? Twenty packages of thirst-allaying Tutti Frutti. A welcome boon to a soldier friend. Each stick separately wrapped in wax paper and tin foil. Opens up as fresh and full flavored as it left the factory. Any of five mellow flavors to choose from. Ask your dealer.

ORIGINATORS

Adams & Sons Co.

MUSIC TAUGHT FREE

In Your Home

By the Oldest and Most Reliable School of Music in America—Established 1895.

Piano, Organ, Violin, Mandolin, Guitar, Banjo, Etc.

You can read Music like this quickly.

Beginners or advanced players. One lesson weekly. Illustrations make everything plain. Only expense about 26 per day to cover cost of postage and music used. Write for Free booklet which explains everything in full.

AMERICAN SCHOOL OF MUSIC, 82 Lakeside Building, CHICAGO

YOUNG LADIES

We have an unlimited number of calls for stenographers, bookkeepers, clerks, etc. A few months in one of our schools will qualify you. A position is guaranteed. Send for our Catalog.

WESTERN COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Saskatoon and Prince Albert, Sask.

SUN Self-Heating IRONS

take the drudgery and discomfort out of ironing, save half the time required and do better work with less labor. Absolutely Reliable, Safe and Economical. Agents wanted in unrepresented districts.

MOORE-LIGHT CO. LTD. Dept. G. Albert St. REGINA, SASK.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE



Far more effective than Sticky Fly Catchers. Clean to handle. Sold by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

"Silver Gloss"

Canada's finest

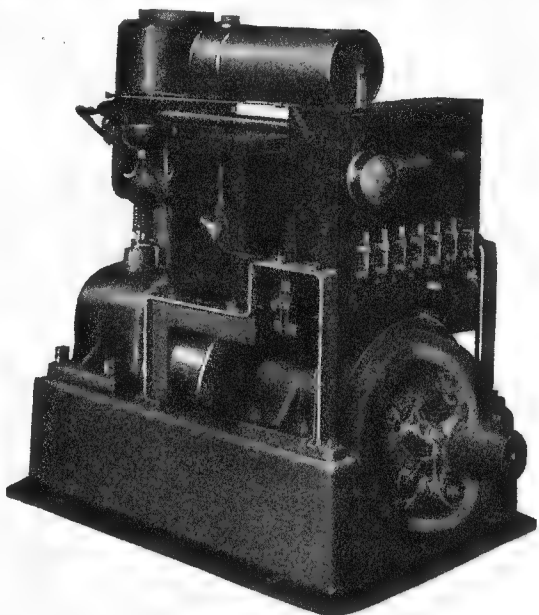
Laundry Starch

Three generations of Canadian housewives have used "Silver Gloss" for all their home laundry work. They know that "Silver Gloss" always gives the best results. At your grocer's.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED

Montreal, Cardinal, Brantford, Fort William.
Makers of "Crown Brand" and "Lily White"
Corn Syrups, and Benson's Corn Starch.

234



Jones System Electric Plants

Are recognized as the best and only practical individual Automatic Electric Plants in existence. They are simple and dependable.

Starts itself. Runs itself. Oils itself. Regulates itself.
Stops itself. All in one, on one base.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED FOLDER

The Mainer Electric Company Ltd.

WINNIPEG

WE SHOULD LIKE TO HEAR FROM ANY BOY who wants to get a Baseball Outfit Free—Bat, Ball, Fielder's Glove, Catcher's Mitt and Mask—a complete outfit without one cent of expense. Write Subscription Department, Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

You're Very Careful About the Purity of Your Food!

Are you just as particular about what is inside

the mattress on which you sleep?

The No. 1 Health Mattress

is filled with curled wood-fibre, covered with even layers of cotton felt and is absolutely sanitary in every particular



Canada has no pure bedding laws. WE HAVE!

The Health Mattress is the result, and it is comfortable as well as sanitary.

Covered with tickling of attractive design and good quality.

Ask your dealer to show you a HEALTH Mattress. He has it or will get it if you ask for it by name. Every HEALTH Mattress has a red label shaped like this advertisement. LOOK FOR IT!

THE ALASKA BEDDING CO. LIMITED

Everything in Bedsteads and Bedding

Calgary

WINNIPEG

Regina

32W "Alaska on an article means High Grade Every Particle"

Young Canada Club

By DIXIE PATTON

THREE MORE PRIZES OFFERED

You did just splendidly, children, or young folks rather, in the story contest on war. See if you can't do even better in the new contest, "The Wrong Track."

There are so many things besides trains and detectives that get on the wrong track, are there not? It seems to me we've never had a subject which was so teasing to the imagination as this, and I am filled with curiosity to see what it will suggest to each of you.

In order that this may be the best contest we've ever had I should like you to take this paper to school and ask your teacher to read the prize offer to the class.

Any boy or girl under seventeen years may compete for a prize.

All stories must be written in pen and ink and on only one side of the paper.

The writer must get his teacher or one of his parents to certify that the story is original and the age given correct.

The stories must reach The Guide office not later than July 1.

They must be clearly addressed to Dixie Patton, Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

Any contributor to the contest who is not already a member of the club should send a self-addressed and stamped envelope for the maple leaf membership pin.

DIXIE PATTON.

WAR

A Prize Story

I think that war is a curse to the world. After every war there is always a few years of hard times, the country is weakened on account of nearly all her young and able-bodied men being killed. The country is neglected and does not produce the crops it should and there is therefore a scarcity of home-grown foods, which causes the cost of living to go up. Millions of dollars worth of metal goes to the bottom of the sea, and when it is all over what better off is the nation? It is worse, it is poorer, weaker, and the countries that have been invaded are left a mass of wreck and ruin. For example look at Belgium, which before this war was the foremost country in agriculture, now being overgrown with weeds. What once were fertile fields are being dug up to form trenches. In England and Scotland men holding large estates are being so heavily taxed they will, if this war lasts much longer, have paid more than the value of the land. For years Germany has been robbing her people by levying large taxes to prepare for this war, and now she is borrowing all her people's gold and silver and giving them paper instead. The gold and silver is going out of the country and when the war is finished, when the people present their paper to receive the money where is it to come from when it is not in the country?

JOHN WILSON.

Milnerton, Alta.

Age 13.

WAR

A Prize Story

I think war is a very cruel thing. If a country wants room for its population why does it not send its people to settle in different countries.

If for instance, England declared war on Germany, Germany would have to fight.

Just think of it! Children separated from fathers; husbands separated from wives; young men leaving sisters, brothers and parents.

Revolutions are not so bad, altho they are very cruel too. If people are discontented with their king they could hardly put him off the throne without fighting.

I think war is mostly caused by jealousy. What made the Germans fight if it was not jealousy?

War is quarreling on a large scale. War could be banished if nations tried.

MARJORY E. THOMAS.

Durban, Man.

Age 10.

WAR

I do not think that war is much good. The war costs a lot of money and a lot of lives.

The trenches are from six to eight feet deep, and in these trenches the soldiers have their little rooms for cooking and sleeping. The soldiers have telephones in their trenches. Many of the little

children's homes are destroyed in this war or in any other war, and also their parents are killed in war and the little children have to go and make their own living. Some of the little children starve to death. The soldiers, when they come back from war, are often so badly wounded that they don't care to go back to the front. The only good the war is, is when the Germans were going out to take Belgium, the Allies went over to help the Belgians. That was the only thing I can say about war being any good. War may be a good thing, but I don't think so. I hope the war will end in a little while.

ETTA FIRGERSON.

Rushton P.O., Sask.

Age 13.

MY OPINION ON WAR

These days all eyes are turned towards the great war now raging in Europe. Tho we do not actually see it, we know enough of its horrors and sufferings to make us realize how terrible war really is.

Now, war in general, is a thing that should not exist. How dreadful it is to think of nations calling themselves civilized, who have to clash together in arms, because they are simply not able in peace to settle questions concerning their honor, the result being that hundreds of thousands of men in the prime of life are killed like beasts and many more mortally wounded. Then to think of all the sorrow in the homes where a father or a husband had heard the call to duty, gone to the battlefield, never to return again, makes many regret that war had ever existed.

These are some reasons why I think war does more harm than good. In time of war there are usually thousands of people who have to starve for want of food as in the case of some of the countries in this conflict. Also after a war which has lasted a long period one side is usually financially gone, and it takes many years to come back to its former standard. And last, but not least, is the regret which will continue for years to come among the nations who are to blame for such terrible wars.

Never will the world be what it should be until war is forever stopped, and men of every nationality live together like brothers.

HEIDMAR B. BJORNSON.

Vidar P.O., Man.

Age 14.

WAR

Honorable Mention.

I think that there is nothing that is worse than war such as this one is proving to be.

If one man was to shoot another man on the street or any other place, he would most likely be hung or put into prison for life, but as it is now, thousands are being killed and wounded every day, and the ones that are wounded always suffer the most.

If only those that are the cause of the war would suffer half as much as the poor soldiers at the front, I don't believe that there would be as much fighting as there is.

When one country's trade is involved and war is declared, she is bound to lose more by fighting than she ever could if she wasn't plunged into war. Then just think of all the thousands of cripples that the world has to support after a war is over, blind, lame, legs and arms shot off, etc., it's too horrible to think of it.

It is harder for those mothers, wives, sisters and others that are left behind than it is for those that go, for what does life hold for a poor mother, we will say, who sends her all? Not ver much I would say.

And it often happens that relatives have to fight against each other, and friends the same, is that not terrible also?

What must those people think whom we call heathens? Would this not cause them to lose what faith they had—in man as well as God? They have more right to call us heathen than christians, for this present war denotes anything rather than christianity.

On the whole it is altogether too terrible to describe. We cannot realize how bad it really is, only those that suffer with the worst of them can know.

MARJORIE A. BENTAL.

Age 16.

The Country Cook

During the last few years a large number of beef rings have been formed in the Western provinces. Fine things they are too. You are sure of a certain amount of fresh meat each week and the quality is pretty sure to be good. Where the family is not very large and the weather warm it is sometimes difficult to dispose of the amount apportioned and the question arises how to preserve it for future use. This year when sugar is such a prohibitive price most of us will probably do less fruit and why not fill the sealers with meat, to be used at threshing time; it is then ready to serve and can be dished up in a variety of ways. The following instructions issued by the United States Department of Agriculture are very clear and easy to follow. The hot water bath is the method most of us are likely to use and is easily prepared, as follows: Put a frame or false bottom in the bottom of the wash boiler, set the sealers on this. Fill the boiler until the water comes one inch over the tops of the sealers, put boiler cover on tight and sterilize the length of time given below.

Fresh Beef

As soon as beef has been killed, cool quickly and keep cool for about 24 hours. Cut the beef into convenient pieces for handling, about 3.4 lbs in weight, and roast or boil slowly for one-half hour. Cut into small pieces, removing gristle, bone and excessive fat and pack directly into glass jars; fill with gravy from the roasting pan or pot liquid, concentrated to one-half its volume; put rubber and cap in position, not tight, and sterilize in hot water bath for 4 hours.

Canned Beef

After beef has been properly corned for a suitable length of time, remove the meat from the brine; soak for two hours in clear water, changing the water once; place in a wire basket and boil slowly for one-half hour; remove from the boiling water, plunge into cold water and remove gristle, bone and excessive fat; cut into small pieces and pack closely into glass jars; put rubber and cap in position, not tight, and sterilize in hot water bath for 4 hours. Remove jars; tighten covers; invert to cool and test the joint and wrap jars with paper to prevent bleaching.

Canned Pork

Pork is especially hard to keep in summer and if in the least tainted is apt to cause ptomaine poisoning. The following recipe will help solve the problem. After the animal has been butchered, cool quickly and keep the pork cool for at least 24 hours; can only lean portions, using the fat to make lard. Place meat in a wire basket or cheesecloth and boil for 30 minutes, or roast in the oven for 30 minutes. Cut into small sections and pack closely into glass jars; put rubber and cap in position, not tight, and sterilize in hot water bath for 4 hours. Remove jars; tighten covers; invert to cool and test the joint and wrap jars with paper to prevent bleaching.

Poultry and Game

Even chicken and game may be stored in the same way. How fine prairie chicken would be canned in this way, and there is such a terrific waste of game during the shooting season. I canned some fowl this year, following the old and much harder method of cooking three times on three successive days. However, it is good just the same, beautifully jellied and tender.

Recipe No. 1

Kill fowl and draw at once; wash carefully and cool; cut into convenient sections. Place in wire basket or cheesecloth and boil until meat can be removed from bones; remove from boiling liquid and remove meat from bones; pack closely into glass jars; fill jars with pot liquid, after it has been concentrated one-half; add level teaspoonful of salt per quart of meat for seasoning; put rubber and cap in position, not tight, and sterilize in hot water bath for 3½ hours. Remove jars; tighten covers; invert to cool and test the joint; wrap jars with paper to prevent bleaching.

Recipe No. 2

Kill fowl and draw at once; wash carefully and cool; cut into convenient sections and pack at once into glass jars; fill with boiling water; add level teaspoonful of salt per quart; put rubber and cap in position, not tight, and sterilize in hot water bath, home made or commercial, for 4 hours. Remove jars; tighten covers; invert to cool and test the joint and wrap the jars with paper to prevent bleaching.

Vegetables and Greens

From "freeze up" in the fall until the middle of June we are almost entirely dependent on the winter vegetables, and by the time spring comes these have somehow lost most of their "savor." By following the new methods of canning we can have young vegetables and greens the year round. This may necessitate the purchase of a few more sealers, but they last for years if properly cared for and it is well worth it in the variety it gives to our menu. Greens and vegetables are rich in mineral salts, spinach and beets contain a large amount of iron and are a valuable tonic in the winter and spring, and surely there could be no more pleasant way of taking a tonic. The following recipes are those issued by the United States Department of Agriculture and are those used by the Boys' and Girls' Clubs in the States.

When the greens are gathered and carefully washed, it is necessary to blanch and cold dip. This loosens the skins, eliminates the objectionable acids and acrid flavors and reduces the bulk of the greens. To blanch, put in a vessel with a little water under the false bottom or in a regular steamer and steam 15 to 20 minutes. Remove, plunge quickly into cold water, pack in jar and season to taste. If liked add a little chipped beef or olive oil, add hot water to fill crevices and a level teaspoonful of salt to each quart. Place rubber and top in position, partially seal, sterilize 90 minutes in hot water bath outfit. Remove from canner, tighten covers, invert to cool and test joints. Wrap in paper to prevent bleaching and store.

Cultivated greens that may be canned are: Upland cress, cabbage sprouts, turnip tops, asparagus, spinach, beet tops, cultivated dandelion, native mustard, rape.

Wild greens that may be canned are: Pepper cress, lamb's quarter, sour dock, smartweed sprouts, pokeweed, dandelion, marsh marigold, wild mustard, milkweed, tender sprouts and young leaves.

There are three very important things to be remembered in all these recipes.

First—The bottles must be well sterilized. Put them on in cold water, let water come to boil and boil for at least 5 minutes.

Second—Use new rubbers, old ones do not pay.

Third—See that the tops of the jars are not chipped and that the covers fit. In sterilizing meat or fruit by the hot water bath method, do not screw the tops down tight when putting in the bath. Screw just enough so that the top touches the rubber, or if the clamp jar is used, adjust the top wire, but do not fasten down the clamp.

The Country Cook.

Hetty Green, generally regarded as the world's wealthiest woman, is ill at her home in New York. Mrs. Green, despite her eighty-one years, has managed her immense property in a way to excite the admiration and envy of the biggest business men associated with her. In many respects Mrs. Green is very much like the late Russell Sage, both being enormously wealthy and abnormally close-fisted. Mrs. Green was born in Massachusetts in 1835, the daughter of E. M. Robinson, who died leaving her his large fortune when she was thirty years of age. Mrs. Green married and has one son, but never entrusted her immense holdings to anyone's management, and until she received her stroke a few days ago personally superintended her large interests in stocks, bonds, real estate and industrial corporations.

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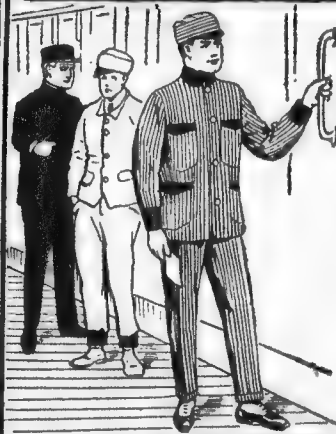
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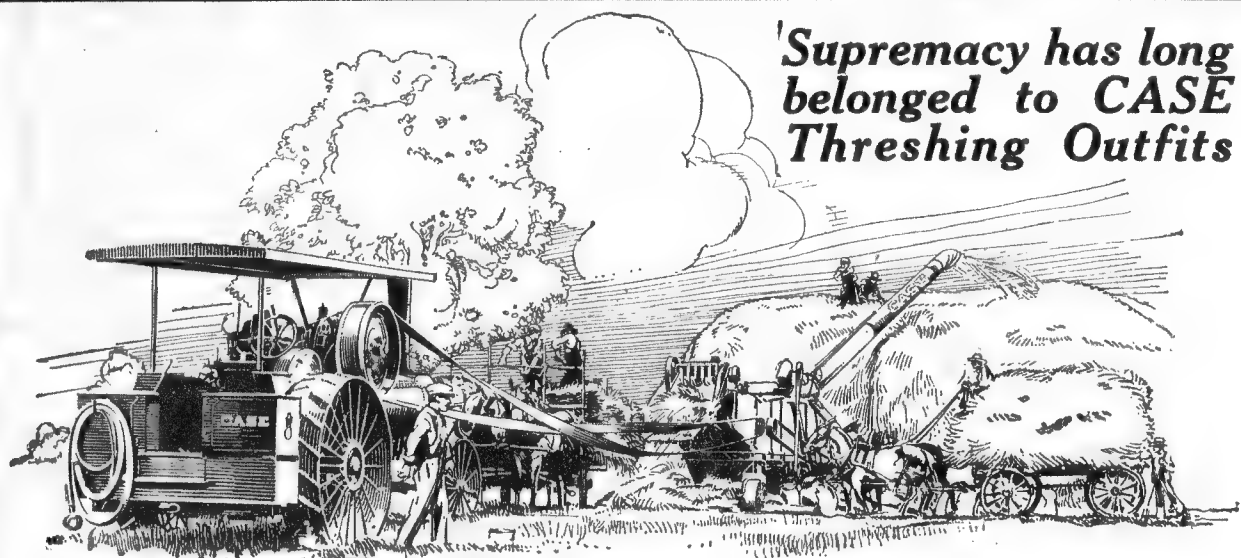
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Saskatoon—Queen St. and 2nd Ave.

(425)

Co-operation in Wisconsin

Continued from Page 8

boyan county cheese producers let it be said that by unanimous vote the whole of these profits were thrown into a reserve fund for the use of the manager in financing farmers needing money when cheese was being held in storage and off from unfavorable markets. It is expected by so doing that still larger earnings will be made.

These net profits, however, are comparatively small when compared with the gain realized by forcing up the factory price for cheese, which, at a conservative estimate, has averaged 2c per pound for the entire output or, in the aggregate, over \$250,000 saved to the farmers of the Federation and as much more to other Wisconsin dairymen because of the higher range of prices forced by this co-operative sales agency.

Prison Twine Manufacture

The organized farmers of Wisconsin forced the legislature to provide the necessary funds to establish a state-owned twine plant at our State Prison to be operated by the convicts. This project was fought hard by the Twine Trust, the Harvester Combine, the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association of Milwaukee and the Hardware Dealers' Association of Wisconsin. These influences held up the project in the legislative session of 1909, and it was necessary for the farmers to "elect-to-stay-at-home" forty-seven out of fifty-four of their representatives who voted against making the necessary appropriations to complete the plant, install the machinery and purchase the raw material out of which to make twine. The 1911 session of the legislature made these appropriations and the following letter from ex-Governor J. O. Davidson, now president of the State Board of Control, which has charge of the institution, shows something of the saving to farmers. Mr. Davidson's letter follows:—

State Board of Control
of Wisconsin.

Madison, Feb. 1, 1916.

Mr. M. Wes. Tubbs,
Madison, Wisconsin.

Dear Sir:—Below please find a statement which shows the amount of twine manufactured up to and including July 31, 1915:—

Lbs. of twine manufactured from
Oct. 23, 1912, to July 31, 1913—2,276,170
Aug. 1, 1913, to July 31, 1914—4,598,120
Aug. 1, 1914, to July 31, 1915—5,469,570

12,343,860

On this amount we think that we have undersold our commercial competitors at an average of 1½c. per pound, and by manufacturing prison-made twine, we consider that we have saved the farmers an additional 1½c. per pound, making a net reduction to the farmers of about 3c. per pound.

Yours respectfully

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL OF
WISCONSIN.

(Signed) By J. O. Davidson,
President.

During the same period Wisconsin farmers used at least three times as much twine which was manufactured outside of the prison and on which they saved at least 2c. a pound because of the prison competition reducing prices, so in the aggregate, the net saving to the farmers because of this state-owned and operated institution to July of last year was over one million dollars and the proportionate saving this year, because of the unusual conditions obtaining in the fibre market will be a great deal more.

These are some of the direct results of co-operation on the part of Wisconsin farmers. The business of wholesale trading thru an adequately financed wholesaler, with storage and distributing facilities, is the next step. It is probable that this proposition will be worked out and put into operation within the next two years.

One reason for poor success with pigs is the use of young and immature breeding stock. Don't fatten and kill an old sow that is a good and regular breeder of large litters. A brood sow does not reach full maturity and usefulness until she is at least three years old.

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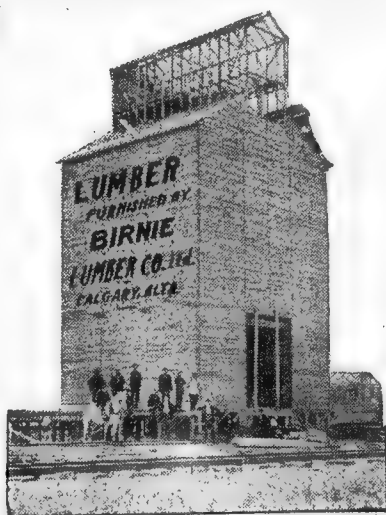
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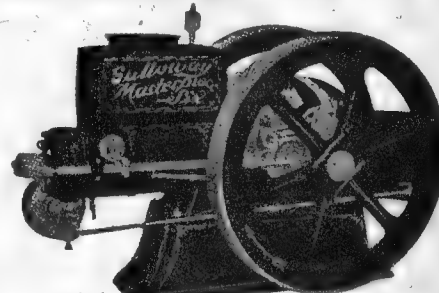
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The Mail Bag

Continued from Page 17

responsible for such alteration. Let the School Act be so altered that a representative body be elected as are our councillors. Give them control over all the schools within their municipality. Give them very much larger powers than the present trustees have. See that the school inspectors report to and attend the new board's meetings, and then I venture to say that a greatly improved rural school system will be well under way.—Yours truly,

F. M. JARRETT:

Nutana, Sask.

LIVESTOCK FREIGHT RATES

A sitting of the Railway Commission was held in Winnipeg on Monday, May 12. The morning session was concerned with a discussion of ways and means of handling the grain crop remaining in the Goose Lake district, which was adjourned to the meeting to be held later in Saskatoon; and the question of the supplying grain doors by the railway companies. This matter was also left over till later. Matters of great interest to western livestock men were discussed at the afternoon session. The case for the livestock men was presented by Isaac Pitblado, K.C., and was in the form of four specific objections. These were: Proposed increase of 20 per cent. on rates on hogs; the charging of 1½ cents per mile return fare to men who have travelled with cars of stock; the doing away by the railways of the right to sort cars at Winnipeg and still get the advantage of thru billing, and last, but by no means least, the charge, ordered by the commission itself, of 75 cents per car for cleaning and disinfecting cars.

Regarding increase in rates it was pointed out that the rate from Winnipeg east now was 60½ cents per 100 pounds now. Under the new tariff it is 72½. This tariff change does not apply to double deck cars. With regard to payment of return fares by those in charge of stock, it was stated that up to 1914 first-class return fare was given by the railways. At this time it was changed to second-class transportation, and now it was proposed to charge 1½ cents a mile. It was argued that since the railways made it compulsory for a man to be sent with stock, and since this saved the railway company trouble and responsibility, charge for transportation was simply adding an additional rate on the livestock shipped. The railroads, in reply, stated that the return fare privilege was greatly abused, a regular business being made of selling these tickets.

Sorting Privilege

With regard to the withdrawing of the sorting privilege at Winnipeg and the reshipping a portion of the stock at the balance of the thru rate, Mr. Pitblado pointed out that at the time of the western freight rates case Mr. Lanigan, of the C.P.R., had cited this sorting privilege as a very valuable and important concession and one of the reasons why the rates on livestock should not be lowered, and it had been taken into consideration by the board in making their judgment in the matter. Then, without any reason for so doing, the railways had issued a tariff that did not contain this concession, and, indeed, had now gone so far as to state that a man must decide on his ultimate destination before unloading in the Winnipeg yards. Winnipeg was essentially a sorting market. It might easily occur and, in fact, did occur that out of two or perhaps three earlots coming in here, one earload could be made up that would sell to best advantage in an eastern market, but under present conditions in order to do this a shipper would have to pay the local freight into Winnipeg and local from Winnipeg to the East. He did not say that the livestock men would accept an alternative, but they might consider one if the railways would make the breaking point for freight on livestock Winnipeg instead of Fort William. The head of the lakes was the natural breaking point for grain, because both lake and railway shipping was used, but livestock never went by boat, and for it Winnipeg would be the logical breaking point. However, what they really wanted was their sorting privilege restored. With regard to the charge order by

Grain Dealers Track Buyers
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804 UNION TRUST BUILDING
WINNIPEG

CAR LOTS

Get our Prices before selling

AGENTS WANTED WHERE
NOT REPRESENTED

Telephone Main 3790

OATS!

We want some, and are buying continuously any grade. If you cannot get box cars, wire, phone or write us and we will supply sacks to ship in stock cars. Market prices date of inspection.

LAING BROS.

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MAN.

Highest Price Paid for all
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Farm Products

We want more Live Poultry, Dressed Meats, Hides and Wool. Ship your supply at once.

Farmers' and Gardeners' Produce Exchange, Limited

Under control of Manitoba Grain Growers' Association

305 Carlton Street, Winnipeg

LIVE HENS WANTED

Hens 15c
Ducks 18c
Turkeys 18c
Young Roosters, Best Market Price

If you have any Heavy Hens, ask for prices. These prices f.o.b. Winnipeg. Let us know what you have to sell and we will forward crates for shipping. Prompt cash on receipt of shipment. ROYAL PRODUCE & TRADING CO. - 97 Alkens St., Winnipeg

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For Highest Market Prices
Prompt Settlement
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HIDES FURS WOOL

If you want quickest returns and most money for your Furs, Hides, Wool, etc., ship them to

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BRANDON - MAN.
Write for Prices and Shipping Tags

WOOL!

Don't forget to write us for prices before you sell your clip. We buy anything from a fleece to a carload. We also handle hides, furs, horse hair and sheepskin.

North-West Hide & Fur Co. Ltd.
278 Rupert Ave. - WINNIPEG

Important!

Wrong prices were quoted in our advertisement in the June 14th issue of this paper, and in order to arrive at the correct prices it will be necessary for you to add 10 per cent. to all prices shown in that advertisement.

The Safe-Lock Fence Co.

BRANDON - MAN.

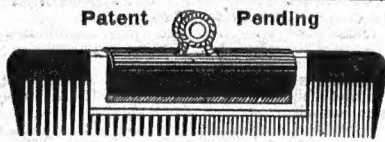
the commission of 75 cents for cleaning and disinfecting cars, Mr. Pitblado said that the livestock men felt that it was the duty of the railways to furnish them with cars in a condition to use without charge, just as they would for other freight. Moreover, altho this charge was made for cleaning and disinfecting, the livestock men declared that many of the cars furnished them were never cleaned at all, and that they had to go to the expense of cleaning them before they could use them. This was a matter on which they felt very strongly. Fur-

SUITS FREE!

Remarkable Cloth That Won't Wear Out!

Now, readers, would you like a suit or pair of pants absolutely free? A most astounding offer is being made by a well-known English firm! They have discovered a remarkable Holeproof Cloth. You can't tear it! Yet it looks just the same as \$20 suitings. You can't wear it out no matter how hard you wear it, for if during six months of solid hard grinding work every day of the week (not just on Sundays), you wear the smallest hole, another garment will be given free! The firm will send a written guarantee in every parcel. Think, readers, just \$6.50 for a man's suit, and only \$2.25 for a pair of pants, sent to you all charges and postage paid, and guaranteed for six months' solid grinding wear. Now don't think because you are miles away you cannot test these remarkable cloths, for you simply send a 2 cent postal card to The Holeproof Clothing Co., 56 Theobalds Road, London, W.C., Eng., for large range of patterns, easy self-measure chart and fashions. These are absolutely free and postage paid. Send 2 cent postal card at once! Mention "Grain Growers' Guide."—Advertisement.

\$1 Automatic Hair Cutter 50c



The Automatic is a wonderful invention. Attaches to any comb in five seconds. Comb your hair any style you wish and the Automatic will cut it smoothly and evenly at the same time. If you can comb your own hair you can cut it in five minutes with the Automatic. Saves its cost many times in a year. The Automatic Hair Cutter is nicely finished in silver and gun metal. Will last a lifetime. For a short time only in order to introduce this wonderful invention, and secure agents, we will send the Automatic Safety Hair Cutter complete with good comb in case ready for instant use for exactly cost price, 50 cents. The Price of Two Hair Cuts. Send TO-DAY. This offer will not appear again. Agents wanted. FISHER-FORD MFG. CO. Dept. 37 Barrie, Ont.

RIDER AGENTS WANTED

In every community to ride and exhibit a sample 1916 Hyslop Bicycle. **10 DAY'S TRIAL.** If owner is not entirely satisfied after riding any Hyslop Bicycle 10 days it can be returned and money will be promptly refunded. **TWO CENTS** call it will cost to write us a postal and we will mail free, postpaid, catalogue and colored art folder showing complete line of bicycles, tires and supplies and particulars of most marvelous offer ever made on a bicycle. You will be astonished at our low prices and remarkable terms. **MAKE MONEY** taking orders for Bicycles, Tires and Sundries. **DO NOT BUY** until you know what we can do for you. Write today. **HYSLOP BROTHERS, Limited** Dept. 23 TORONTO, ONT.

thermore, the cleaning and disinfecting when done did not cost 75 cents, and the whole thing was just so much more added on to the tariff on livestock.

HANDLE GOOSE LAKE CROP

At Saskatoon, on June 14, a sitting of the Railway Commission was held at which means of handling the large body of wheat yet awaiting shipment on the Goose Lake line was discussed. In a letter to the board, M. H. MacLeod, general manager of the C.N.R., stated that his company had undertaken to remove the balance of the 1915 crop from all points in this territory by July 31. Arrangements have been made to secure 300 cars a day from the other railroads, which will enable them to handle a total of 700 cars a day. If unable to fulfil this undertaking the C.N.R. agrees that the traffic can be diverted to other lines.

CROP OUTLOOK FAVORABLE

F. O. Fowler, secretary Northwest Grain Dealers' Association, has issued the following report as of June 7:—

	1915	1916	Per ct.
Wheat	12,540,000	10,597,000	15.5 dec.
Oats	6,621,000	6,919,000	4.5 inc.
Barley	1,153,000	1,787,000	5.5 inc.
Flax	643,000	643,000	

Reports indicate that seeding conditions were splendid, but 10 days late, with good weather over practically the whole territory since seeding. With the exception of damage from windstorms in some districts the crop looks good.

Grain Situation, June 7

Wheat inspected to date	278,240,000
In transit not inspected	5,420,000
In store at country points	24,870,000
Required for seed, feed and country mills	35,000,000
In farmers' hands to market	25,000,000

Less dual inspection (est.)	368,530,000
Total wheat crop	365,530,000
Last year	140,031,250

Oats inspected to date	80,780,000
Oats in transit not inspected	3,130,000
Oats in store at country points	4,700,000
Oats in farmers' hands to market	12,000,000

Barley inspected to date	10,105,060
Barley in transit not inspected	180,000
Barley in store at country points	1,070,000
Barley in farmers' hands to market	1,250,000

Flax inspected to date	3,725,000
Flax in transit not inspected	125,000
Flax in store at country points	350,000
Flax in farmers' hands to market	300,000

BELGIAN RELIEF FUND

Previously acknowledged	\$7,277.24
A. Friend, Raymore, Sask.	5.00
R. J. F., Masinasin, Alta.	5.00
M. S. S.	2.00
W. W. Husband, Wawota, Sask.	25.00
Total	\$7,314.24

SERBIAN RELIEF FUND

Previously acknowledged	\$40.00
Geo. F. Ebbert, Binacarth, Man.	10.00
Total	\$50.00

CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND

Previously acknowledged	\$673.00
George F. Ebbert, Binacarth, Man.	10.00
Proceeds of Box Social, Auspices of M.G.C.A., Ashville, Man.	30.00
Total	\$713.00

Organized, Owned
and Operated by Farmers

Live Stock Handled
on Commission

Implements and other
Farm Needs Supplied for
Farmers direct from factory

Grain Purchased on
Track or Handled on
Consignment

The Grain Growers' Grain Co. Ltd.

Branches at
REGINA, SASK.
CALGARY, ALTA.
FORT WILLIAM, ONT.

Winnipeg-Manitoba

Agency at
NEW WESTMINSTER
British Columbia

Haying Machinery

Mowers and rakes sold by us this year are second to none offered to farmers of the West. Write for your needs or call at our offices in Winnipeg, Regina or Calgary.

G.G.G. MOWERS

Main frame of solid one-piece square casting; avoids strain and holds the working parts in proper relation with each other; crank shaft located so as to allow the pitman to travel as nearly as possible parallel with the cutting bar. When machines are out of gear all parts stop revolving except the drive wheel and axle. Our 5 ft. and 6 ft. mowers differ from most large type mowers that simply embody wider tread and a longer cut bar. G.G.G. mowers have larger and heavier frame, larger and wider wheels, larger axle and crank shaft and longer pitman than are found on other standard makes. Our smaller mowers have all necessary requirements of a dependable machine—power, strength, easy running and conveniently arranged adjustments. G.G.G. mowers have few parts and are simple in construction.

PRICES—F.o.b. Winnipeg : 5-ft. Cut	\$49.50
6-ft. Cut	50.50

G.G.G. HAY RAKES

Built to combine strength with ease of operation. The main frame has heavy steel angles. Trip dogs of drop forged steel, acting separately in each wheel. In every regard a high grade rake.

PRICES—F.o.b. Winnipeg : 10-ft. Width	\$30.75
12-ft. Width	35.75

Note—Both mowers and rakes are equipped with trees and yoke.

Your Actual Profits Depend on How You Manage Your Harvesting



From the moment your grain is ripe until it is in the bags, you stand to make either a good profit or a small one, depending largely upon the machinery you have. Extra profit is secured through the use of a

Stewart Sheaf Loader

Every bushel of grain you leave on the field through faulty pitchers means lost profit. Every dollar you pay needlessly for harvest help means lost profit. Every extra meal that could be avoided at harvest time means lost profit. And the losses of a single season will often exceed the price of a Stewart Sheaf Loader, which will eliminate these losses for all time. We have a splendid book that will clear up every doubt in your mind on this question.

Stewart Sheaf Loader Co. Limited

WINNIPEG - MANITOBA

The Farmers' Market

WINNIPEG MARKET LETTER

(Office of The Grain Growers' Grain Company Limited, June 17, 1916)

Wheat futures declined 2½ cents for July, 2½ cents for October and 2 cents for December during the past week. Lack of outside support seems to be the cause. Exporters assert they are unable to work any business, and with American markets declining steadily there was no alternative for ours, at the same time there has been a steady trade of large volume in cash wheat, but buyers claim this does not represent new business and is therefore no indication of the conditions in the markets. The new crop of American winter wheat has just begun to come on the market and at present spring wheat crops show good prospects.

Oats were strong both in futures and in cash oats. The premium for two C.W.'s was as much as 2 cents over July price, and for three C.W.'s 1 cent over July. On Saturday July futures closed 1 cent higher than a week ago. These prices resulted in a large trade in cash oats, which were wanted to load immediately.

Barley was steady and quiet, showing again in prices of 1 cent on the week's business.

Flax was quiet and weak. July future prices declined 2½ cents for the week and October 1½ cents.

WINNIPEG FUTURES

	July	Oct.	Dec.
Wheat—			
June 13	114½	107½	106½
June 14	110	106	105½
June 15	110½	106	106
June 16	110	106	106
June 17	109½	105½	104½
June 18	110	106	105
June 19	110½	106	105
Week ago	109½	106	106
Year ago	119½	100	100½
Oats—			
June 13	45½	41	
June 14	46½	41½	
June 15	46½	41½	
June 16	46½	41½	
June 17	45½	41	
June 18	45½	41	
June 19	45½	41	
Week ago	45½	40½	
Year ago	53½	43½	
Flax—			
June 13	161	163	
June 14	159½	161	
June 15	159½	162	
June 16	160	162	
June 17	158½	160	
June 18	158½	160	
June 19	158½	160	
Week ago	158½	160	
Year ago	151½	156½	

MINNEAPOLIS CASH SALES

(Sample Market, June 17)

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	\$1.14½
No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars	1.14½
No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	1.14½
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 1 car	1.11
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 2 cars	1.11
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 1 car	1.11
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 3 cars	1.11
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 1 car	1.11
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 1 car	1.09½
No. 1 Nor. wheat, 1 car	1.01
No. 3 wheat, 1 car	1.05½
No. 3 wheat, 1 car	1.08½
No. 2 Nor. wheat, 1 car	1.09
No. 2 Nor. wheat, 1 car	1.08½
No. 2 Nor. wheat, 1 car	1.04½
No. 2 Nor. wheat, 1 car, soft, smutty	1.07½
No. 2 Nor. wheat, 1 car	85
No. 4 durum wheat, part car, mixed	1.02½
No. 1 durum wheat, 1 car, mixed	95½
No. 3 durum wheat, 1 car, O.W.B.	86½
No. 4 durum wheat, 1 car, mixed	98½
No. 1 durum wheat, 1 car, mixed	1.00½
Sample grade, 1 car	94½
No. 2 durum wheat, 2 cars	91½
No. 3 durum wheat, 1 car	90½
No. 2 durum wheat, 1 car	1.02
No. 2 hard winter wheat, 2 cars	98½
No. 2 hard winter wheat, 1 car	1.02
No. 2 yellow corn, 5,000 bu., to arrive	76
No. 2 yellow corn, 2 cars	72
No. 5 yellow corn, 1 car	70
No. 3 corn, 1 car, mixed	71
No. 3 white oats, 2,500 bu., to arrive	37
No. 4 white oats, 1 car, S. R.	36
No. 4 white oats, 1 car	37
No. 3 white oats, 1 car	37
Mill oats, 1 car	31

No. 2 rye, 1 car	94
No. 2 rye, part car	93
No. 1 feed barley, 1 car	69
No. 1 feed barley, 1 car, wh. aty	67
Sample barley, 1 car	67½
Sample barley, 1 car	66
No. 1 feed barley, 2 cars	70½
No. 1 feed barley, 1 car	69
No. 1 flax, 1 car	1.82
No. 2 flax, 1 car	1.78
No. grade flax, 1 car	1.73½
No. 1 flax, 1 car	1.81½
No. 1 flax, 1 car, to arrive	1.80
No. 1 flax, 1 car	1.81½
No. grade flax, 1 car	1.74

GRAIN IN INTERIOR TERMINAL ELEVATORS

For the week ending June 14 movement of grain in the interior terminal elevators was as follows:

Elevator	Grain	Rec'd during week	Ship'd during week	Now in store
Saskatoon	Wheat	15,140.50	318,084.40	986,247.40
"	Oats	7,753.28	86,962.02	304,439.21
"	Barley	6,333.16	17,460.36	17,460.36
"	Flax	4,190.24	82,281.13	
Moose Jaw	Wheat	6,344.50	178,392.10	703,749.30
"	Oats	1,991.16	55,704.24	76,680.16
"	Barley	182.00	9,933.00	
"	Flax	15.29	10,938.18	20,832.32
Calgary	Wheat		15,200.00	250,912.00
"	Oats	1,965.00	23,017.00	92,909.00
"	Barley			3,861.00
"	Mix'd Grain		1,800 lbs.	84,910 lbs.

STOCKS IN TERMINALS

Fort William, June 16, 1916.—

	This Year	Last Year
1 hard	21,528.20	52,684.00
1 Nor.	7,709,593.10	2,945,971.40
2 Nor.	2,157,529.00	565,918.30
3 Nor.	1,857,778.10	167,497.30
No. 4	1,334,267.50	68,811.40
Others	1,868,675.50	329,093.23
This week	14,949,372.20	4,129,976.43
Last week	13,831,186.40	4,240,807.03
Increase	1,118,185.80	Decrease 110,830.20
Oats		
1 C.W.	39,604.18	25,638.18
2 C.W.	1,216,041.23	881,199.33
3 C.W.	731,307.21	278,344.03
Ex. 1 Fd.	249,422.11	3,890.32
Others	681,338.06	118,265.24
This week	2,917,714.11	1,307,339.08
Last week	3,530,847.03	2,234,608.30
Decrease	613,132.26	Decrease 927,269.22

Barley	Flaxseed
3 C.W. 314,868.38	1 N.W.C. 1,151,128.55
4 C.W. 254,751.11	2 C.W. 105,534.29
Rej. 26,036.10	3 C.W. 7,132.54
Feed 36,141.01	Others 16,564.17
Others 40,354.24	

This week	672,151.36	This week	1,280,360.53
Last week	645,488.14	Last week	1,184,440.21
Increase	26,663.22	Increase	95,920.32
Last year's total	201,854.29	Last year's total	3,703,744.14

SHIPMENTS

	1916—Lake	1916—Rail
Wheat	4,259,458.00	64,237.20
Oats	2,578,248.20	39,044.24
Barley	58,843.40	1,304.04
Flax	62,625.02	2,659.42
	1915—Lake	1915—Rail
Wheat	1,214,307.00	64,067.00
Oats	1,022,915.00	25,357.00
Barley	74,292.00	4,706.00
Flax	27,154.00	6,159.00

CANADIAN VISIBLE SUPPLY

	Wheat	Oats	Barley
Week ending June 16, 1916.—			
Ft. William and Pt. Arthur Ter.	14,949,372	2,917,714	672,151
In Vessels in Can. Ter. Harbors	6,462,187	7,262,611	451,972
Total	21,411,559	9,180,325	1,124,123
At Buffalo and Duluth	3,587,796	1,967,537	64,000
Total this week	24,999,355	11,147,862	1,188,123
Total last week	25,765,868	12,770,133	1,486,136
Total last year	5,550,683	3,868,337	517,758

INSPECTIONS

The amount of grain inspected in the Western grain inspection division for the period ending May 31, 1916, compared with the previous year, follows:

Grain	1915-16 Period	1914-15 Period
Wheat	274,630,800	101,282,625
Oats	81,071,350	32,961,200
Barley	9,994,050	4,585,100
Flax	3,608,700	3,708,450
Screenings	256,000	174,000
Rye	136,000	122,000

Winnipeg, June 19.—There are 1,285 cars of grain in sight for inspection.

The Livestock Markets

Chicago, June 15.—Prices in all branches of the livestock market are higher this week. Cattle prices have gone above all former high water marks and \$11 steers are common. Hogs went down about a dollar a week ago, but the reaction which set in boosted them up 40 to 60 cents from the low spot at the beginning of this month. There is an acute scarcity of all meats and while consumption is being curtailed to a certain extent by high prices the supply is still much below the demand and is likely to remain so for some time.

Toronto, June 15.—The week-end run of cattle at local stockyards was light, being a few over 500 head. Trade was strong again and sales were made readily at firm prices and it promises well for next week. If finished barn-fed stock come out they should command full prices, but drovers report that they are pretty well cleaned up thru the country. Some grass-fed butchers have been coming and prices have been firm, quality considered, but they will not get top prices. A carload of steers weighing 1000 lbs. sold for \$10.30. There was a good market for sheep and lambs all week, and it closed strong with prices steady at 15 cents to 17 cents per pound for lambs, \$10 to \$12

WINNIPEG and U.S. PRICES

Closing prices on the principal western markets on Saturday, June 17, were:—

Cash Grain	Winnipeg	Minneapolis
1 Nor. wheat	\$1.09	\$1.12½
2 Nor. wheat	1.08	1.07½
3 Nor. wheat	1.03	1.03
3 white oats	.46	.37
Barley	.58½-67	.63-72
Flax, No. 1	1.58	1.80

Futures—

July wheat 1.08½ 1.06½

Oct. wheat 1.05 (Sept.) 1.08

Dec. wheat 1.04 1.07

for yearlings and \$8 to \$10 per cwt. for good sheep. A further advance of 15 cents was registered in hog prices, demand being good in face of another light run. \$11 to \$11.15 was paid off cars, \$10.75 to \$10.90 fed and watered, while f.o.b. country points they were worth \$10.25 to \$10.40.

South St. Paul, June 17.—Market in all classes has been strong. Hogs are up 25 to 35 cents and top prices are within 30 cents of the year's highest figures. In cattle grassy stuff is of course fetching lower than top stall or grain fed cattle, but packers are paying good prices, many fat steers were bought for \$9.75 to \$10.25.

Calgary, June 16.—The Livestock Department of the Alberta Farmers' Co-operative Elevator Co. Ltd. reports as follows: Last week's Alberta stockyards receipts: 285 horses, 765 cattle, 3,273 hogs, 7 sheep. This week's receipts were: 190 horses, 1,015 cattle, 2,730 hogs, 535 sheep.

Cattle—Choice steers held steady at \$8.50 all the week and the break came Friday. Buyers were offering a full 25 cents lower and got away with it, due to a heavy supply which was none too good. In fact the first heavy run of grassy cattle for the season was on the market and there were very few good cattle. Dry fed steers sold from \$8.25 to \$8.40 and top grassy cattle at 8 cents. Cows \$7.25, bulls \$5.75. Stock cattle are quoted lower by the pound, due to their grass weight.

Hogs—Some Eastern and B.C. buyers competed keenly for the light supply of hogs here and the bulk of them sold for \$9.60 weighed off cars with full C.P.R. billings assumed by the packers. \$9.62½ to \$9.65 was offered and perhaps paid later in the day for a limited number of fill out loads.

Winnipeg, June 14.—The Livestock Department of The Grain Growers' Grain Co. Ltd. reports as follows: Receipts of livestock at the Union stockyards, St. Boniface, for the past week were as follows: Cattle, 1,050; calves, 100; sheep and lambs 10; hogs, 4,800.

Cattle—With moderate supplies the end of last week we had a very strong cattle trade on all classes. Several lots of choice steers sold from \$9.60 to \$9.75, with the medium grades and cows equally high in proportion. Trade opened up Monday of this week steady with last week's close and Tuesday there was a slightly easier feeling, but the class offered was only fair. Stockers and feeders are in demand at steady prices. We do not look for much change in cattle values next week.

Calves—There was a fair run of veal calves again last week. Choice stuff weighing 125 to 200 lbs. bring \$7.50 to \$8.50; common to fair \$6.00 to \$7.00.

Sheep and Lambs—Sheep or lambs continue to be scarce. Good quality sheep would bring \$6.75 to \$7.50, and choice lambs \$8.00 to \$9.00.

Hogs—The hog market is somewhat unsettled. Selects closed last week at \$10.00 fed and watered. On Monday of this week there was a decline to \$9.75, this price holding for Tuesday. On Wednesday there was a lower tendency, but those offered were carried over unsold.

Country Produce

Winnipeg, June 19.—Note: Prices quoted are f.o.b. Winnipeg unless otherwise stated.

Butter—Dairy butter is the same as last week. Not a great amount is coming in. Most of it is odd lots. Farmers are too busy just now to ship. Later an increase in supply is expected and prices will probably fall. This week fancy dairy is 21 to 23 cents per pound, No. 1 dairy is 20 cents and good round lots 17 to 19 cents.

Eggs—All eggs now are subject to candling. Plentiful supplies are coming and dealers are paying 22 to 24 cents per dozen.

Potatoes—There is no change in the potato market this week, dealers paying 60 to 70 cents per bushel.

Cream—Supplies are very plentiful of milk and cream. There is no change, however, in prices, sweet cream being 32 cents per pound butterfat and sour cream 26 cents.

Cash Prices Fort William and Port Arthur from June 13 to 19 inclusive

Date	1*	2*	3*	WHEAT	4	5	6	Feed	2CW	3CW	Ex 1 Fd	1 Fd	2 Fd	BARLEY	No. 3	No. 4	Rej.	Feed	1 NW	2 CW	3 CW	Rej.	FLAX
June 13	110½	103½	105½	100½	98½	89½	83½	46½	45½	45½	44½	42½	66	61½	58	58	159½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½
14	109½	108½	104½	99½	93½	89½	83½	48½	48½	48½	45½	43½	66½	62½	58	58	158½	155½	155½	155½	155½	155½	155½
15	110½	109½	105½	100½	94½	90½	84½	48½	48½	48½	45½	43½	67	62½	58	58	158½	155½	155½	155½	155½	155½	155½
16	110½	108½	104½	99½	93½	89½	83½	48½	48½	48½	45½	43½	66½	62½	58	58	159½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½
17	109½	108½	103½	98½	91½	88½	82½	47½	46½	46½	45½	43½	67½	62½	58½	58½	158½	155½	155½	155½	155½	155½	155½
18	110½	109½	105½	100½	93½	90½	84½	47	46½	46	45	43½	67½	62½	58	58	157½	154½	154½	154½	154½	154½	154½
Week ago	109½	108½	104½	98½	92½	89½	83½	46½	44½	44½	43½	42½	66	61½	57	57	157½	154½	154½	154½	154½	154½	154½
Year ago	118½	116	113½	109½	102½	99½	93½	53	51½	51½	50½	49	66	61½	57	57	150½	147½	147½	147½	147½	147½	147½

THE MARKETS AT A GLANCE

LIVESTOCK	Winnipeg		Toronto	Calgary	Chicago	St. Paul
	June 17	Year Ago	June 14	June 17	June 17	June 17
Cattle	\$ c o c	\$ c o c	\$ c o c	\$ c o c	\$ c o c	\$ c o c
Choice steers	9.50-9.75	8.00-8.50	10.00-10.50	8.00-8.25	11.00-11.50	9.50-10.25
Best butcher steers	9.00-9.35	7.10-7.75	9.75-10.00	8.00-8.25	10.50-11.00	8.50-9.25
Fair to good butcher steers	8.00-8.75	6.35-7.10	9.25-10.00	7.50-8.00	9.50-10.00	7.50-8.25
Good to choice fat cows	8.00-9.00	6.50-7.00	7.50-8.50	6.50-7.25	8.40-9.50	8.25-8.75
Medium to good cows	6.00-7.00	5.75-6.25	6.75-7.50	5.25-6.00	6.85-8.40	7.00-8.00
Common cows	4.00-4.50	5.00-5.50	4.50-6.50	4.75-6.00	5.35-6.75	5.00-7.00
Canners	2.50-3.75		3.50-4.50	2.50-3.00	3.75-5.25	4.00-4.50
Good to choice heifers	8.00-9.00	7.00-7.50	9.25-1.00	7.00-7.25	8.25-10.25	6.75-7.50
Fair to good heifers	6.50-7.50		8.50-9.00	6.25-7.00	5.65-8.25	6.50-7.00
Best oxen	6.50-7.50					
Best butcher bulls	6.50-7.50	5.50-6.00	7.50-8.90	5.50-6.25	8.00-9.00	6.75-7.50
Common or bologna bulls	5.00-6.25	4.85-5.25	5.00-7.00	4.00-5.00	5.50-7.65	6.00-6.50
Best stocker steers	6.50-7.00	6.00-6.25	7.50-8.00	6.25-6.50	8.75-9.50	5.00-8.00
Fair stocker steers		5.85-6.10	7.00-8.25		7.85-8.50	6.50-7.00
Best milkers and springers (each)	\$65-\$80	\$60-\$75	\$75-\$100	\$75-\$85		\$65-\$80
Fair milkers and springers (each)	\$45-\$55	\$38-\$45	\$50-\$75	\$55-\$65		\$50-\$65
Hogs						
Choice hogs, fed and watered	\$9.75	\$8.25-\$8.35	10.75-10.90	\$9.65	\$9.50-\$9.80	\$9.35-\$9.40
Light hogs	\$9.25-\$9.50		\$10.40		\$9.00-\$9.50	\$7.75-\$8.00
Heavy sows	\$3.50-\$9.00	\$6.00-\$6.50	\$8.15		\$9.55-\$9.70	
Stags	\$6.50-\$7.60	\$4.50-\$5.00			\$9.00-\$9.75	
Sheep and Lambs						
Choice lambs	\$8.00-\$9.00	\$8 Yearlings	\$9.50-13.00	\$10.50	\$9.25-11.65	\$8.75-\$9.25
Best killing sheep	\$6.75-\$7.60	\$6.50-\$7.00	\$8.00-10.00	\$9.50-10.50	\$7.75-\$8.15	\$5.00-\$8.00

COUNTRY PRODUCE	Winnipeg		Calgary	Saskatoon	Regina	Brandon
	June 19	Year Ago	June	June 17	June 9	June
Butter (per lb.)						
Fancy dairy	21c-23c	18c-20c			26c	27c
No. 1 dairy	20c	19c		22c	23c	26c
Good round lots	17c-19c	16c-17c	25c	20c	20c	25c
Eggs (per doz.)						
Subject to candling	22c-23c			21c		
New laid			22c-25c	23c	23c	25c
Potatoes						
In sacks, per bushel, new	60c-70c	50c-55c	70c	70c-75c	75c	75c
Milk and Cream						
Sweet cream (per lb. butter-fat)	32c	27c	33c-35c		35c	35c
Cream for butter-making purposes (per lb. butter-fat)	26c	22c	30c-32c		30c-33c	32c
Sweet milk (per 100 lbs)		\$2.00	50c per lb. of butter-fat		65c lb. B.F	\$2.50
Dressed Poultry						
Spring chickens	17c	20c	24c	20c-22c	25c	20c
Fowl	13c-14c	15c	20c	18c-20c	20c	16c
Ducks	14c					
Geese	14c			20c		
Turkeys	18c		25c	25c	25c	20c
Hay (per ton)		No. 1's				
No. 2 Red Top	\$15-\$16	\$17		No. 1's	No. 1's	
No. 2 Upland	\$13-\$15	\$14	\$9	\$11	\$11	\$12
No. 2 Timothy	\$17-\$18	\$21	\$14	\$13	\$14	
No. 2 Midland	\$12-\$14	\$13		\$10		
Clover and Timothy	\$15-\$17					

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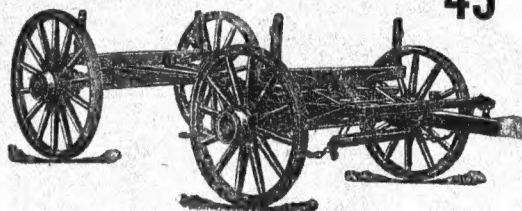
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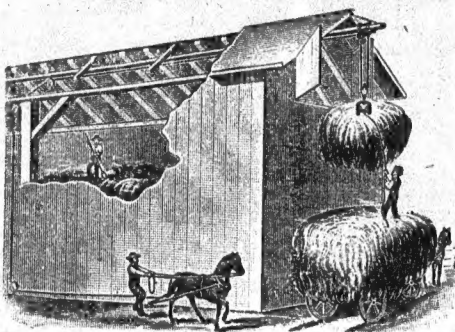
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STEEL TRACK OUTFIT FOR SLINGS AND FORK

Length of Barn.	Manila Rope 2-in.	Check Rope 2-in.	Hanging Hooks	Rafter Brackets	Floor Hooks	Knot Pass Pulleys	Weight, about	Sling Outfit, Price, complete, with 3 only 6-foot slings and 8H20 Sling Car.	Fork Outfit, Price, complete, with Double Harpoon Fork and 8H21 Fork Car.
30 ft.	110 ft.	40 ft.	9	9	4	3	200 lbs.	\$29.50	\$18.00
35 ft.	115 ft.	45 ft.	11	11	4	3	210 lbs.	32.50	20.00
40 ft.	120 ft.	50 ft.	13	13	4	3	240 lbs.	34.50	21.50
45 ft.	130 ft.	55 ft.	15	15	4	3	260 lbs.	36.00	23.00
50 ft.	140 ft.	60 ft.	17	17	4	3	280 lbs.	37.50	24.50
55 ft.	150 ft.	65 ft.	19	19	4	3	300 lbs.	39.00	26.00
60 ft.	160 ft.	70 ft.	21	21	4	3	320 lbs.	41.50	27.50
65 ft.	170 ft.	80 ft.	23	23	4	3	335 lbs.	43.00	29.00
70 ft.	180 ft.	90 ft.	25	25	4	3	350 lbs.	45.00	30.00
75 ft.	190 ft.	100 ft.	27	27	4	3	370 lbs.	47.50	31.00
80 ft.	200 ft.	110 ft.	29	29	4	3	390 lbs.	49.00	32.00

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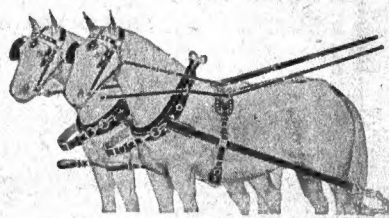


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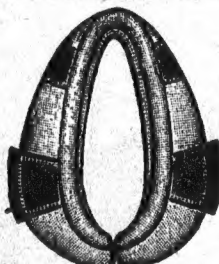
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Brass Trimmed **\$32.50**



Made to withstand Western conditions. Stock is of first quality and we guarantee the harness in every way. Traces are 1 1/2 inch, 3-ply, with heel chains, straight through or ring trace at same price. Back Pads, brass spotted, wide and heavily lined with felt, fitted with check hook and terrets. Bridles, well made from good stock, long checks, brass spotted concord blinds and brow band. Hames, japanned heavy steel, brass line ring and black ball top. Lines, one inch, full length and weight. Strapwork, 1 inch hame straps, 1 1/2 inch martingales and 1 1/2 inch breast straps. No. GQ55. **\$32.50**
Less collars

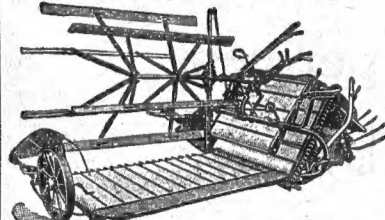
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